

**JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of
the County of Orange, California)**

Financial Statements
and Independent Auditor's Reports

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Financial Statements

Table of Contents

	<u>Page(s)</u>
Independent Auditor's Report.....	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4-11
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12-13
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15-16
Notes to Financial Statements.....	17-38
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	39-40



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Orange, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of John Wayne Airport (Airport), an enterprise fund of the County of Orange, California (County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Airport and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Airport, an enterprise fund of the County, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County as of June 30, 2025, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

In addition, as discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Airport has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, an adjustment to net position as of July 1, 2024 has been made to restate beginning net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2025, on our consideration of the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Laguna Hills, California
December 18, 2025

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

As the management of John Wayne Airport, Orange County (Airport), we offer readers of the Airport's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Airport for the year ended June 30, 2025. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information furnished in the Airport's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Airport's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,056,214 (net position) at June 30, 2025. Of this amount, \$417,619 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the Airport, \$66,794 (restricted net position) was externally restricted for specific purposes, and \$571,801 was the net investment in capital assets.
- Total net position increased by \$81,836 or 8.4% for the year ended June 30, 2025. This increase consists of operating income of \$28,127, and nonoperating revenues of \$50,109.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Airport is a department of the County of Orange (County) and operates as an enterprise fund to account for its business-type activities.

The Airport's financial statements consist of two main components:

- Financial statements: Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows.
- Notes to Financial Statements.

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

- Statement of Net Position is the statement of financial position at a point in time for the Airport. Airport assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term, and deferred outflows and inflows, are presented in this statement. Current assets and liabilities are reasonably expected to be realized or liquidated within one year.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is the statement of operations for the Airport, which reports the financial position over the fiscal year. All Airport revenues and expenses during the year are presented in this statement, regardless of when cash is received or paid.
- Statement of Cash Flows is the financial statement classifying the Airport's cash and cash equivalent receipts (inflows) and payments (outflows) resulting from operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, or investing activities.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

- Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Refer to Note 1 to the financial statements, Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for additional information.

Financial Analysis

Effective July 1, 2024 the Airport implemented GASB Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences*. As a result of this change in accounting principle, it was not appropriate for the Airport to restate prior-period information for earlier periods than those presented in the basic financial statements. Therefore, information for the year ended June 30, 2024 was not restated. See Note 2 to the financial statements for further information on the change in accounting principle.

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of the Airport's financial position. At June 30, 2025, the Airport's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,056,214.

Net Position:

	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024 \$ Change	2025 vs 2024 % Change
ASSETS				
Current and other assets	\$ 656,685	\$ 559,271	\$ 97,414	17.4 %
Capital assets	586,454	564,490	21,964	3.9 %
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,243,139</u>	<u>1,123,761</u>	<u>119,378</u>	10.6 %
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>6,808</u>	<u>9,127</u>	<u>(2,319)</u>	(25.4) %
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	45,922	28,883	17,039	59.0 %
Noncurrent liabilities	36,109	41,705	(5,596)	(13.4) %
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>82,031</u>	<u>70,588</u>	<u>11,443</u>	16.2 %
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>111,702</u>	<u>87,458</u>	<u>24,244</u>	27.7 %
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	571,801	561,301	10,500	1.9 %
Restricted net position	66,794	51,334	15,460	30.1 %
Unrestricted net position	417,619	362,207	55,412	15.3 %
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 1,056,214</u>	<u>\$ 974,842</u>	<u>\$ 81,372</u>	8.3 %

At June 30, 2025, the largest component of the Airport's net position (\$571,801 or 54.1% of total net position) was its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, structures and improvements, equipment, infrastructure, construction in progress, intangible assets, lease equipment and

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA)), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire these assets and debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The Airport uses these capital assets to provide services to its passengers and visitors. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Airport's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from operating activities or other sources, since the capital assets cannot be liquidated to fulfill these liabilities.

At June 30, 2025, an additional component of the Airport's net position (\$66,794 or 6.3% of total net position) represents resources that are subject to external usage restrictions such as Passenger Facility Charges (PFC). The remaining net position balance of \$417,619 (39.6% of total net position) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Airport's ongoing obligations.

Comparison between the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

The Airport's total assets increased by \$119,378 or 10.6%. Current and other assets increased by \$97,414 or 17.4%, primarily due to an increase in pooled cash and investments with Treasurer, restricted pooled cash and investments with Treasurer, and leases receivable. Capital assets increased by \$21,964 or 3.9%.

The Airport's total liabilities increased by \$11,443 or 16.2%. Current liabilities increased by \$17,039 or 59.0%, primarily due to an increase in accounts payable, retainage payable, and current compensated employee absences payable. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$5,596 or 13.4%, primarily due to a decrease in net pension liability.

The total deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$2,319 or 25.4%, primarily due to a decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pension.

The total deferred inflows of resources increased by \$24,244 or 27.7%, primarily due to an increase in deferred inflows of resources related to leases.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Airport's net position increased by \$81,836 or 8.4%.

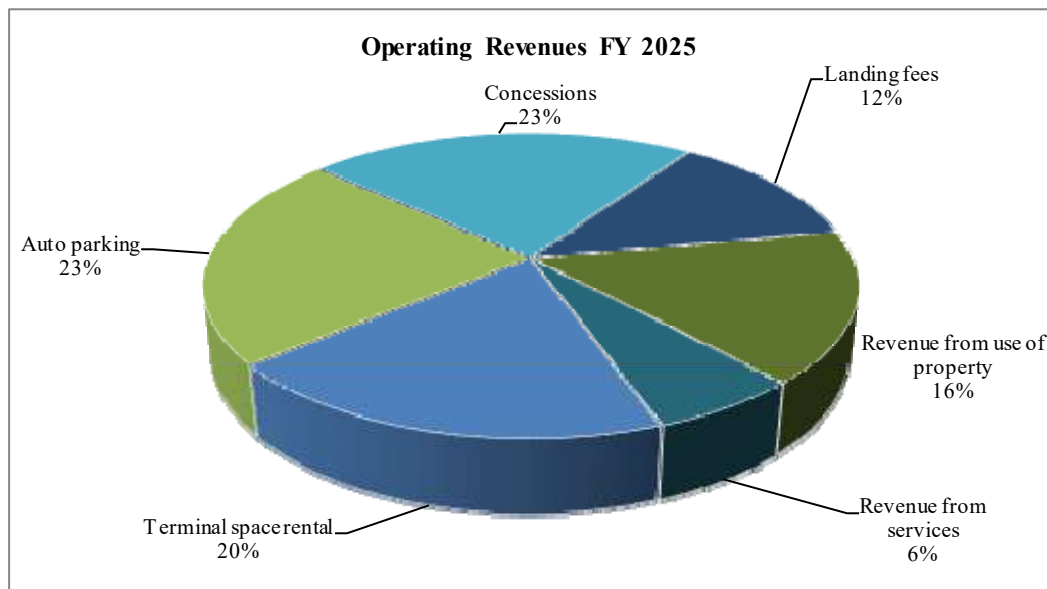
Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position:

	2025	2024	2025 vs 2024 \$ Change	2025 vs 2024 % Change
OPERATING REVENUES				
Terminal space rental	\$ 36,307	\$ 33,639	\$ 2,668	7.9 %
Auto parking	42,240	37,027	5,213	14.1 %
Concessions	42,385	40,734	1,651	4.1 %
Landing fees	23,049	22,908	141	0.6 %
Revenue from use of property	29,685	28,418	1,267	4.5 %
Revenue from services	11,901	11,961	(60)	(0.5) %
Aircraft tiedown fees	25	25	--	0.0 %
Total operating revenues	<u>185,592</u>	<u>174,712</u>	<u>10,880</u>	6.2 %
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Professional and specialized services	55,276	52,854	2,422	4.6 %
Salaries and employee benefits	26,553	17,919	8,634	48.2 %
Services and supplies	42,068	49,297	(7,229)	(14.7) %
Pollution and Remediation Expense	(46)	--	(46)	N/A
Taxes and other fees	244	208	36	17.3 %
Depreciation and amortization	33,370	32,998	372	1.1 %
Total operating expenses	<u>157,465</u>	<u>153,276</u>	<u>4,189</u>	2.7 %
Operating income	<u>28,127</u>	<u>21,436</u>	<u>6,691</u>	31.2 %
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	22,222	25,297	(3,075)	(12.2) %
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	6,295	(1,974)	8,269	418.9 %
Interest expense	(1)	(1)	--	0.0 %
Fines and penalties	219	255	(36)	(14.1) %
Gain on disposition of capital assets, net	28	99	(71)	(71.7) %
Intergovernmental revenues	--	3,046	(3,046)	(100.0) %
Other revenue, net	167	197	(30)	(15.2) %
PFC revenue	21,179	21,581	(402)	(1.9) %
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>50,109</u>	<u>48,500</u>	<u>1,609</u>	3.3 %
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	78,236	69,936	8,300	11.9 %
Capital contributions	--	41	(41)	100.0 %
Capital grant contributions	3,588	1,565	2,023	129.3 %
Transfers from County of Orange	12	41	(29)	(70.7) %
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	81,836	71,583	10,253	14.3 %
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	974,842	903,259	71,583	7.9 %
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	(464)	--	(464)	N/A
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	974,378	903,259	71,119	
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,056,214</u>	<u>\$ 974,842</u>	<u>\$ 81,372</u>	8.3 %

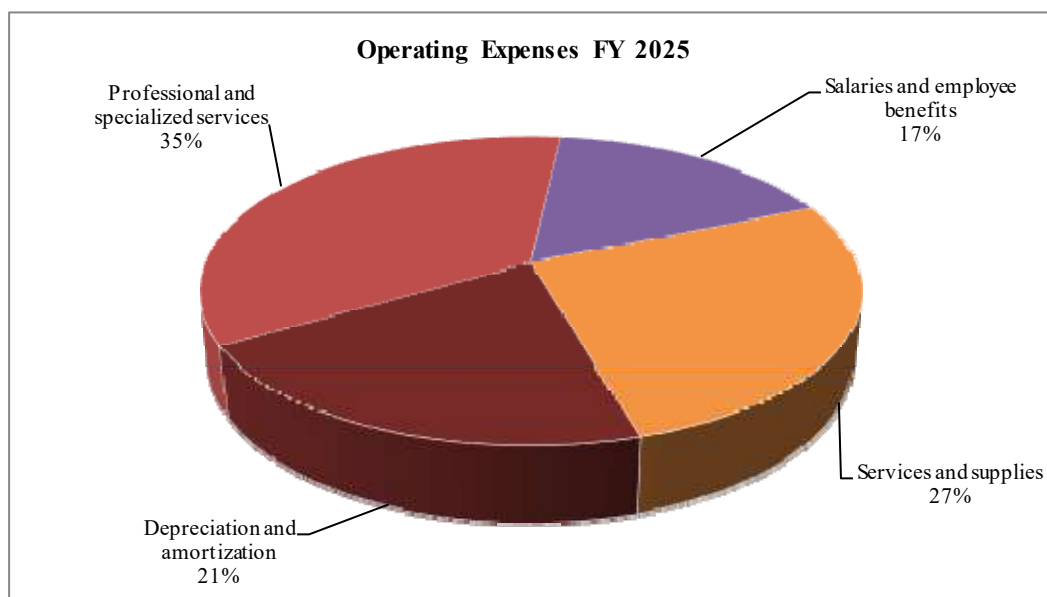
JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Comparison between the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

The Airport's operating revenues increased by \$10,880 or 6.2%, primarily due to an increase in auto parking and terminal space parking.



The Airport's operating expenses increased by \$4,189 or 2.7%, primarily due to an increase in salaries and employee benefits, and professional and specialized services, partially offset by a decrease in services and supplies.



JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Airport's nonoperating revenues increased by \$1,609 or 3.3%, primarily due to an increase in the fair value of investments, partially offset by a decrease in intergovernmental revenues, PFC revenue, and interest income. Contributions and transfers increased by \$1,953 or 118.6%, primarily due to an increase in capital grant contributions.

Capital Assets

The Airport's capital assets as of June 30, 2025, amounted to \$586,454, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, structures and improvements, equipment, infrastructure (runways, taxiways and aprons), intangible assets, lease equipment and SBITA. The total change in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2025, was an increase of \$21,964 or 3.9%.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization):

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025 vs 2024</u> <u>\$ Change</u>	<u>2025 vs 2024</u> <u>% Change</u>
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land	\$ 15,678	\$ 15,678	\$ --	0.0 %
Construction in progress	102,723	53,009	49,714	93.8 %
Structures and improvements	433,526	457,781	(24,255)	(5.3) %
Equipment	9,357	8,881	476	5.4 %
Infrastructure	24,138	28,003	(3,865)	(13.8) %
Intangible assets	984	1,131	(147)	(13.0) %
Lease equipment	17	--	17	100.0 %
SBITA	31	7	24	342.9 %
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 586,454</u>	<u>\$ 564,490</u>	<u>\$ 21,964</u>	3.9 %

Additional information on the Airport's capital assets can be found in Note 10 to the financial statements, Changes in Capital Assets.

At June 30, 2025, the Airport was committed under major contracts for improvement projects, a Taxiways A-D-E reconstruction project, Power Generation and facility security projects, elevator/escalator modernization and refurbishment project, and facility accessibility improvements in the amount of \$34,621. Refer to Note 9 to the financial statements, Commitments, for more information.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Other Potentially Significant Matters

Airport Capital Improvement Program and Financial Planning:

On May 20, 2025, the Orange County Board of Supervisors approved John Wayne Airport's 2025 Capital Improvement Program (CIP), with an estimated cost of \$688,627. The CIP was developed to prioritize projects and ensure adequate resources are available. The Airport plans to fund the CIP through a combination of Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grants, Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) Airport Infrastructure Grant (AIG) and Airport Terminal Program (ATP) grants, Passenger Facility Charges (PFC), and Airport net revenues.

The CIP includes the following major projects:

- Airfield Runway 2L-20R Rehabilitation: The project consists of rehabilitating Runway 2L-20R, along with portions of the intersecting taxiways, including associated shoulders, blast pads, and the safety area at the south end.
- Airport Access Control System Improvements: The project consists of improvements to the terminal and airfield access control systems, including the upgrade and replacement of existing equipment such as cabling infrastructure and card readers.
- Airport Power Generation and Distribution Upgrades: This project includes replacing the aging main terminal medium-voltage switchgear and five unit substations, enhancing the Central Utility Plant (CUP), and upgrading the remaining aging electrical equipment and systems throughout the terminal complex and remote buildings on Airport property.
- Baggage Handling System (BHS) Improvements: This project will replace the existing inbound and outbound BHS in the terminal to improve reliability and align with current industry standards.
- Common Use Passenger Processing System (CUPPS) Upgrades: The project will replace the existing CUPPS in all terminals, including computer systems, software, kiosks, servers, flight information display systems (FIDS), and screens at the ticket lobbies and gates.
- Facility Accessibility Improvements: The project consists of accessibility improvements and remodeling of 12 restrooms in Terminals A and B, and will address the Americans with Disability Act (ADA) standards, building codes, and deficiencies along the path of travel from the roadways to the terminals. The project will also include the installation of at least one universal changing station in our Terminal B family restroom, two nursing pods, and other accessibility improvements to the terminal complex.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

- Facility Security Improvements: The project consists of terminal and airfield security improvements, including the replacement of aging security cameras with modern enhanced security cameras that offer enhanced features and capabilities across the terminal, airside, and landside areas.
- Main Street Parking Lot Improvement and Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Implementation: The project consists of installing EV charging stations for airport shuttle buses and modifying vehicular pathways and aisles, including the ingress and egress points at Main Street Parking Lot.
- Parking Access Revenue Control Systems (PARCS) Replacement: The project consists of replacing and upgrading the existing PARCS to enhance system reliability, improve operational efficiency and user experience, and bring the system up to date with current technology.
- Taxiways A, D, and E Reconstruction: The project consists of reconstructing and realigning Taxiways A, D, and E, including relocating the vehicle service road adjacent to Taxiway A to ensure that the service road meets the required safety clearances.
- Taxiway B Widening West Infield Restricted Access Road Relocation: The project consists of relocating the existing west infield restricted access road outside of the runway safety area of Runway 2L-20R.
- Terminal Covered Walkway Replacement: The project consists of the repair and replacement of the terminal-covered walkways.
- Vertical Conveyance Systems Improvements: The project will replace the existing original escalators and elevators in the terminal complex and parking structures.

Request for Information

For questions and additional information provided in the report, please refer to the Airport's website at <https://www.ocair.com>.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

ASSETS

Current assets:

Pooled cash and investments with Treasurer (Note 3)	\$ 447,711
Imprest cash (Note 3)	14
Accounts receivable	7,266
Interest receivable	8,006
Leases receivable (Note 7)	16,202
Due from other governmental agencies	1,357
Prepaid expenses	1,681
Restricted pooled cash and investments held for others (Note 3)	753
Restricted pooled cash and investments with Treasurer (Note 3)	63,025
Restricted Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) receivable	3,769
Deposits in lieu of cash	7,877
Total current assets	<u>557,661</u>

Noncurrent assets:

Leases receivable (Note 7)	99,024
Capital assets (Note 10):	
Land	15,678
Construction in progress	102,723
Structures and improvements	940,863
Equipment	22,488
Infrastructure - runways, taxiways and aprons	240,224
Intangible assets	4,565
Lease equipment (Note 7)	21
SBITA asset (Note 13)	82
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization	(740,190)
Total capital assets, net	<u>586,454</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>685,478</u>

TOTAL ASSETS 1,243,139

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension (Note 4)	6,542
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (Note 5)	266
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>6,808</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Statement of Net Position (Continued)
June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 24,252
Retainage payable	1,945
Salaries and employee benefits payable	1,472
Unearned revenue	4,394
Due to County of Orange (Note 8)	2,982
Due to other governmental agencies	66
Compensated employee absences (Note 6)	2,144
Lease liability (Notes 6 and 7)	4
SBITA liability (Notes 6 and 13)	31
Deposits from others	8,632
Total current liabilities	<u>45,922</u>

Noncurrent liabilities:

Pollution remediation obligation (Notes 6 and 12)	692
Compensated employee absences (Note 6)	648
Lease liability (Notes 6 and 7)	13
Net pension liability (Note 4)	33,065
Net OPEB liability (Note 5)	1,691
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>36,109</u>

TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>82,031</u>
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DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension (Note 4)	1,262
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (Note 5)	495
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases (Note 7)	109,945
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>111,702</u>

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	571,801
Restricted for PFC (Note 1)	66,794
Unrestricted	<u>417,619</u>

TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 1,056,214</u>
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

OPERATING REVENUES

Terminal space rental	\$ 36,307
Auto parking	42,240
Concessions	42,385
Landing fees	23,049
Revenue from use of property	29,685
Revenue from services	11,901
Aircraft tiedown fees	25
Total operating revenues	<u>185,592</u>

OPERATING EXPENSES

Professional and specialized services	55,276
Salaries and employee benefits	26,553
Services and supplies	42,068
Pollution Remediation Expense	(46)
Taxes and other fees	244
Depreciation and amortization (Note 10)	33,370
Total operating expenses	<u>157,465</u>
Operating income	<u>28,127</u>

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Interest income	22,222
Net increase in the fair value of investments	6,295
Interest expense	(1)
Fines and penalties	219
Gain on disposition of capital assets, net	28
Other revenue, net	167
PFC revenue (Note 1)	21,179
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>50,109</u>

INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS

78,236

Capital grant contributions	3,588
Transfers from County of Orange	<u>12</u>

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

81,836

TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR

974,842

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

(464)

TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED

974,378

TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

\$ 1,056,214

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from customers	\$ 159,440
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(94,240)
Payments to employees	(28,044)
Receipts from County of Orange	188
Payments for taxes and other fees	(244)
Internal activity - receipts from other funds	46
Other receipts	1,853
Net cash provided by operating activities	38,999

**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL
FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Operating transfers in	12
Intergovernmental revenues	51
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	63

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(43,828)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(1)
Proceeds from capital grant contributions	1,415
Principal paid on leases	(4)
Interest paid on leases	(1)
Principal paid on subscription	(37)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	28
Receipts from PFC	20,418
Receipts for leases receivable	17,310
Interest on leases receivable	5,902
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	1,202

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Interest on investments	19,593
Net change in the fair value of investments	6,295
Net cash provided by investing activities	25,888

NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

66,152

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR

445,351

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR

\$ 511,503

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET

CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income	\$	28,127
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ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH

PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Depreciation and amortization		33,370
Recognition of lease income		(23,212)
Fines and penalties		219
Other revenue		167

(INCREASES) DECREASES IN:

Receivables, net		(26,616)
Pollution remediation obligation recoveries		256
Due from other governmental agencies		1,484
Prepaid expenses		70
Deposits in lieu of cash		(945)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		2,349
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(30)

INCREASES (DECREASES) IN:

Accounts payable		3,024
Retainage payable		10
Salaries and employee benefits payable		686
Unearned revenue		(354)
Due to County of Orange		188
Due to other governmental agencies		(163)
Compensated employee absences		1,128
Deposits from others		961
Pollution remediation obligation		(302)
Net pension liability		(5,665)
Net OPEB liability		3
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension		116
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(78)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases		24,206

Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	38,999
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**RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

Pooled cash and investments with Treasurer	\$	447,711
Imprest cash		14
Restricted pooled cash and investments held for others		753
Restricted pooled cash and investments with Treasurer		63,025
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	511,503

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable	\$	12,677
Acquisition of capital assets with retainage payable		1,928
Lease liability for acquisition of lease assets		21
Subscription liability for acquisition of lease assets		61
Accrued capital grant contribution receivable		2,900
Loss (gain) on disposition of capital assets		(28)

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Reporting Entity

The Orange County Airport began operations in 1941. Commercial jet service at an expanded airport with a new terminal, larger operations area and extended runway began in 1967. In 1979, the Orange County Airport was renamed John Wayne Airport, Orange County (Airport).

The Airport is operated as a department of the County of Orange, California (County), and is accounted for as a self-supporting enterprise fund in the basic financial statements of the County. The financial statements presented herein represent the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the Airport only and are not intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position or where applicable, the cash flows of the County in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

A variety of federal, state and local laws, agreements and regulations govern operations at the Airport. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has jurisdiction over flying operations generally, including personnel, aircraft, ground facilities and other technical matters, as well as certain environmental matters. Pursuant to the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982 and other statutes, the County is constrained from transferring Airport revenues to its General Fund; this restriction is embodied in the federal grant agreements entered into by the County. Additionally, federal law governs the reasonableness of fees that may be charged for use of Airport facilities, further governs Airport noise and capacity limits, and imposes certain other restrictions on the County and Airport operations.

In 1985, a Settlement Agreement (Agreement) was reached between the County, the City of Newport Beach and two community groups on a new 20-year Airport Master Plan (Plan). This Plan provided for a new, enclosed passenger terminal with 14 passenger loading bridges, baggage system, parking structures, airfield improvements and other Airport enhancements. In addition, strict noise and capacity regulations were imposed on the Airport's flight operations. Additional flight operations were permitted under the Plan and the cap on total passengers served was raised to 8.4 million annual passengers (MAP).

Financed by \$242,440 of revenue bonds, construction on the new terminal and other Airport facilities began in 1987. In September 1990, the Thomas F. Riley Terminal opened to the public.

In 2003 and 2014, the four signatories extended the Agreement and approved a series of amendments that allowed for additional facilities and operational capacity, while continuing to provide environmental protections for the local community. These amendments enhanced the operational capacity at the Airport by increasing the number of passengers to 10.3 MAP through 2010, to 10.8 MAP through 2020, to 11.8 MAP through 2025, and to 12.2 MAP or 12.5 MAP through 2030 depending on the actual service level from 2021 to 2025 and meeting certain mitigation measures. These amendments will maintain the Airport's curfew through 2035 and increase the number of passenger loading bridges from 14 to 20. Beginning January 2021 through December 31, 2030, there shall be no limit on the number of passenger loading bridges.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Description of Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Airport derives revenues primarily from terminal space rental, auto parking, concessions, landing fees, and revenue from use of property. The Airport's major expenses include professional and specialized services for security, fire protection, and parking management, salaries and employee benefits, and other services and supplies such as maintenance, insurance, and utilities.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The Airport operates as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that cost of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through service charges.

Basis of Accounting and Estimates

The Airport prepares its financial statements on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the Airport's enterprise fund are charges to customers for use of property and for services provided. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets including infrastructure assets, purchased or constructed by the Airport are capitalized at cost, while donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value when received. Assets are capitalized when the original unit cost is equal to or greater than the County's capitalization threshold of \$5 for equipment, \$150 for structures and improvements, \$150 for intangible assets except \$5 for commercially acquired software, \$150 for infrastructure, and \$0 for land. Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from 2 to 40 years for equipment and intangible assets and 5 to 70 years for infrastructure and structures and improvements. No depreciation or

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

amortization is provided on construction in progress or intangible assets in progress until the project is completed and the asset is placed in service.

Leases

According to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, a lease is defined as a contract that transfers the right to use another entity's asset for a specific period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under these contracts, the Airport recognizes a lease liability and a lease asset (intangible right-to-use asset) at the commencement of the lease term. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs.

Likewise, the Airport leases its real property, structure and improvements to others, which include noncancellable leases with air carriers and concessionaires. The lease threshold for capitalization is \$10 for equipment, \$0 for structures and improvements, \$0 for land, and \$10 for SBITAs. Under these contracts, the Airport as a lessor, recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. Lease receivables are subsequently reduced over the life of the lease as cash is received in the applicable reporting period. The Airport also has regulated leases, not subject to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87. For regulated leases, no lease receivable or deferred inflows of resources are reflected in the financial statements.

An amendment to a lease contract is considered a lease modification, unless the lessee's right to use the underlying asset decreases, in which case it is considered a partial or full lease termination. A lease termination is accounted for by reducing the carrying values of the lease liability and lease asset by a lessee, or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources by the lessor, with any difference being recognized as a gain or loss.

The future lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease contract. If the interest rate is not available, the Airport uses its incremental borrowing rate determined by the County Executive Office. The lease term is determined by the sum of the noncancelable periods, plus renewal options when they are reasonably certain of being exercised or early termination options when they are reasonably certain of not being exercised.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits in Lieu of Cash

The Airport requires security deposits from airport lease agreement operators and renters. These security deposits are comprised primarily of negotiable instruments and are held in a safe with the Airport.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, which are readily convertible to cash or mature within 90 days of the original purchase.

Cash and Investments

Pooled cash and investments with Treasurer and pooled cash and investments held for others are funds that the Airport has on deposit with the Orange County Treasurer (Treasurer). These funds are invested in accordance with the Investment Policy Statement (IPS) approved by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The Treasurer allocates interest earned on the pooled cash and investments in the County Investment Pool (Pool) to the Airport monthly based on average daily balances on deposit with the Treasurer.

Self Insurance

Liability, property and business interruption insurance is purchased by the County to provide insurance coverage for the Airport for a total insurable value amount of \$1,494,834. The related insurance premium is recorded as an Airport expense. The Airport also participates in the County's self-insured programs for general and automobile liability insurance, workers' compensation, group health indemnified insurance plans, group salary continuance plan, group dental plan, and unemployment benefits plan. The Airport records its portion of the related self-insurance premiums charged by the County as an expense. The related liabilities are accrued by the County's self-insurance internal service fund based on estimated future amounts to be paid on known claims and incurred but not reported claims, including loss adjustment expenses.

Pension

The Airport recognizes a net pension liability to reflect its proportionate share of the County's net pension liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Airport's share of the County's cost-sharing defined benefit retirement plans administered by the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) and the Extra-Help

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pension (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS and the Extra-Help Defined Benefit Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit

The Airport recognizes a net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) liability to reflect its proportionate share of the County's net OPEB liability.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Airport's share of the County's Retiree Medical Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Retiree Medical Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

When applicable, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future period and, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time. A deferred inflow of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future period and, therefore, will not be recognized as a revenue until that time. For deferred inflows of resources where the Airport is the lessor and is reported in the Statement of Net Position, the deferred inflow of resources are recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue), on the straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The deferred outflows/inflows of resources, included in the Statement of Net Position, relate to the deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, and deferred inflow of resources related to leases. Deferred resources related to pension and OPEB result from the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the plan investments, changes of assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions calculated by the actuarial study. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB also includes employer contributions made after the measurement date and a portion of the County's prepaid retirement contribution.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Employee Absences

The Airport recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. Employees are entitled to be paid compensated time, and in some cases annual leave, vacation and sick/healthcare leave time depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. Compensated employee absences are accrued as an expense and liability in the proprietary funds when incurred.

Components of Net Position

Net investment in capital assets - This amount is derived by subtracting the outstanding debts incurred by the Airport to buy or construct capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, shown in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets cannot readily be sold and converted to cash.

Restricted - This category represents restrictions imposed on the use of the Airport's resources by parties outside of the government or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2025, the Airport reported restricted net position of \$66,794 for Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) by the Program Guidelines.

Unrestricted - This category consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted. These assets are resources of the Airport that can be used for any purpose, though they may not necessarily be liquid.

Policy Regarding Use of Restricted vs. Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Airport will utilize restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Passenger Facility Charges

In 1990, the Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act authorized the imposition of local PFC and use of resulting PFC revenue for allowable costs on FAA approved projects, including debt service.

The FAA approved the Airport's PFC application to collect \$4.50 (not in thousand) per enplaned passenger effective July 1, 2006. The total approved PFC revenue to be collected was \$321,351 through December 31, 2021. In March 2016, the FAA approved the Airport's PFC Amendment application. The amended total approved PFC revenue to be collected is \$311,602 through December 31, 2021. In June 2021, the FAA approved the Airport's request to change the charge expiration date from January 1, 2022 to January 1, 2024. In March 2023, the FAA approved the

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Passenger Facility Charges (Continued)

Airport's second application to collect PFC revenue of \$36,309 through October 1, 2025, totaling \$347,911 of approved PFC revenue to be collected.

All PFC collected are restricted and are categorized as nonoperating revenues. PFC collected are maintained in an interest-bearing account administered by the Treasurer. Collected but unexpended PFC revenues are reported on the Airport's Statement of Net Position as current restricted assets and restricted pooled cash and investments with Treasurer. Related PFC receivables are also reported as current restricted assets.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, \$21,179 PFC revenue was reported and \$8,610 was expended on approved PFC projects.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

According to GASB Statement No. 96, a SBITA is defined as a contract that transfers the right to use another entity's subscription asset for a specific period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under these contracts, the Airport recognizes a SBITA liability and a SBITA asset (intangible right-to-use SBITA asset) at the commencement of the SBITA term. The SBITA liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term (less any SBITA incentives). The SBITA asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the SBITA liability, plus any payments made to the vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term and any capitalizable initial implementation costs.

An amendment to a SBITA contract is considered a SBITA modification, unless the Airport's right to use the underlying asset decreases, in which case it is considered a partial or full SBITA termination. A SBITA termination is accounted for by reducing the carrying values of the SBITA liability and SBITA asset by the Airport, with any difference being recognized as a gain or loss.

The future SBITA payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the SBITA contract. If the interest rate is not available, the County uses its incremental borrowing rate determined by the County Executive Office/Public Finance. The SBITA term is determined by the sum of the non-cancelable periods, plus renewal options when they are reasonably certain of being exercised or early termination options when they are reasonably certain of not being exercised.

Concentrations

A significant portion of the Airport's revenues are directly or indirectly attributed to the activity of a number of major airlines. The Airport's revenues could be materially and adversely affected should any of these major airlines discontinue operations and should the Airport be unable to replace those airlines with similar activity. The level of operations is determined based upon the

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Concentrations

relative share of enplaned passengers. The three largest airlines in terms of enplaned passengers accounted for approximately 28%, 17%, and 15% of market share during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 2 – Change in Accounting Principle

The Airport implemented GASB Statement No. 101, “*Compensated Absences*” in the current financial statements, which resulted in the restatement of the Statement of Net Position:

Net position at June 30, 2024	\$ 974,842
Prior Period Adjustment due to GASB 101	(464)
Net position at June 30, 2024, as restated	<u>\$ 974,378</u>

Refer to Note 11 New Accounting Pronouncements for additional information on GASB Statement No. 101.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

The Airport follows the County’s policy guidelines for pooling its cash and investments with the Treasurer. The Treasurer adheres to the IPS.

Total Airport cash and investments at fair value as of June 30, 2025, was as follows:

Cash and pooled cash and investments:	
Cash on hand	\$ 14
Pooled cash and investments, restricted	63,778
Pooled cash and investments	447,711
Total cash and pooled cash and investments	<u>\$ 511,503</u>

Cash

Cash represents amounts held by the Treasurer account, which was established upon the authorization of the Board shortly following the County bankruptcy.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The Treasurer maintains the Pool for the County and other non-County entities for the purpose of benefiting from economies of scale through pooled investment activities. Interest is apportioned to individual funds based generally on the average daily balances on deposit with the Treasurer.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Airport's pooled cash and investments are combined with the County's pooled investments, and therefore, do not represent specific identifiable investments and are not discretely rated. For the credit ratings of the Pool investments, refer to the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The ACFR is available by accessing the Auditor-Controller's website at <https://ocauditor.gov>.

Note 4 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time employees of the Airport participate in the County's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administrated by OCERS.

OCERS provides for retirement, death, disability and cost-of-living benefits, and is subject to the provisions of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937, California Government Code Section 31451 et. seq. (the Retirement Law). OCERS is an independent, defined-benefit retirement plan in which employees of the County participate. Under OCERS, each employee receives a defined benefit pension at retirement, that is, a specific amount per month determined in accordance with the Retirement Law, which amount is not dependent upon the amount of money credited to the employee's account at the time of retirement.

The OCERS Board of Retirement (OCERS Board) does not set the benefit amounts. OCERS administers benefits that are set by the County Board through the collective bargaining process with County employees in accordance with the Retirement Law. The OCERS Board supervises the investment of OCERS assets and the distribution of benefits to retired employees. The OCERS Board also determines the annual contributions required of the County and other participating local governmental entities to fund OCERS.

The Retirement Law requires an actuarial valuation to be performed at least once every three years. OCERS' practice has been to conduct an actuarial valuation annually as of December 31, which is the end of the OCERS fiscal year.

Effective July 1, 2005, as part of collective bargaining agreements with County employees, most General members who work for the County (approximately 14,000) became eligible for an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 2.7% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 55. In collective bargaining agreements with General members, the employee associations agreed to pay the increased retirement costs related to the difference between the prior retirement benefit formulas and the new 2.7% at age 55 formula, as well as the annual amortization of the unfunded liability created by the retroactive application of the increased benefit. Due to the passage of the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) of 2013, most new employees (non-safety) hired on or after

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 4 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

January 1, 2013 receive an annual annuity equal to a retirement benefit formula of 1.62% of the member's "final compensation" for each year of service rendered at age 65. The 1.62% at age 65 retirement formula includes a voluntary defined contribution component with an employer match.

Contributions

In accordance with various Board resolutions, the County's funding policy is to make periodic contributions to OCERS in amounts such that, when combined with employee contributions and investment income, will fully provide for member benefits by the time they retire. Covered employees are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to OCERS as a condition of employment. Base employee contributions are calculated using a formula defined in the Retirement Law. In the 1997 Ventura decision of the California Supreme Court, the Court stated that for the purpose of calculating pension benefits, "final compensation" can mean not only base salaries, but also other components. The County employee contributions under current contracts are calculated on base salary, eligible premium pay, and some categories of overtime as defined in the 1997 Ventura decision.

Employer contributions are based on what is needed to properly fund the system. The Retirement Law, however, does allow employers and employees to negotiate some variation in who pays the contributions. OCERS' responsibility is to make certain the total required contribution is paid, regardless of how the employers and employees share the cost. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the employer's contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for general members was 38.44%. The Airport's total contribution to OCERS for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$6,142.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County reported a liability of \$3,396,283 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, of which the Airport's allocated share of the County's net pension liability totaled \$33,065. The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using actuarial valuation results.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 4 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Airport recognized pension expense of \$3,685. At June 30, 2025, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ -	\$ 415
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	2,122	430
Changes of Assumptions	842	325
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Airport		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	75	92
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	3,503	--
Total	<u>\$ 6,542</u>	<u>\$ 1,262</u>

\$3,503 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026.

Amounts, provided by OCERS' actuarial study reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2026	\$ 826
2027	3,255
2028	(1,620)
2029	(733)
2030	49
Total	<u>\$ 1,777</u>

For additional details on the defined benefit pension plan, actuarial assumption, the net pension liability and the required supplementary information, refer to the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The ACFR is available by accessing the Auditor-Controller's website at <https://ocauditor.gov>.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 5 – Postemployment Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

The Airport is a participant in the County's Retiree Medical Plan. The Retiree Medical Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, intended to assist career employees in maintaining health insurance coverage following retirement from County service. Eligible retired County employees receive a monthly grant (the Grant), which helps offset the cost of monthly County-offered health plan and/or Medicare A and/or B premiums.

In order to be eligible to receive the Grant upon retirement, the employee must have completed at least 10 years of continuous County service (although exceptions for disability retirements exist), be enrolled in a County sponsored health plan and/or Medicare, qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan, and be able to receive a monthly benefit payment from OCERS. To qualify as a retiree as defined by the Retiree Medical Plan, the employee upon retirement must be at least 50 years of age or have at least 30 years of service for a general member of OCERS.

In addition to the Grant, the Retiree Medical Plan provides a frozen lump sum payment to terminated employees not eligible for the Grant. The frozen lump sum payment is equal to 1% of the employee's final average hourly pay (as defined in the Retiree Medical Plan) multiplied by the employee's qualifying hours of service (as defined) since the Retiree Medical Plan's effective date.

As of June 16, 2023, the Grant will be frozen for existing employees, and they will not accrue additional services hours towards eligibility for the Grant. All employees with one or more years of credited service as of June 15, 2023, shall be eligible for the frozen Grant. The annual Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) and age adjustment (+/- 7.5%) will be eliminated. New employees as of June 16, 2023, will not be eligible for the Grant.

Contributions

As an enterprise fund of the County, the Airport was required to contribute 0.98% of its payroll for the year ended June 30, 2025. The Airport's contribution was \$167, which was 100% of the required contribution.

Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County reported a liability of \$210,213 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, of which the Airport's allocated share of the County's net OPEB liability totaled \$1,691. The County's collective net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 5 – Postemployment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Airport recognized OPEB expense of \$84. At June 30, 2025, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$ -	\$ 30
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	407
Changes of Assumptions	96	39
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Airport		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	75	19
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	95	-
Total	<u>\$ 266</u>	<u>\$ 495</u>

\$95 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2026.

Amounts provided by the actuarial study reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2026	\$ (90)
2027	(33)
2028	(128)
2029	(67)
2030	(14)
2031 +	8
Total	<u>\$ (324)</u>

For additional details on the Retiree Medical Plan, actuarial assumptions, funded status of the plan, and the required supplemental information, refer to the County's ACFR. The County's ACFR is available by accessing the Auditor-Controller's website at <https://ocauditor.gov>.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 6 – Long-Term Obligations

Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A and 2019B

On July 9, 2009, the Airport issued the Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B (2009A and 2009B Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$233,115, with an original issue net premium of \$288 and interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.75%. The 2009A and 2009B Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the Airport Improvement Program (AIP), fund the debt service requirement for the bonds, fund capitalized interest on a portion of the bonds and pay costs relating to the issuance of the bonds. The AIP consist of numerous direct improvements to the Airport facilities such as construction of Terminal C, Parking Structure C and two commuter/regional holdrooms at the north and south ends of the extended Terminal.

On May 14, 2019, the Airport issued the Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A and 2019B (2019A and 2019B Bonds) in the principal amount of \$85,030, with a premium of \$13,404 and an interest rate of 5.00%. The 2019A and 2019B Bonds were issued to refund and defease the 2009A and 2009B Bonds, fund a debt service reserve subaccount for the bonds, and pay certain expenses in connection with the issuance of the bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the total debt service principal and interest paid were \$7,095 and \$2,486, respectively.

The 2019 Bonds were secured by a pledge of (1) operating revenues, net of specified operating expenses, (2) interest earnings, (3) other miscellaneous revenue and (4) available PFC revenue. In the event of default, the trustee could exercise any remedies available under the bond indentures and under state and federal law.

On February 16, 2023, the Airport executed the in-substance defeasance of the outstanding 2019A and 2019B Bonds. As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding balance of the defeased bonds was \$39,974.

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liability activities for the year ended June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2025	Due in 1 year
Compensated Employee Absences (Restated)	\$ 1,664	\$ 3,064	\$ (1,936)	\$ 2,792	\$ 2,144
Intangible Assets Obligations Payable	89	--	(89)	--	--
Lease Liability	--	21	(4)	17	4
SBITA Liability	7	61	(37)	31	31
Pollution Remediation Obligation	994	--	(302)	692	--
Total	<u>\$ 2,754</u>	<u>\$ 3,146</u>	<u>\$ (2,368)</u>	<u>\$ 3,532</u>	<u>\$ 2,179</u>

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 7 – Leases

Lessee

The Airport entered into a noncancelable lease for equipment with a vendor as a lessee for the intangible right-to-use lease equipment. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Airport recognized a right-to-use lease asset beginning balance of \$34, amortization beginning balance of \$34, and amortization of \$4, for a right-to-use asset balance of \$17, net of amortization at June 30, 2025.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the discount rate is applied to new or modified leases 5%. The Airport recognized a liability beginning balance of \$0, increases of \$4 due to the new leases and lease modification, principal lease payment of \$13, and interest payment of \$0. The principal payment reduced the lease liability to \$17 at June 30, 2025.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2025
Right-to-Use Asset				
Lease Equipment	\$ 34	\$ 21	\$ (34)	\$ 21
Less Amortization				
Lease Equipment	(34)	(4)	34	(4)
Total Lease Assets, net of amortization	<u>\$ --</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ --</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>

Lessor

The Airport leases its real property and structures and improvements to others for office space, advertising and rental car concessions. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the discount rate applied to new or modified leases is 5%. The Airport recognized \$15,529 principal and \$5,902 in interest cash receipts. As of June 30, 2025, the leases receivable balance is \$115,226, and deferred inflow balance is \$109,945. Variable rental payments received by the Airport totaled \$2,051 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2025
Leases Receivable				
Structures & Improvements	\$ 12,543	\$ 1,943	\$ (1,393)	\$ 13,093
Land	76,696	39,573	(14,136)	102,133
Total Leases Receivable	<u>\$ 89,239</u>	<u>\$ 41,516</u>	<u>\$ (15,529)</u>	<u>\$ 115,226</u>

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 7 – Leases (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

Future minimum principal and interest revenue to be received under these leases as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$ 16,202	\$ 5,325
2027	17,000	4,527
2028	17,273	3,692
2029	17,062	2,850
2030	17,935	1,977
2031-2037	29,754	1,576
Total	<u>\$ 115,226</u>	<u>\$ 19,947</u>

Regulated Leases

In accordance with GASB No. 87, certain lease agreements, between airports and aeronautical users are subject to regulations set forth by the Federal Aviation Administration and Department of Homeland Security. A lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources is not recognized for these leases. The Airport identifies the following regulated leases:

Commercial and Commuter Airlines and Cargo Leases

The Airport entered into five-year lease agreements with various commercial and commuter airlines and cargo carriers that commenced on January 1, 2021 and expire on December 31, 2025, with no option to extend. Revenues from terminal rates, landing, operations, and remain over- night fees totaled \$82,209 for the year ended June 30, 2025, of which \$44,231, are considered variable rental payments.

Airline minimum rental revenues are established in accordance with the Airport's Revenue Policy, as adopted by the Board. These rates are subject to change no more than every six months in accordance with the related airlines' operating lease agreements. Due to the nature of the above revenues, expected future minimum payments are indeterminable.

Fixed-Base Operation Leases

The Airport entered into multi-year lease agreements with full service and limited service fixed-base operators (FBO) that commenced on January 1, 2021. The full service agreements expire on December 31, 2055, with no option to extend. The limited service agreement expires on December 31, 2050, and with certain conditions, the lessee shall have the option to extend. Revenues from ground rent, building rent, and percentage rent of various gross receipts totaled \$11,089 for the year ended June 30, 2025, of which \$2,449, are considered variable rental payments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 7 – Leases (Continued)

Regulated Leases (Continued)

Limited Use General Aviation Facility Lease

The Airport entered into a two-year agreement with a limited use general aviation operator on September 1, 2006, which included an option for an 18 year lease extension. On October 21, 2008, the lease was extended to August 31, 2026, and on December 18, 2012, the lease was extended to August 31, 2036. Revenue from ground rent totaled \$542 for the year ended June 30, 2025, paid in twelve monthly installments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

Hydrant Fueling Facilities Lease

The Airport entered into a 25-year hydrant fueling facilities lease agreement with a consortium of airline carriers on September 14, 1990. On September 14, 2010, the lease was extended to December 31, 2030. Revenue from rent totaled \$29 for the year ended June 30, 2025, paid in twelve monthly installments. The future minimum payments are shown in the following table.

Security Services Lease

The Airport entered into a five-year agreement with the Transportation Security Administration on October 1, 2018. On October 1, 2023, the lease was extended to September 30, 2033. Revenue from rent totaled \$352 for the year ended June 30, 2025, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments to be received as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Fixed-Base Operation Lease</u>	<u>Limited Use General Aviation Facility Lease</u>	<u>Hydrant Fueling Facilities Lease</u>	<u>Security Services Lease</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 8,502	\$ 546	\$ 29	\$ 365	\$ 9,442
2027	8,502	546	29	379	9,456
2028	8,348	546	29	394	9,317
2029	7,886	546	29	409	8,870
2030	7,886	546	29	425	8,886
2031-2035	39,428	2,729	15	1,502	43,674
2036-2040	39,428	644	--	--	40,072
2041-2045	39,428	--	--	--	39,428
2046-2050	39,428	--	--	--	39,428
2051-2055	36,155	--	--	--	36,155
2056-2060	3,721	--	--	--	3,721
Total	<u>\$ 238,712</u>	<u>\$ 6,103</u>	<u>\$ 160</u>	<u>\$ 3,474</u>	<u>\$ 248,449</u>

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 7 – Leases (Continued)

Regulated Leases (Continued)

Under the agreements with the airlines, they may have exclusive use of certain space and facilities of the terminals in the Airport as summarized below:

Terminal	Terminal Area Exclusively	Exclusively Used Terminal Area (SQFT)
A	Air Canada	613
A	American	11,201
A	Breeze	298
A	Delta	3,182
A	WestJet	474
B	Alaska	3,083
B	United	11,687
C	Allegiant	603
C	Frontier	605
C	Southwest	10,460
C	Spirit	810
	Total	43,016

Note 8 – Related Party Transactions

The Airport reimburses the County for the cost of providing security, project management, maintenance, insurance and other administrative services to the Airport. Amounts charged by other County departments are reported as operating expenses during the year incurred, and totaled \$33,733 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Interfund receivable/payable balances are the result of the time lag between the time goods and services are provided by other County departments to the Airport and payment from the Airport to the other funds is made.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2025, was as follows:

Due To	Due From	Amount
General Fund	Airport	\$ 2,548
Internal Service Funds	Airport	381
Other Governmental Funds	Airport	53
Total Due To County of Orange		\$ 2,982

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 9 – Commitments

At June 30, 2025, the Airport was committed under major contracts for the following:

Airport Power Generation & Distribution Upgrades	\$	9,294
Taxiways A-D-E Reconstruction		1,685
Facility Accessibility Improvements		10,397
Elevator/Escalator Modernization and Refurbishment		7,846
Taxiway B Service Road Realignment		2,596
JWA Facilities Security Improvements		1,508
Airfield Lighting Voltage Regulators Upgrade		1,295
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>34,621</u>

Note 10 – Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity, for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2025
Capital assets, not depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 15,678	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 15,678
Construction in progress	53,009	52,901	(3,187)	102,723
Total capital assets, not depreciated/amortized	<u>68,687</u>	<u>52,901</u>	<u>(3,187)</u>	<u>118,401</u>
Capital assets, depreciated/amortized:				
Structures and improvements	937,889	3,231	(257)	940,863
Equipment	20,314	2,350	(176)	22,488
Infrastructure	240,224	--	--	240,224
Intangible assets	4,565	--	--	4,565
Right-to-Use Assets:				
Lease equipment	34	21	(34)	21
SBITA	20	62	--	82
Total capital assets, depreciated/amortized	<u>1,203,046</u>	<u>5,664</u>	<u>(467)</u>	<u>1,208,243</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Structures and improvements	(480,108)	(27,455)	226	(507,337)
Equipment	(11,433)	(1,861)	163	(13,131)
Infrastructure	(212,221)	(3,865)	--	(216,086)
Intangible assets	(3,434)	(147)	--	(3,581)
Right-to-Use Assets:				
Lease equipment	(34)	(4)	34	(4)
SBITA	(13)	(38)	--	(51)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>(707,243)</u>	<u>(33,370)</u>	<u>423</u>	<u>(740,190)</u>
Total capital assets depreciated/amortized, net	<u>495,803</u>	<u>(27,706)</u>	<u>(44)</u>	<u>468,053</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 564,490</u>	<u>\$ 25,195</u>	<u>\$ (3,231)</u>	<u>\$ 586,454</u>

Total depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$33,370.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 11 – New Accounting Pronouncements

The following summarizes recent GASB pronouncements implemented or effective in the year ended June 30, 2025:

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement provides a unified model to use to recognize liabilities for any compensated absences and results in a better estimate of the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, which requires the Airport to implement this Statement in the year ending June 30, 2025. The Airport implemented this Statement in the year ended June 30, 2025. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 2.

In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement improves the reporting requirements of disclosing a substantial risk based on the concentration or constraint of the events. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, which requires the Airport to implement this Statement in the year ending June 30, 2025. The Airport implemented this Statement in the year ended June 30, 2025; however, this Statement did not have any impact on the Airport's financial statements.

The following summarizes recent GASB Pronouncements that will be implemented in future financial statements. The Airport has not determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following Statements may have on future financial statements:

In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement improves on the presentation of the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) by limiting the information into five sections. The Statement provides requirements to describe unusual or infrequent items, to present the operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies on the Propriety Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and to present each major component unit in specific statements. Additionally, governments are required to present budgetary comparison using the required supplementary information (RSI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, which requires the Airport to implement this Statement in the year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. This Statement requires the capital assets note disclosure to disclose particular capital assets separately, and additionally, certain intangible assets are required to be disclosed by major class. There are also certain requirements for the disclosures for capital assets held for sale, and capital assets held for sale must be evaluated each reporting period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, which requires the Airport to implement this Statement in the year ending June 30, 2026.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 12 – Pollution Remediation Obligation

In 1988, the Airport was named as a responsible party in a cleanup and abatement order (CAO) issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). The CAO identified four sites on Airport property as having chemical impacts to soil and groundwater. Site investigation and remedial action activities were completed, and in 2003, the RWQCB issued No Further Action letters to the Airport for the sites except the Old Fuel Farm site.

In 1993, hydrocarbon-impacted soils were documented following removal of two 1,000-gallon underground storage tanks (USTs) at Former Fire Station #33. Following over-excavation and off-site disposal of hydrocarbon-impacted soils, the Orange County Health Care Agency issued a Completion of Corrective Action Letter to the Airport in 1994 related to the UST removal activities. During geotechnical assessment activities conducted at Former Fire Station #33 in 1999, soils appearing to be impacted with hydrocarbons were encountered and the soil boring logs were submitted to the RWQCB. In 2002, the RWQCB requested that the Airport assess the presence and distribution of chemical impacts to soil and groundwater. Site investigation activities were conducted between 2002 and 2006, and on-going remedial activities include monitored natural attenuation of groundwater. Currently, semi-annual groundwater sampling and reporting is conducted at Former Fire Station #33, and the reports prepared are submitted to the RWQCB. In addition to the monitoring efforts, in 2025, the RWQCB requested that the airport conduct a soil vapor assessment in a letter dated January 31, 2025. This work will be performed in 2025. It is unknown if additional follow-up actions will be required.

In 2009, a new estimated pollution remediation liability was calculated based on a more active method of remediation for each of the Old Fuel Farm and Former Fire Station #33 sites. As of June 30, 2024, the Airport had a liability of \$994 based on management's assessment and the results of the consultant's evaluation of potential remediation costs. In a letter dated December 9, 2024, the RWQCB accepted the Airport's proposal to close the remedial requirements at the Old Fuel Farm, and the Airport was directed to close the groundwater monitoring wells and proceed with site closure. The Airport conducted that work in March and April of 2025 and is in the process of obtaining RWQCB Site Closure. Remedial pollution liability for the Old Fuel Farm ceases this year. Liability for Former Fire Station #33 remains. The estimated pollution remediation obligation for the Former Fire Station #33 Site is \$692 as of June 30, 2025.

Note 13 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The Airport entered into a noncancelable SBITA with a vendor for the intangible right-to-use SBITA asset. The SBITA terms include the noncancelable period per the contract plus/minus any extension options or termination options the Airport is reasonably certain to exercise. The Airport recognized a right-to-use SBITA asset beginning balance of \$20, increase of \$62 due to new SBITAs, amortization beginning balance of \$13, and amortization of \$38, for a right-to-use asset balance of \$31, net of amortization at June 30, 2025.

JOHN WAYNE AIRPORT
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025
(To the Nearest Thousand)

Note 13 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the discount rate applied to SBITAs is 5%. Using this discount rate, the Airport recognized a SBITA liability beginning balance of \$7, principal SBITA payment of \$24 and interest SBITA payment of \$1. The principal SBITA payment reduced the SBITA liability to \$31 at June 30, 2025.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2025
Right-to-Use SBITA Asset	\$ 20	\$ 62	\$ --	\$ 82
Less Amortization	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(38)</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>(51)</u>
Total Right-to-Use SBITA Asset, net of amortization	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ --</u>	<u>\$ 31</u>

The future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$ 31	\$ 1
Total	<u>\$ 31</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

Note 14 – Subsequent Event

The following events occurred subsequent to June 30, 2025:

Passenger Facility Charge

On July 9, 2025, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved the Airport's third Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) application, with an effective date of October 1, 2025. The total approved PFC revenue to be collected under this application is \$36,410, bringing the cumulative approved PFC collections to \$384,321 through August 1, 2027. Additional information, refer to Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Passenger Facility Charges.



**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Orange, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of John Wayne Airport (Airport), an enterprise fund of the County of Orange, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2025. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph stating the financial statements of the Airport do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County as of June 30, 2025. Our report also included an emphasis of matter describing the Airport's restatement of beginning net position due to the implementation of the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Airport's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Airport's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Sully LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Laguna Hills, California
December 18, 2025