

**CITY OF ATLANTA  
ANNUAL DISCLOSURE FILING**

*relating to*

**VARIOUS SERIES OF CITY OF ATLANTA AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**

**ALL AS MORE PARTICULARLY IDENTIFIED  
ON EXHIBIT C ATTACHED HERETO**

**General**

This annual disclosure filing for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 (this "Filing") is being filed by the City of Atlanta (the "City") in connection with its annual continuing disclosure obligations as an "obligated person" (as defined in Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Rule 15c2-12") promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), as set forth in the continuing disclosure undertakings the City entered into pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 relating to the above-referenced bonds, as more particularly identified in EXHIBIT C attached hereto (collectively, the "Affected Debt").

**Financial Information and Operating Data; Audited Financial Statements**

Attached as EXHIBIT A to this Filing is certain financial information and operating data relating to the Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport (the "Airport") and the Department of Aviation, an enterprise fund of the City (the "Department of Aviation"), reported as of June 30, 2024, except where expressly indicated otherwise.

Attached as EXHIBIT B to this Filing is the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2024, and 2023 for the Department of Aviation (the "2024 Department of Aviation ACFR"), which includes the Department of Aviation's audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

**Miscellaneous; Forward-Looking Statements**

This Filing is not, and nothing in it should be construed as, an offer, invitation, or recommendation in respect of the Affected Debt any of the City's debt or securities, or an offer, invitation, or recommendation to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy the Affected Debt or any of the City's debt or securities in any jurisdiction. The matters discussed in this Filing and all other documents issued by the City are for informational purposes only, and holders of the Affected Debt and any of the City's debt or securities, potential investors and/or other interested parties should not rely on such information as their sole source of information about matters related to the Affected Debt or any of the City's debt or securities or in making an investment decision with respect to the Affected Debt or any of the City's existing debt or securities or any other debt or securities which may be offered by the City. Neither this Filing nor anything in it shall form the basis of any contract or commitment. By the filing of this Filing, the City makes no recommendations and is not giving any investment advice as to the Affected Debt or any of the City's debt or securities. In no event shall the City be liable for any use by any party of, for any decision made or action taken by any party in reliance upon, or for any inaccuracies or errors in,

or omissions from, the information contained in this Filing and such information may not be relied upon in evaluating the merits of holding, purchasing, or selling the Affected Debt or any of the City's debt or securities. The information contained in this Filing, including any forecast financial information, if any, should not be considered as advice or a recommendation to holders and potential investors in relation to holding, purchasing, or selling any such securities. Before acting on any information contained in this Filing holders and potential investors should consider the appropriateness of the information having regard to these matters, any relevant offering document and in particular, holders and potential purchasers should seek independent financial and/or legal advice.

Certain of the information in this Filing has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, certain of which has not been independently verified. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is provided in relation to the fairness, accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information, or any opinions or conclusions in this Filing.

This Filing may contain "forward-looking" statements that involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. If the risks or uncertainties ever materialize or the assumptions prove incorrect, the results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, the City cautions holders and potential purchasers not to place undue reliance on these statements. All statements other than the statements of historical fact could be deemed forward-looking and should not be considered a comprehensive representation of the City's expected operational or financial performance. All opinions, estimates, projections, forecasts, and valuations are preliminary, indicative and are subject to change without notice.

The information in this Filing is current as of the dates set forth in this Filing, and there may be events that have occurred or will occur subsequent to such dates that would have a material adverse effect on the operational or financial information that is presented in this Filing. The City has not undertaken any obligation to update any information in this Filing.

This Filing is dated January 31, 2025.

**EXHIBIT A**

**CERTAIN FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OPERATING DATA  
RELATING TO THE AIRPORT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION**

TABLE 1

**Airlines Serving the Airport**  
**(as scheduled during Fiscal Year 2024)**

<b>Mainline Airlines</b>	<b>Regional Airlines</b>	<b>Foreign-flag Airlines</b>	<b>All-cargo Airlines (6)</b>
Alaska Airlines (1)	Endeavor Air (2)(4)	Aeromexico (1)(3)	ABX (1)
American Airlines (1)	Envoy Air (7)	Air Canada (1)	Air Transport International (1)
Avelo Airlines (1)	Republic Airlines (4)(7)	Air France (1)(3)(5)	Asiana Cargo (1)
Delta Air Lines (1)(2)(3)	SkyWest Airlines (4)(8)	British Airways (1)	Atlas Air (1)
Frontier Airlines (1)(2)	Southern Airways (1)	Copa Airlines (1)	Cargolux Airlines (1)
JetBlue Airways (1)	Sun Country Airlines (1)	Ethiopian Airlines (1)	Cathay Pacific Airways (1)
Southwest Airlines (1)(2)		KLM Royal Dutch Airlines (1)(3)(5)	Challenge Airlines (1)
Spirit Airlines (1)		Korean Air (1)(3)	China Airlines (1)
United Airlines (1)		LATAM Airlines (1)	China Cargo Airlines (1)
		Lufthansa German Airlines (1)	DHL Worldwide Express
		Qatar Airways (1)	EVA Air Cargo (1)
		Scandinavian Airlines (1)(3)	FedEx (1)
		Turkish Airlines (1)	Kalitta Air (1)
		Virgin Atlantic Airways (1)(3)(5)	Korean Air Cargo (1)
		WestJet Airlines (1)	Lufthansa Cargo (1)
			Qatar Airways (1)
			Turkish Airlines (1)
			UPS Air Cargo (1)

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(1) The passenger and cargo airlines noted above are signatories to the Airport Use and Lease Agreement.  
 (2) U.S. flag airlines providing international service.  
 (3) Members of SkyTeam alliance.  
 (4) Airlines operating as an affiliate of Delta Air Lines.  
 (5) Operates with Delta Air Lines under a joint venture agreement.  
 (6) Airlines listed operated regular all-cargo service at the Airport. Other cargo airlines not listed in this table operated ad hoc charter service at the Airport. Certain mainline and foreign-flag airlines also operated cargo services.  
 (7) Airline operating as an affiliate of American Airlines.  
 (8) Airline operating as an affiliate of United Airlines.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 2

**Historical Enplaned Passengers**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Domestic</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>	<b>International</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>
2020 <sup>(1)</sup>	35,599,784		4,147,812		39,747,596	
2021 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	23,407,815	(34.2%)	1,520,657	(63.3%)	24,928,472	(37.3%)
2022 <sup>(1)</sup>	40,759,329	74.1	4,101,591	169.7	44,860,920	80.0
2023 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	43,948,476	7.8	5,745,226	40.1	49,693,702	10.8
2024 <sup>(1)</sup>	46,665,571	6.2	7,015,792	22.1	53,681,363	8.0

(1) Historical patterns of passenger traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(2) Information for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2023 was revised in 2022 and 2024, respectively.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 3

**Historical Enplaned Passengers by Airline**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**

	<b>2020<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(1)</sup></b>
<b>Domestic</b>					
Delta and affiliates					
Delta Air Lines	25,770,187	15,191,786	30,225,940	32,500,656	34,188,991
Endeavor Air	1,831,619	2,328,177	2,271,539	1,015,479	1,514,476
SkyWest Airlines	762,559	-	11,897	712,135	505,078
Republic Airlines	61,990	383,238	100,083	30,206	12,402
GoJet Airlines	13	-	-	-	-
<b>Subtotal Delta</b>	<b>28,426,368</b>	<b>17,903,201</b>	<b>32,609,459</b>	<b>34,258,476</b>	<b>36,220,947</b>
Southwest Airlines	3,312,689	2,571,396	3,586,761	3,951,249	4,368,596
Other U.S.-flag airlines					
Frontier Airlines	502,033	424,575	902,696	1,441,932	1,686,762
Spirit Airlines	1,034,264	1,011,622	1,157,660	1,483,989	1,485,395
American Airlines <sup>(3)</sup>	1,282,179	868,012	1,466,210	1,343,819	1,312,841
United Airlines <sup>(3)</sup>	680,978	411,940	688,708	974,889	999,055
JetBlue Airways	279,037	156,868	230,924	332,740	407,984
Alaska Airlines	74,993	57,031	114,698	158,415	172,056
Other	7,243	3,170	2,213	2,967	11,935
<b>Subtotal other U.S.flag airlines</b>	<b>3,860,727</b>	<b>2,933,218</b>	<b>4,563,109</b>	<b>5,738,751</b>	<b>6,076,028</b>
<b>Total Domestic</b>	<b>35,599,784</b>	<b>23,407,815</b>	<b>40,759,329</b>	<b>43,948,476</b>	<b>46,665,571</b>
<b>International</b>					
Delta and affiliates					
Delta Air Lines	3,263,138	1,361,660	3,348,260	4,441,488	5,387,813
Endeavor Air	113,531	23,920	59,835	67,941	42,860
SkyWest Airlines	610	-	-	-	-
<b>Subtotal Delta</b>	<b>3,377,279</b>	<b>1,385,580</b>	<b>3,408,095</b>	<b>4,509,429</b>	<b>5,430,673</b>
Frontier Airlines	-	-	37,175	148,023	185,274
Southwest Airlines	27,648	-	4	2	12,326
Foreign-flag airlines	742,885	135,077	656,317	1,087,386	1,387,519
Other U.S.-flag airlines	-	-	-	386	-
<b>Total International</b>	<b>4,147,812</b>	<b>1,520,657</b>	<b>4,101,591</b>	<b>5,745,226</b>	<b>7,015,792</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>39,747,596</b>	<b>24,928,472</b>	<b>44,860,920</b>	<b>49,693,702</b>	<b>53,681,363</b>

(1) Historical patterns of passenger traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(2) Information for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2023 was revised and reissued in 2022 and 2024, respectively.

(3) Includes regional affiliates.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 4

**Historical Market Share by Airline<sup>(1)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**

	<b>2020<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(2)</sup></b>
<b>Domestic</b>					
Delta and affiliates					
Delta Air Lines	64.8%	60.9%	67.4%	65.4%	63.7%
Endeavor Air	4.6%	9.3%	5.1%	2.0%	2.8%
SkyWest Airlines	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	0.9%
Republic Airlines	0.2%	1.5%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%
GoJet Airlines	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Subtotal Delta</b>	<b>71.5%</b>	<b>71.8%</b>	<b>72.7%</b>	<b>68.9%</b>	<b>67.5%</b>
Southwest Airlines	8.3%	10.3%	8.0%	8.0%	8.1%
Other U.S.-flag airlines					
Frontier Airlines	1.3%	1.7%	2.0%	3.0%	3.1%
Spirit Airlines	2.6%	4.1%	2.6%	2.9%	2.8%
American Airlines <sup>(3)</sup>	3.2%	3.5%	3.3%	2.7%	2.4%
United Airlines <sup>(3)</sup>	1.7%	1.7%	1.5%	2.0%	1.9%
JetBlue Airways	0.7%	0.6%	0.5%	0.7%	0.8%
Alaska Airlines	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Subtotal other U.S.-flag airlines</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>11.8%</b>	<b>10.2%</b>	<b>11.5%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>
<b>Total Domestic</b>	<b>89.6%</b>	<b>93.9%</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>88.4%</b>	<b>86.9%</b>
<b>International</b>					
Delta and affiliates					
Delta Air Lines	8.2%	5.5%	7.5%	8.9%	10.0%
Endeavor Air	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
SkyWest Airlines	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Subtotal Delta</b>	<b>8.5%</b>	<b>5.6%</b>	<b>7.6%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>10.1%</b>
Frontier Airlines	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%
Southwest Airlines	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Foreign-flag airlines	1.9%	0.5%	1.5%	2.2%	2.6%
Other U.S.-flag airlines	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Total International</b>	<b>10.4%</b>	<b>6.1%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>11.6%</b>	<b>13.1%</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

(1) Totals may not add due to rounding.

(2) Historical patterns of passenger traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(3) Includes regional affiliates.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 5

**Historical Aircraft Operations**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Air Carrier</b>	<b>Air Taxi/ Commuter</b>	<b>General Aviation</b>	<b>Military</b>	<b>Total Operations</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>
2020 <sup>(1)</sup>	648,284	69,268	5,524	241	723,317	
2021 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	569,345	42,842	3,903	265	616,355	(14.8%)
2022 <sup>(1)</sup>	672,008	46,920	6,286	294	725,508	17.7
2023 <sup>(1)</sup>	713,718	27,877	6,523	203	748,321	3.1
2024 <sup>(1)</sup>	775,124	8,651	6,605	266	790,646	5.7

(1) Historical patterns of passenger traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(2) Information for Fiscal Year 2021 was revised and reissued in 2022.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 6

**Historical Aircraft Landed Weight**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**(amounts in thousands of pounds)**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Signatory Airlines</b>	<b>Non-Signatory Airlines</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>
2020 <sup>(1)</sup>	51,874,000	280,000	52,154,000	
2021 <sup>(1)</sup>	42,605,000	511,000	43,116,000	(17.3%)
2022 <sup>(1)</sup>	54,537,000	603,000	55,140,000	27.9
2023 <sup>(1)</sup>	57,444,000	567,000	58,011,000	5.2
2024 <sup>(1)</sup>	61,690,000	483,000	62,173,000	7.2

(1) Historical patterns of passenger and air cargo traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 7

**Historical Air Cargo and Mail <sup>(1)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**(amounts in metric tons)**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Cargo</b>	<b>Mail</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Percent Annual Change</b>
2020 <sup>(2)</sup>	561,364	31,770	593,134	
2021 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	638,396	47,688	686,084	15.7%
2022 <sup>(2)</sup>	693,277	36,769	730,046	6.4
2023 <sup>(2)</sup>	582,937	29,333	612,270	(16.1)
2024 <sup>(2)</sup>	593,836	8,445	602,281	(1.6)

(1) Including deplaned and enplaned amounts on all cargo and passenger airline aircraft.

(2) Historical patterns of air cargo traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(3) Information for Fiscal Year 2021 was revised and reissued in 2022.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 8

**Historical Air Cargo (Enplaned & Deplaned) by Airline<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**(amounts in metric tons)**

	<b>2020<sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(4)(5)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(4)</sup></b>
<b>Domestic</b>					
FedEx	120,756	119,217	123,810	100,338	94,938
UPS	57,689	68,107	66,838	65,133	58,144
Delta	28,752	39,422	52,471	40,416	47,519
ABX	15,011	15,474	1,582	8,697	24,895
Air Transport International	-	-	17	35	14,995
Southwest	6,306	8,611	5,952	5,532	5,303
DHL Express	21,020	25,409	26,119	15,953	4,230
Other	5,398	3,524	1,529	1,507	6,175
<b>Total Domestic</b>	<b>254,932</b>	<b>279,764</b>	<b>278,316</b>	<b>237,611</b>	<b>256,199</b>
<b>International</b>					
Delta	47,717	60,518	72,550	64,234	81,848
Lufthansa	32,682	32,078	36,253	34,814	31,240
Qatar Airways	27,192	29,837	28,949	27,854	25,880
Korean Air	21,644	39,364	42,065	26,418	21,652
EVA Airways	20,668	25,665	33,641	25,389	23,068
China Airlines	22,137	27,594	26,760	21,723	12,712
Turkish Airlines	14,560	16,017	17,962	18,312	21,265
Cargolux	17,846	21,342	18,572	18,126	21,987
Air France	9,356	11,345	15,956	14,540	12,935
Asiana	10,678	17,873	21,882	13,269	10,836
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	10,147	11,395	17,731	12,357	11,717
Cathay Pacific	15,466	-	2,386	11,492	7,548
Challenge Airlines <sup>(6)</sup>	9,400	9,455	11,778	10,555	8,798
British Airways	9,104	15,765	12,444	10,302	10,394
Virgin Atlantic Airways	6,143	863	16,232	9,886	11,945
DHL Express	-	-	-	9,618	6,070
Magma Aviation	2,753	8,444	19,302	8,931	3,444
China Cargo Airlines	6,151	2,779	2,687	1,962	783
AirBridgeCargo	8,275	6,203	-	-	-
CargoLogicAir	2,276	5,719	-	-	-
Air Canada	1,680	3,082	989	1,663	7,566
Other	10,557	13,295	16,825	3,881	5,949
<b>Total International</b>	<b>306,432</b>	<b>358,632</b>	<b>414,961</b>	<b>345,326</b>	<b>337,637</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>561,364</b>	<b>638,396</b>	<b>693,277</b>	<b>582,937</b>	<b>593,836</b>

(1) Totals may not add due to rounding.

(2) Air cargo only (excluding mail).

(3) Certain amounts previously reported may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

(4) Historical patterns of air cargo traffic at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(5) Information for Fiscal Year 2021 was revised and reissued in 2022.

(6) CAL Cargo rebranded to Challenge Airlines in 2022.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 9

**Historical Revenue and Expenses**  
**Cash Basis: Conversion from Accrual to Cash Basis <sup>(1)(2)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**Unaudited**  
**(amounts in thousands)**  
**(CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)**

	<b>2020<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(3)</sup></b>
<b>Landing Fees</b>					
Signatory	\$ 37,866	\$ 36,183	\$ - <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 28,517	\$ 85,699
Nonsignatory & Other	419	490	181	452	922
Total Landing Fees	<u>\$ 38,285</u>	<u>\$ 36,673</u>	<u>\$ 181</u>	<u>\$ 28,969</u>	<u>\$ 86,621</u>
<b>CPTC Rentals</b>					
Central Terminal Building & Apron	\$ 176,148	\$ 153,891	\$ 111,163	\$ 154,919	\$ 228,814
Central Terminal Tenant Finishes	5,952	5,943	5,940	5,885	5,717
Airline Credits	(82,307)	(48,502)	(68,825)	(71,547)	(100,041)
Total CPTC Rentals	<u>\$ 99,793</u>	<u>\$ 111,332</u>	<u>\$ 48,278</u>	<u>\$ 89,257</u>	<u>\$ 134,490</u>
<b>Concession Revenues</b>					
Terminal Concessions	\$ 87,887	\$ 28,539	\$ 33,491	\$ 61,433	\$ 127,370
Communication Services & Other	1,315	1,300	1,309	1,342	1,375
Parking	107,378	65,807	148,382	164,478	165,817
Car Rentals	32,001	33,423	45,636	53,039	54,030
Ground Transportation	9,941	5,243	9,761	12,218	13,638
Total Concession Revenues	<u>\$ 238,522</u>	<u>\$ 134,312</u>	<u>\$ 238,579</u>	<u>\$ 292,509</u>	<u>\$ 362,229</u>
<b>Other Revenues</b>					
Landside Rentals	\$ 7,094	\$ 7,160	\$ 6,805	\$ 7,707	\$ 7,334
Airside Rentals	40,925	42,117	55,261	60,106	64,523
Other Income	1,856	2,714	9,818	8,840	6,641
Total Other Revenues	<u>\$ 49,875</u>	<u>\$ 51,992</u>	<u>\$ 71,884</u>	<u>\$ 76,653</u>	<u>\$ 78,497</u>
<b>Non-Airline Cost Recoveries</b>					
SkyTrain and Rental Car Center	\$ 7,443	\$ 8,375	\$ 9,253	\$ 9,792	\$ 9,412
Rental Car Center O&M	8,400	11,786	11,182	11,121	10,872
Total Non-Airline Cost Recoveries	<u>\$ 15,843</u>	<u>\$ 20,161</u>	<u>\$ 20,435</u>	<u>\$ 20,913</u>	<u>\$ 20,284</u>
<b>Revenues</b>	<u><b>\$ 442,318</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 354,470</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 379,357</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 508,301</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 682,121</b></u>
<b>Accrual to Cash Basis Adjustment</b>	<u><b>(31,664)</b></u>	<u><b>23,409</b></u>	<u><b>4,190</b></u>	<u><b>(5,804)</b></u>	<u><b>3,197</b></u>
<b>Total Operating Revenues (Cash Basis)</b>	<u><b>\$ 410,654</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 377,879</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 383,547</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 502,497</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 685,318</b></u>

(1) Totals may not add due to rounding.

(2) Certain amounts previously reported may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

(3) Historical revenues and expenses at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(4) The Fiscal Year 2022 rates and charges eliminated all landing fees for Signatory Airlines in Fiscal Year 2022.

(5) Includes amounts from construction in progress reconciliation as reported by the Department of Aviation.

(6) Adjustment for major maintenance expenditures reflects modification presented in the Material Event Notice dated November 21, 2014.

(7) The City was awarded \$738.5 million of COVID-19 Relief Grants for the Airport consisting of: (a) \$338.5 million of grant funds under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, (b) \$75.8 million of grant funds under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, and (c) \$324.2 million of grant funds under the American Rescue Plan Act. During Fiscal Years 2020 to 2023, the Department of Aviation utilized a total of \$395.2 million of the COVID-19 Relief Grants to reimburse eligible operating expenses, \$340.9 million to reimburse eligible debt service on General Revenue Bonds, and \$2.4 million to reimburse eligible debt service on the Series 2006A/B Bonds. COVID-19 Relief Grants used for reimbursement of operating expenses are reflected as an adjustment to Net Revenues.

(8) As reported in the financial records of the City. The above presentation includes investment earnings on the Operating Fund and the Renewal and Extension Fund only. Earnings exclude unrealized gains.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 9

**Historical Revenue and Expenses**  
**Cash Basis: Conversion from Accrual to Cash Basis<sup>(1)(2)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**Unaudited**  
**(amounts in thousands)**  
**(CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE)**

	<b>2020<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(3)</sup></b>
<b>Expenses</b>					
Administration	\$ 89,276	\$ 95,685	\$ 95,430	\$ 106,057	\$ 106,731
Operations & Security	38,173	32,929	34,430	41,538	48,038
AGTS Maintenance	21,808	22,216	22,203	23,848	24,848
Building Maintenance	7,538	9,508	6,979	10,288	14,166
Rental Car Center Operations	5,545	8,724	8,652	9,873	9,413
SkyTrain	6,580	8,568	9,432	10,982	10,087
Parking Operations	32,455	21,258	34,786	43,157	46,350
Airfield Maintenance	21,979	25,567	27,144	30,997	31,614
Fire Services	24,463	27,856	28,987	31,728	33,817
Police Services	24,833	24,028	24,993	26,450	29,935
Other City Departments	8,335	9,651	9,447	10,535	11,222
Nondepartmental	14,815	6,989	(20,403)	3,244	20,201
Planning & Development	27,404	25,642	26,785	22,459	16,782
<b>Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 323,202</b>	<b>\$ 318,622</b>	<b>\$ 308,865</b>	<b>\$ 371,155</b>	<b>\$ 403,204</b>
<b>Accrual to Cash Basis Adjustment</b>		12,909	8,594	36,820	7,212
<b>Total Operating Expenses (Cash Basis)<sup>(5)</sup></b>		<b>\$ 336,111</b>	<b>\$ 327,216</b>	<b>\$ 345,685</b>	<b>\$ 378,367</b>
<b>Adjustments:</b>					
<b>Major Maintenance Expenditures (Planning &amp; Development)<sup>(6)</sup></b>	\$ 27,404	\$ 25,642	26,785	22,459	16,782
<b>Expenses Paid from COVID-19 Relief Grant Funds<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<u>\$ 34,836</u>	<u>\$ 10,561</u>	<u>93,237</u>	<u>256,609</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Operating Revenues (Cash Basis)</b>	\$ 136,783	\$ 86,866	\$ 157,884	\$ 403,198	\$ 295,699
<b>Investment Income<sup>(8)</sup></b>	<u>\$ 17,218</u>	<u>\$ 9,386</u>	<u>\$ 9,501</u>	<u>\$ 25,248</u>	<u>\$ 45,809</u>
<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 154,001</b>	<b>\$ 96,252</b>	<b>\$ 167,385</b>	<b>\$ 428,446</b>	<b>\$ 341,508</b>

(1) Totals may not add due to rounding.

(2) Certain amounts previously reported may have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

(3) Historical revenues and expenses at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(4) The Fiscal Year 2022 rates and charges eliminated all landing fees for Signatory Airlines in Fiscal Year 2022.

(5) Includes amounts from construction in progress reconciliation as reported by the Department of Aviation.

(6) Adjustment for major maintenance expenditures reflects modification presented in the Material Event Notice dated November 21, 2014.

(7) The City was awarded \$738.5 million of COVID-19 Relief Grants for the Airport consisting of: (a) \$338.5 million of grant funds under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, (b) \$75.8 million of grant funds under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, and (c) \$324.2 million of grant funds under the American Rescue Plan Act. During Fiscal Years 2020 to 2023, the Department of Aviation utilized a total of \$395.2 million of the COVID-19 Relief Grants to reimburse eligible operating expenses, \$340.9 million to reimburse eligible debt service on General Revenue Bonds, and \$2.4 million to reimburse eligible debt service on the Series 2006A/B Bonds. COVID-19 Relief Grants used for reimbursement of operating expenses are reflected as an adjustment to Net Revenues.

(8) As reported in the financial records of the City. The above presentation includes investment earnings on the Operating Fund and the Renewal and Extension Fund only. Earnings exclude unrealized gains.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 10

<b>Historical Debt Service Coverage</b> <b>General Revenue Bonds Cash Basis, Unaudited</b> <b>Fiscal Years Ended June 30</b> <b>(amounts in thousands)</b>						
	<b>2020<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(1)</sup></b>	
Revenues:						
Operating Revenues - Receipts from Customers & Tenants	\$ 410,654	\$ 377,879	\$ 383,547	\$ 502,497	\$ 685,318	
Investment Income <sup>(3)</sup>	17,218	9,386	9,501	25,248	45,809	
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 427,872</u>	<u>\$ 387,265</u>	<u>\$ 393,048<sup>(4)</sup></u>	<u>\$ 527,745<sup>(4)</sup></u>	<u>\$ 731,127</u>	
Operating Expenses:						
Payments to Suppliers for Goods & Services	\$ 232,581	\$ 215,791	\$ 230,379	\$ 243,000	\$ 259,351	
Payments to or on Behalf of Employees	103,530	111,425	115,306	135,367	147,050	
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 336,111</u>	<u>\$ 327,216</u>	<u>\$ 345,685</u>	<u>\$ 378,367</u>	<u>\$ 406,401</u>	
Adjustment: Major Maintenance Expenditures (Planning & Development) <sup>(5)</sup>	27,404	25,642	26,785	22,459	16,782	
Adjustment: Expenses paid from COVID-19 Relief Grants <sup>(7)</sup>	34,836	10,561	93,237	256,609	-	
<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b><u>\$ 154,001</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 96,252</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 167,385</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 428,446</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 341,508</u></b>	
General Revenue Bond Debt Service Requirements	\$ 171,957	\$ 136,262	\$ 91,535	\$ 116,683	\$ 157,111	
General Revenue Bond Debt Service paid from PFC Revenues <sup>(6)</sup>	25,583	8,342	8,600	6,618	24,803	
General Revenue Bond Debt Service paid from COVID-19 Relief Grants <sup>(7)</sup>	46,045	101,890	82,935	110,065	-	
General Revenue Bond Debt Service paid from Net Revenues	\$ 100,329	\$ 26,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,308	
Debt Service Coverage on General Revenue Bond Debt Service paid from Net Revenues	1.53	3.70	N/A	N/A	2.58	

(1) Historical revenues and expenses at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(2) In Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023, COVID-19 Relief Grants were used to offset all debt service requirements, therefore no net revenues were used to pay debt service.

(3) As reported in the financial records of the Department. For purposes of the calculation of the debt service coverage, the above presentation includes investment earnings on the Operating Fund and the Renewal and Extension Fund only. Earnings exclude unrealized gains and losses.

(4) Excludes \$57.3 million of COVID-19 Relief Grant Funds, which were used to reduce the percentage rent obligation for concessionaires.

(5) Adjustment for major maintenance expenditures reflects modification presented in the Material Event Notice dated November 21, 2014.

(6) In Fiscal Years 2020 through 2024, PFC funds were applied to pay debt service on General Revenue Bonds for related debt on the 5th runway.

(7) The City was awarded \$738.5 million of COVID-19 Relief Grants for the Airport. During Fiscal Years 2020 to 2023, the Department of Aviation utilized a total of \$395.2 million of the COVID-19 Relief Grants to reimburse eligible operating expenses and \$340.9 million to reimburse eligible General Revenue Bonds debt service. COVID-19 Relief Grants used for reimbursement of operating expenses are reflected as an adjustment to Net Revenues.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 11

**Historical Debt Service Coverage**  
**Outstanding PFC Revenue Hybrid Bonds Cash Basis, Unaudited**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**(amounts in thousands)**

	<b>2020<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(1)</sup></b>
PFC Collections	\$ 179,196	\$ 82,609	\$ 175,500	\$ 185,107	\$ 199,342
Investment Earnings <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	16,701	14,248	14,880	17,472	18,598
PFC Revenues	<u>\$ 195,897</u>	<u>\$ 96,857</u>	<u>\$ 190,380</u>	<u>\$ 202,579</u>	<u>\$ 217,940</u>
Debt Service Requirements for Outstanding Hybrid PFC Bonds <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	\$ 120,508 <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 53,795	\$ 78,792	\$ 87,176	\$ 104,222
Outstanding Hybrid PFC Bond Debt Service paid from General Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding Hybrid PFC Bond Debt Service paid from PFC Revenues	\$ 120,508 <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 53,795	\$ 78,792	\$ 87,176	\$ 104,222
Debt Service Coverage on Outstanding Hybrid PFC Bonds paid from PFC Revenues	1.63 <sup>(5)</sup>	1.80	2.42	2.32	2.09

(1) Historical PFC revenues at the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(2) Fiscal Years 2020 through 2024 are reported earnings from the Department audited financial statements. Earnings exclude unrealized gains and losses.

(3) Calculated per the requirements of the Bond Ordinance.

(4) Fiscal Year 2020 includes a \$25 million prepayment of the debt service due in Fiscal Year 2021, which is excluded from Fiscal Year 2021 for purposes of calculating debt service coverage.

(5) Information for Fiscal Year 2020 was revised to include a debt service payment that was previously omitted.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

TABLE 12

**Historical Airline Payments per Enplaned Passenger Paid to the City**  
**Accrual Basis, Unaudited<sup>(1)</sup>**  
**Fiscal Years Ended June 30**  
**(dollars and passengers in thousands except per passenger rates)**

	<b>2020<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2021<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2022<sup>(2)(3)</sup></b>	<b>2023<sup>(2)(3)</sup></b>	<b>2024<sup>(2)</sup></b>
Landing fees	\$ 38,285	\$ 36,673	\$ 181 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 28,969	\$ 86,621
Less: Landing fees paid by all-cargo and non-signatory airlines	(2,815)	(3,379)	(181)	(1,540)	(4,179)
Subtotal	<u>\$ 35,470</u>	<u>\$ 33,294</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,428</u>	<u>\$ 82,442</u>
CPTC rentals	\$ 182,100	\$ 159,834	\$ 117,103	\$ 160,804	\$ 234,530
Less: Airline credits	(82,307)	(48,502)	(68,825)	(71,547)	(100,041)
Less: Non-aeronautical CPTC Rentals	(2,928)	(2,295)	(1,564)	(3,981)	(5,774)
Subtotal	<u>\$ 96,865</u>	<u>\$ 109,038</u>	<u>\$ 46,714</u>	<u>\$ 85,277</u>	<u>\$ 128,715</u>
Total	<u>\$ 132,335</u>	<u>\$ 142,332</u>	<u>\$ 46,714</u>	<u>\$ 112,705</u>	<u>\$ 211,157</u>
Enplaned passengers	39,748	24,928 <sup>(5)</sup>	44,861	49,694 <sup>(5)</sup>	53,681
Airline payments per enplaned passenger	\$ 3.33	\$ 5.71	\$ 1.04	\$ 2.27	\$ 3.93

(1) Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

(2) Historical airline landing fees, terminal rents and other charges paid by the passenger airlines serving the Airport were disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic beginning in February 2020.

(3) During Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023, airline rates and charges were lower due to COVID-19 relief grants being used to offset expenses normally paid from airline rates and charges.

(4) The Fiscal Year 2022 rates and charges eliminated all landing fees for Signatory Airlines in Fiscal Year 2022.

(5) Information regarding enplaned passengers for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2023 was revised in 2022 and 2024, respectively.

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation.

**EXHIBIT B**

**2024 DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION ACFR**



# 2024

## Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

Prepared by Finance Division



DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION

An enterprise fund of the City of Atlanta, Georgia  
6000 North Terminal Parkway . Suite 4000 . Atlanta, GA 30320



# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Department of Aviation  
An enterprise fund of the City of Atlanta, Georgia

Prepared by the Finance Division

Andre Dickens  
Mayor

Jan Lennon  
Interim Airport General Manager

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**Mayor of Atlanta**  
Andre Dickens



**Interim Airport  
General Manager**  
Jan Lennon



**Airport Deputy General  
Manager & CFO**  
Bryan Benefiel

# Introductory Section

## Section Content:

- Letter of Transmittal
- GFOA Certificate of Achievement
- Principal Officers
- Organizational Chart





**Andre Dickens**  
Mayor

**Jan Lennon**  
Interim Airport General Manager

### **Letter of Transmittal**

**December 18, 2024**

**Honorable Mayor Andre Dickens, City of Atlanta**

**Honorable President Doug Shipman, Atlanta City Council**

**Honorable Byron Amos, Chair – Transportation Committee, Atlanta City Council**

**Honorable Howard Shook, Chair – Finance Executive Committee, Atlanta City Council**

**Honorable Members, Atlanta City Council**

**LaChandra Burks, Chief Operating Officer, City of Atlanta**

**55 Trinity Avenue**

**Atlanta, Georgia 30303**

**Members of the Atlanta City Council and Citizens of Atlanta:**

We are pleased to present the Fiscal Year 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Atlanta's Department of Aviation (Department). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the presented data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner that fairly presents the Department's financial position, the results of its operations, and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the Department's financial activities.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the Department has established an internal control framework to protect the Department's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Department's financial statements that conform with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The cost of internal controls should never outweigh their benefits. The Department's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. This report conforms to the guidelines of GAAP as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

In addition, an audit of the financial statements has been completed by the Department's independent auditor, Mauldin & Jenkins. The audit was performed to provide reasonable assurance that the Department's financial statements are free of material misstatements. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for issuing an unmodified (clean) opinion that the Department's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP. This Independent Auditors' Report is presented at the beginning of the Financial Section of the ACFR.



**City of Atlanta | Department of Aviation**

**P.O. Box 20509 | Atlanta, GA USA 30320-2509 | Tel: (404) 530-6600 | [www.atl.com](http://www.atl.com)**

The Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which is presented in the Financial Section immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report. MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements.

This report may also be accessed online at [www.atl.com/business-information/investor-relations](http://www.atl.com/business-information/investor-relations).

### **Background**

Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport (Airport) is owned by the City of Atlanta (City) and operated by the Department. The Airport is classified as a large hub by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), is the principal Airport serving the state of Georgia and the southeastern United States and serves as a primary transfer point in the national air transportation system. The Department, led by the Airport General Manager, directly supervises Airport operations. The Department has a staff of 1,368, including Atlanta Fire Rescue Department and Atlanta Police Department employees. The Department is responsible for managing, operating, and developing the Airport and any other airfields that the City may control in the future; negotiating leases, agreements and contracts; computing and supervising the collection of revenue generated by the Airport; and coordinating aviation activities with the FAA. The FAA has regulatory authority over equipment, air traffic control and operating standards at the Airport.

For financial reporting purposes, the Department is classified as an enterprise fund. The Airport does not receive any funding from the General Fund of the City or income that is derived mostly from ad-valorem taxes assessed to City of Atlanta residents. Instead, the Airport receives its revenues from landing fees, property leases, parking and other Airport-specific revenue sources.

An annual budget for the Airport is prepared utilizing the Airport Use and Lease Agreements (AULA) and other significant agreements between the Airport and its tenants. The budget is prepared on a non-GAAP basis since capital expenditures are included as expenses and depreciation is not budgeted, which conforms to the budget process for the City. Budgetary control is established at the office level of each department. The purchasing and accounts payable subsystems, which automatically encumber budget moneys prior to the issuance of purchase orders and disbursement of funds, maintain and strengthen budgetary control.

Our vision is to be the global leader in airport efficiency and exceptional customer experience and our mission is one team, delivering excellence while connecting our community to the world.

### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

International passenger traffic at U.S. airports is influenced by the globalization of business, international trade and tourism, international economics, trade balances, currency exchange rates, government policies, and geopolitical relationships. Concerns about hostilities, terrorist attacks, insider threats, other perceived security risks, and associated travel restrictions also affect travel demand to and from particular international destinations from time to time. Future increases in international passenger traffic at the Airport will partly depend on global economic growth, a stable and secure travel environment, and government policies that do not unreasonably restrict or deter travel. The ongoing wars between Russia and Ukraine, Israel and Hamas, and other conflicts around the world have continued to create catastrophic destruction, loss of life, and a humanitarian and refugee crisis in Eastern Europe and the Middle East. These wars may continue to cause instability and economic disruption beyond the countries' borders, contributing to increased energy and commodity prices, worsened inflation, disrupted international commerce, and slowed economic growth.

The Airport's financial performance is dependent partially on the profitability of our stakeholders, more specifically, our major carriers. However, with inflation easing, the cost of jet fuel declining, and passenger confidence strong, travel is expected to continue to increase.

The Airport's performance will also be affected by the ability to meet the growing passenger and cargo demands of the future. As part of the AULA, the Airport and Airlines have agreed to a multi-billion dollar capital plan. The capital plan includes the development of new gates widening of Concourse D, significant renewal and replacement investment, new parking facilities, cargo facilities, and other improvements to enhance the overall passenger experience. The capital plan infrastructure and development are focused on creating a resilient Airport for the future.

Lastly, the Department is focused on executing a list of priorities aimed at modernizing the Airport by expanding air service capacity, enhancing the travel experience for guests who travel through the Airport, growing revenue by implementing more non-aeronautical initiatives, maximizing operational efficiency, and strengthening the Airport's impact on the local and regional economy.

#### **Aeronautical and Non-Aeronautical Revenue**

Most of the passenger and cargo airlines serving the Airport operate under the terms of the AULA, under which the airlines pay landing fees, terminal rentals, and other charges calculated to allow the Department to recover certain operating, maintenance, and debt service expenses. Collectively, these airline rentals, fees, and charges are considered aeronautical in nature, and a majority of them are used to calculate the "direct" cost per enplaned passenger (CPE), a key metric for the industry. Some operating and maintenance costs incurred by third-party facility operators are paid directly by the airlines and are reflected in Airport's "all-in" CPE figure.

Non-aeronautical revenues are composed mainly of food and beverage concessions, retail and service concessions rents, parking, car rentals, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Below is a chart reflecting the various metrics monitored by the Airport which are derived using aeronautical and non-aeronautical revenues. To mitigate the financial impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on our carriers, federal COVID-19 relief grant funds were used in fiscal years 2020 to 2023 to lower the operating expenses and the debt service related to the airfield. These funds were used in fiscal year 2022 to fully cover the cost of operating the airfield, effectively suspended landing fees for fiscal year 2022, as seen in the table below. In fiscal year 2024, as the industry recovered from the pandemic, the operating cost recoverable from the carriers increased, the issuance of new debt, an increase in operations, and no federal grants used to lower the rates, resulted in an increase in the landing fee rate and non-aeronautical revenues.

Please note that a portion of the All-in CPE is based on an estimate and is updated when actual numbers are available. Therefore, the All-in CPE may differ from what was previously reported.

Year	Landing Fee *	Direct CPE	All-in CPE	Non-aeronautical revenue per enplaned passenger		Total revenue per enplaned passenger
2020	\$ 0.95130	\$ 3.33	\$ 6.03	\$ 6.62	\$ 6.62	\$ 11.13
2021	0.95130	5.71	9.71	6.59	6.59	14.22
2022	—	1.04	4.00	6.14	6.14	8.46
2023	0.49730	2.27	5.23	6.64	6.64	10.23
2024	1.39330	3.93	6.78	7.39	7.39	12.71

\*Per 1,000 pounds of landed weight

## **Major Initiatives**

One of the Airport's major challenges has been its ability to provide facilities and infrastructure to meet the increasing demand for air travel. The Airport's master plan serves as the blueprint for the Airport development over the next two decades. Currently, the Airport is modernizing various elements of the Domestic Terminal, cargo facilities, concourses, parking, and airfield gates.

Major projects completed or commenced in 2024 include the following:

- **South Deicing Complex** adjacent to South Cargo and Delta Technical Operations Center. The Complex provides facilities and utilities for the storage, dispensing, collection, and treatment of fluids used to deice aircraft before takeoff. The project included construction of an enlarged aircraft parking apron to allow the deicing of five Group V aircraft.
- **Replacement of Ramp 19 and Taxiway A3 pavement** at the Central Passenger Terminal Complex. The project involved replacement of under drains and storm lines and installation of a new storm sewer collection and discharge system. The project also realigned and replaced the adjacent non-licensed vehicle roadway and portions of the security identification display area fence and access gate.
- **Explosive Detection System Recapitalization and Optimization** program. The project replaced the computer tomography explosive detection machines with upgraded machines. Extensive changes and upgrades were made to the existing baggage handling conveyor and control systems to support the upgraded explosive detection system.
- **The completion of Ramp 20 Pavement Replacement** replaced aging, distressed, substandard asphalt and concrete pavement on the north deicing and maintenance ramp with Portland Cement Concrete. The project also included improvements to site drainage, under drains, an electrical duct bank, and permanent markings.

## **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Department in connection with its Annual Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The Department published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report, which satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our Annual Report for fiscal year 2024 meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA for their consideration.

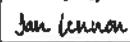
## **Acknowledgments**

We wish to thank all of the Department's employees for their continued hard work and dedication during the past fiscal year. We also would like to thank the Airport's Finance Division for its tireless efforts and professionalism in preparing this report, as well as the City's Department of Finance for their invaluable assistance.

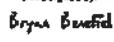
Finally, a special acknowledgment is extended to Atlanta Mayor Andre Dickens, Chief Operating Officer LaChandra Burks, the Atlanta City Council, and members of the Transportation and Finance Executive committees for their continued leadership in enabling the Department to fulfill its role.

**The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Atlanta's Department of Aviation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 (FY 2024), is submitted herewith.**

Respectfully,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**Jan Lennon**

**Jan Lennon**  
Interim Airport General Manager  
Department of Aviation

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**Bryan Benefiel**

**Bryan Benefiel**  
Airport Deputy General Manager,  
Chief Financial Officer  
Department of Aviation



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

**City of Atlanta**

**Department of Aviation  
Georgia**

For its Annual Comprehensive  
Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended  
**June 30, 2023**

*Christopher P. Morrell*

Executive Director/CEO



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

## Principal Officers

### EXECUTIVE

Mayor .....	Andre Dickens
Chief of Staff .....	Odie Donald II
Chief Operating Officer .....	LaChandra Burks
Chief Financial Officer .....	Mohamed M. Balla
City Attorney .....	Patrise M. Perkins-Hooker

### LEGISLATIVE

President of Council ..... Doug Shipman

#### Members of Council

District 1 – Jason Winston *	District 7 – Howard Shook * Chair
District 2 – Amir R. Farokhi +	District 8 – Mary Norwood
District 3 – Byron Amos + Chair / *	District 9 – Dustin R. Hillis + / *
District 4 – Jason S. Dozier + / *	District 10 – Andrea L. Boone
District 5 – Liliana Bakhtiari *	District 11 – Marci Collier Overstreet +/*
District 6 – Alex Wan + / *	District 12 – Antonio Lewis +

#### Members of Council – At-Large

City Council – At-Large – Post 1 – Michael Julian Bond
City Council – At-Large – Post 2 – Matt Westmoreland
City Council – At-Large – Post 3 – Eshe' Collins**

#### Committee Members with Department Oversight

\* Finance Executive Committee (FEC)

+ Transportation Committee (TC)

\*\*Eshe' Collins official Oath of Service on  
December 16, 2024

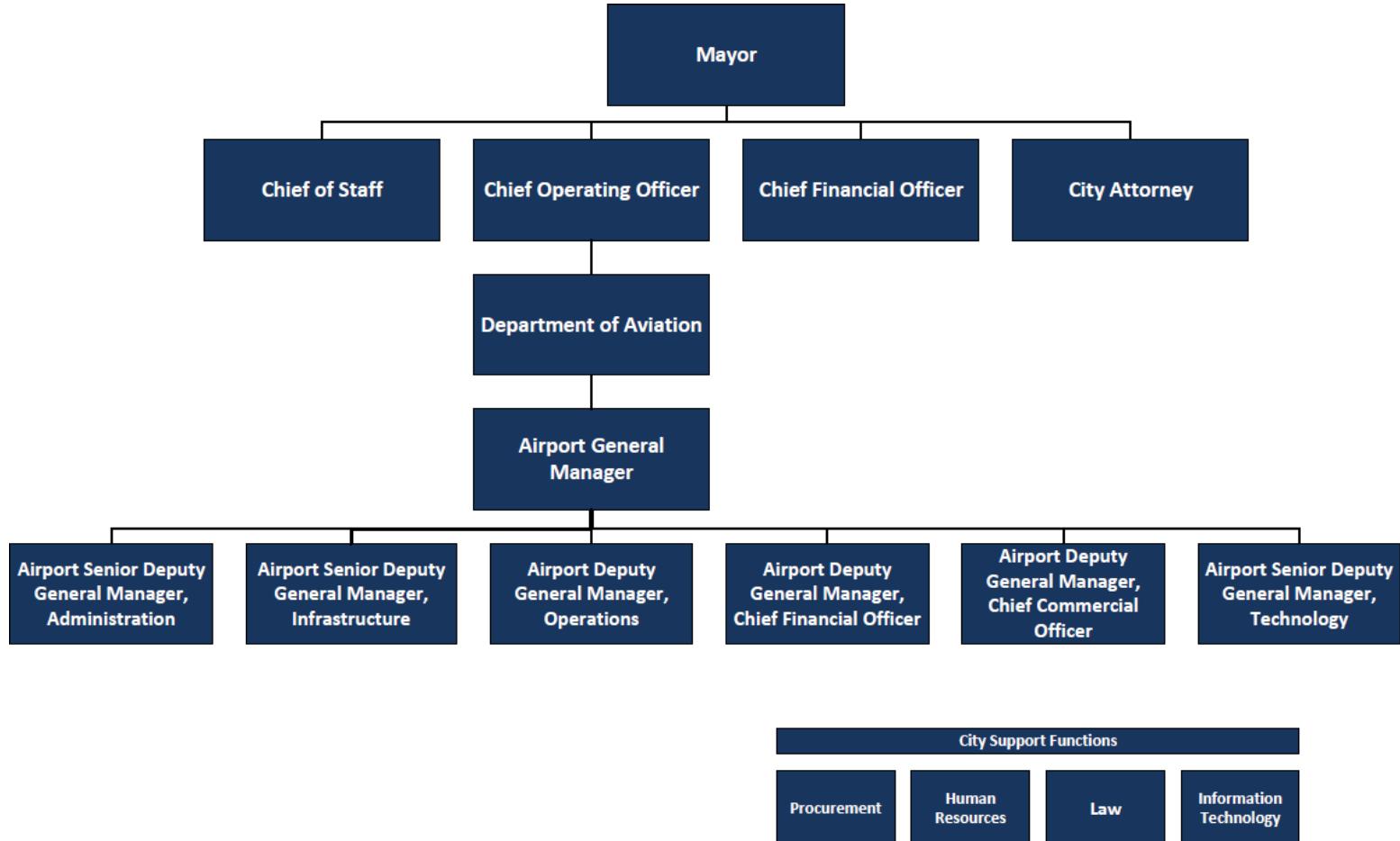
## DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Airport General Manager, Interim  
Jan Lennon

Airport Senior Deputy General Manager, Administration	Michael L. Smith
Airport Senior Deputy General Manager, Infrastructure	Frank Rucker
Airport Deputy General Manager, Operations	Vacant
Airport Deputy General Manager, Chief Financial Officer	Bryan Benefiel
Airport Deputy General Manager, Chief Commercial Officer	Vacant
Airport Senior Deputy General Manager, Technology	Chris Crist



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





# Financial Section



## Section Content:

Independent Auditors' Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Basic Financial Statements:

Statements of Net Position

Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Statements of Cash Flows

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and

Related Ratios and Contributions



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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**To the Honorable Mayor and Members  
Of the City Council of the  
City of Atlanta, Georgia**

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the **Department of Aviation** (the "Department"), a major enterprise fund of the City of Atlanta, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Department as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Department and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Department's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Department's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Department of Aviation, a major enterprise fund of the City of Atlanta, and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Atlanta, Georgia, as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Contributions, and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the table of contents, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

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**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2024, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC*

Atlanta, Georgia  
December 17, 2024



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

# Management Discussion Analysis



The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of the City of Atlanta, Georgia, Department of Aviation (Department) provides an introduction and understanding of the Department's basic financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 with selected comparable data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, notes, and supplementary information found in this report. Taken collectively, this information is designed to provide the reader with an understanding of the Department's finances.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Department is a major enterprise fund wholly owned by the City of Atlanta (City) and conducts business-type activities in its operation of Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport (Airport or ATL). The Airport is financially self-supporting and does not draw on any other City resources to fund its operations, nor does the City draw from any of the Airport's revenues to fund non-airport activities.

The Department's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Therefore, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Capital assets, except for land and assets held for future use, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. See Note 1 to the Financial Statements for a summary of the Department's significant accounting policies and practices.

The Statements of Net Position present information on all Department's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the Department's financial standing.

The Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the Department's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for certain items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statements of Cash Flows report the flows of cash and cash equivalents. Consequently, only transactions that affect the Department's cash accounts are recorded in these statements. A reconciliation follows these statements to assist in the understanding of the difference between cash flows from operating activities and operating income.

## Aviation Achievements

The airport is focused on the future development of the airport and emphasizes this focus in our three strategic pillars: People, Purpose, and Performance. Key achievements of fiscal year 2024 are summarized below:

- Airports Council International named ATL world's busiest airport for calendar year 2023.
- ATL earns Airports Council International Airport Service Quality Best (ASQ) Airport over 40 Million Passengers in North America Award.
- ATL wins 2023 Business Traveler Award for "North America's Best Airport".
- Hartsfield-Jackson was awarded the 2023 Aspire Design Award presented by the American Institute of Architects state chapters of Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina. ATL received the Citation Award in the Adaptive Reuse/Historic Preservation category for the Airport's canopies and terminal modernization projects.

During fiscal year 2024, total enplanements increased by 8.0% from the previous year as a result of increased travel demand. The following chart shows total enplaned passengers, flight operations, air cargo and mail activity (measured in metric tons).

Enplanements and Operations Activity:	2024	2023	2022
Enplanements	53,681,363	49,693,702	44,860,920
Percent change from prior year	8.0 %	10.8 %	80.0 %
Flight operations	790,646	748,321	725,508
Percent change from prior year	5.7 %	3.1 %	17.7 %
Air cargo and mail (metric tons)	602,281	612,270	730,046
Percent change from prior year	(1.6)%	(16.1)%	6.4 %

The total number of enplaned and deplaned passengers served by the Airport in fiscal year 2024 was approximately 107.5 million, which is an increase of 8.1% over the previous year. Total enplaned and deplaned total passengers in fiscal year 2023 and 2022 were 99.5 million and 89.8 million, respectively.

## Financial Highlights

### Revenues

The Airport Use and Lease Agreement provides for the payment of rentals, fees, and charges for airline use and occupancy of airfield and terminal facilities to allow the Airport to recover all operating and maintenance expenses, bond debt service, and coverage on bond debt service

allocable to the airfield and terminal cost centers. Coverage is to be calculated at 20% for outstanding bonds issued prior to 2016 and bonds issued for the Terminal Modernization Project. Coverage is to be calculated at 30% for bond issued after 2016 and all other future bonds. Terminal rentals, fees, and other charges are offset by a credit of a share of terminal concessions revenues and a per-passenger credit.

Total revenue for the Airport increased by 31.4% in 2024 compared to 2023 due to increased passenger traffic throughout the year as the demand for air travel increased. Operating revenue increased by 34.2% while nonoperating revenue increased by 25.9%. Comparative figures for the last three fiscal years are as follows (in thousands).

Revenues	2024	2023	2022
Operating revenue	\$ 682,121	508,301	379,357
Percent change	34.2 %	34.0 %	7.0 %
Nonoperating revenue, net	\$ 318,112	252,760	158,681
Percent change	25.9 %	59.3 %	67.0 %
Total revenue	\$ 1,000,233	761,061	538,038
Total percent change	31.4 %	41.5 %	19.7 %

### Operating Revenue

Operating revenue increased by 34.2% in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023. Other Concessions increased by \$67.4 million, and Landing Fees increased by \$57.7 million. These increases were due to the increase in passenger traffic and operations. Building and Land Rental increased by \$48.9 million, due to no COVID-19 Relief Grants Credits provided in fiscal year 2024, and the issuance of new debt. The increase of \$1.3 million in Parking is due to passenger traffic increasing, and the \$1 million increase in Car Rental is the number of rental transaction days increasing in fiscal year 2024. Other Revenues decreased by \$2.4 million, due to one-time insurance proceeds received in fiscal year 2023, prior year adjustments, and a decrease in the recoverable cost of the Rental Car Center.

Operating Revenues	2024	2023	2022
Parking	\$ 165,817	164,478	148,382
Car rental	54,030	53,039	45,636
Other concessions	142,382	74,992	44,561
Building and land rental	205,398	156,502	109,369
Landing fees	86,621	28,969	181
Other	27,896	30,321	31,228
Total operating revenue	\$ 682,144	508,301	379,357

Operating revenues increased by 34.0% in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022. Parking increased by \$16.1 million, Other Concessions increased by \$30.4 million, and Landing Fees increased by \$28.8 million. These increases were due to the increase in passenger traffic and operations. Car Rental increased due to non-airline customers renting cars at the Airport. Other Revenues decreased by \$0.9 million, due to one-time insurance proceeds received in fiscal year 2022. Building and Land Rental increased by \$47.1 million, due to the decrease of COVID-19 Relief Grants Credits provided in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022.

### **Non-operating Revenue**

Non-operating revenues consist of net investment income, Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs), Customer Facility Charges (CFCs), and other nonoperating income net of expenses. Net investment income (loss) was \$139.2 million in 2024, \$46.0 million in 2023, and \$(18.9) million in 2022. PFCs were \$203.2 million in 2024, \$189.3 million in 2023, and \$185.8 million in 2022. CFCs, which are collected to fund the financing and operation of the RCC, were \$37.9 million in 2024, \$35.3 million in 2023, and \$30.4 million in 2022. For fiscal years 2024, 2023, and 2022 operating expenses related to the RCC of \$14.3 million, \$14.4 million and \$14.0 million respectively are netted against gross CFC revenues to arrive at each year's reported CFC revenues of \$23.6 million, \$20.9 million, and \$16.4 million respectively.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses in fiscal year 2024 increased by \$47.1 million compared to fiscal year 2023. Salaries and employee benefit expenses increased \$27.7 million compared to fiscal year 2023. The salary and employee benefit line includes changes related to GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Other than Pensions. The increase in salaries and employee benefits exclusive of GASB 68 and GASB 75 was \$6.8 million due to an increase in salaries, extra-help, overtime, group health and life insurance expenses. The increase in pension expense related to GASB 68 was \$8.0 million as well as an increase of an OPEB expense of \$12.9 million. Refer to Note 8 for additional details regarding Pension and OPEB.

Repairs, maintenance, and other contractual services increased \$8.2 million primarily attributed to an increase in consulting and professional services costs in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023.

General Service expenses decreased by \$2.7 million compared to fiscal year 2023. This decrease was attributable to decreases in telephone-related expenses, and Indirect Cost.

Utilities expenses increased \$0.7 million compared to fiscal year 2023 due to an increase in electricity and water consumption.

Material and supplies expenses decreased slightly by \$0.8 million compared to fiscal year 2023 driven by a decrease in purchases of consumable and non-consumable supplies.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$1.1 million compared to fiscal year 2023 which was driven primarily by reductions in major maintenance-type expenditures and property Tax expenses that were offset by an increase in short- term rentals expenses.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by \$15.1 million compared to fiscal year 2023, which were attributable to a net increase of \$668.8 million of depreciable assets that includes the renewal and replacement of passenger boarding bridges, the completion of the Concourse T North extension, and other capital projects.

<b>Operating Expenses</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 146,568	118,840	81,971
Salaries Expenses	120,248	113,454	98,526
Pensions Expenses	26,189	18,196	(7,333)
OPEB Expenses	131	(12,810)	(9,222)
Repairs, maintenance, and other contractual services	193,982	185,774	165,422
General services	25,922	28,647	23,132
Utilities	9,875	9,210	7,854
Materials and supplies	5,462	6,214	6,359
Other operating expenses	21,394	22,470	24,127
Depreciation and amortization expenses	319,363	304,278	291,581
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 722,566</b>	<b>\$ 675,433</b>	<b>600,446</b>

Operating expenses in fiscal year 2023 increased by \$75.0 million compared to fiscal year 2022.

Salaries and employee benefit expenses increased \$36.9 million compared to fiscal year 2022. The salary and employee benefit line includes changes related to GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Other than Pensions. The increase in salaries and employee benefits exclusive of GASB 68 and GASB72 was \$14.9 million due to an increase in salaries, extra-help, overtime, group health and life insurance expenses. The increase in pension expense related to GASB 68 was \$25.5 million which was offset by an increase of an OPEB benefit of \$3.6 million. Refer to Note 8 for additional details regarding Pension and OPEB.

Repairs, maintenance, and other contractual services increased \$20.4 million primarily attributed to an increase in consulting and professional services costs in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022.

General Service expenses increased by \$5.5 million compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was attributable to increases in telephone-related expenses, motor fuel and vehicle repairs, and equipment expenses.

Utilities expenses increased \$1.4 million compared to fiscal year 2022 as a result of an increase in electricity and water consumption.

Material and supplies expenses decreased slightly by \$0.1 million compared to fiscal year 2022 driven by a decrease in purchases of consumable and non-consumable supplies during the year.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$1.7 million compared to fiscal year 2022 which was driven primarily by reductions in major maintenance-type expenditures and litigation expenses that were offset by an increase in short-term rentals and insurance expenses.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by \$12.7 million compared to fiscal year 2022, which were attributable to a net increase of \$634.7 million of depreciable assets that includes the renewal and replacement of passenger boarding bridges along with the completion of the Concourse T extension.

### **Non-operating Expenses**

Non-operating expenses consist primarily of interest on long-term debt. Interest expense was \$122.4 million in 2024, \$112.0 million in 2023, and \$91.2 million in 2022. Capitalized interest is not reflected in fiscal years 2023 and 2022 due to GASB 89.

The net increase in interest expense in fiscal year 2024 is the result of the outstanding principal, related to the 2023 bonds, and an increase in premiums amortization which was offset by a decrease in amortization of combined gains on losses.

## Changes in Net Position

The changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30 are as follows (in thousands):

Net Position	2024	2023	2022
Operating revenue	\$ 682,121	508,301	379,357
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization	403,203	371,155	308,865
Operating income before depreciation and amortization	278,918	137,146	70,492
Depreciation and amortization	319,363	304,278	291,581
Operating (loss)	(40,445)	(167,132)	(221,089)
Nonoperating income, net	184,320	555,227	251,448
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	143,875	388,095	30,359
Capital contributions	54,473	19,549	33,180
Transfers in (out)	(1,275)	(6,309)	—
Increase in net position	197,073	401,335	63,539
Net position, beginning of the year	5,568,669	5,167,334	5,103,795
Net position, end of the year	\$ 5,765,742	5,568,669	5,167,334

The Airport receives Airport Improvement Program Grants and other grant-related funds from various sources to support specific programs. In fiscal year 2024, the Airport received revenues of \$54.5 million from the Federal Aviation Administration, which includes \$1.0 million from the Transportation Security Administration. In fiscal year 2023, the Airport received revenues of \$19.5 million from the Federal Aviation Administration, which includes \$17.6 million for Airport-wide projects, and \$1.9 million from the Transportation Security Administration. The Airport also recorded \$416.2 million from the COVID-19 Relief Grants.

## Financial Position

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the Airport at the end of a fiscal year. The statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the Airport. Net position represents the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Collectively, these can be viewed as an indicator of the financial health of the Airport. During fiscal year 2024, net position increased by \$197.1 million, 3.5%. Net position increased in fiscal year 2023 by \$401.3 million, 7.8%, compared to fiscal year 2022.

Total assets increased by \$1,228.5 million, 12.7%, in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023. Non-current assets (excluding capital assets), which are predominately comprised of restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments, increased by \$24.4 million, 3.3% in 2024. These assets will be used for annual debt obligations. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$668.8 million, 9.2% in 2024.

Current assets increased by \$546.6 million in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023, which is primarily due to increases in restricted cash and cash equivalents, a decrease in account receivables, and an increase in equity in the cash management pool.

Deferred outflows of resources, which includes unamortized amounts for losses on the refunding of bond debt and other postemployment benefit-related deferred outflows, decreased by \$32.5 million in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023. This decrease is a result of a net decrease of pension and other postemployment benefit-related deferred outflows of \$22.8 million, and a decrease in amortization of deferred outflows on refunding of bond debt of \$9.7 million.

Total assets increased by \$125.1 million, 1.3%, in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022. Non-current assets (excluding capital assets), which are predominately comprised of restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments, decreased by \$376.9 million, 33.6% in, 2023. These assets will be used for annual debt obligations. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$330.8 million, 4.8% in 2023.

Deferred outflows of resources, which includes unamortized amounts for gains and losses on the refunding of bond debt and pension-related deferred outflows, increased by \$64.2 million in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022. This decrease is the result of an increase of pension-related deferred outflows of \$45.8 million and a decrease in amortization of deferred outflows on refunding of bond debt of \$18.4 million.

<b>Assets</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Current assets	\$ 2,091,447	1,544,820	1,397,228
Noncurrent assets	823,196	810,150	1,163,509
Capital assets, net	7,964,401	7,295,584	6,964,737
<b>Total Asset</b>	<b>\$ 10,879,044</b>	<b>9,650,554</b>	<b>9,525,474</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	94,617	127,135	62,983
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>\$ 10,973,661</b>	<b>9,777,689</b>	<b>9,588,457</b>

For fiscal year 2024, total liabilities increased by \$1,017.2 million due primarily to increases in commercial paper spending to cover additional projects at ATL airport and issuances of new bonds.

Deferred inflows of resources, which include pension, other postemployment benefit-related deferred inflows, and lessor-type lease activity decreased by \$11.4 million in fiscal year 2024 as a

result of charges related to GASB 68, GASB 75, and GASB 87. Refer to Note 7 for additional details regarding leases.

For fiscal year 2023, total liabilities decreased by \$197.9 million due primarily to decreases in unrestricted accounts payable, accrued expenses, contract retention, and long-term debt, which is being offset by decreases in restricted accounts payable, unearned revenue, commercial paper notes, net pension, and other postemployment benefit liabilities in 2023.

Deferred inflows of resources, which include pension, other postemployment benefit-related deferred inflows, and lessor-type lease activity decreased by \$66.7 million in fiscal year 2023 as a result of charges related to GASB 68, GASB 75, and GASB 87. Refer to Note 7 for additional details regarding leases.

<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Current liabilities (payable from unrestricted assets)	\$ 199,228	156,350	155,220
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	985,078	448,716	615,738
Noncurrent liabilities	3,893,650	3,455,711	3,487,717
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 5,077,956</b>	<b>4,060,777</b>	<b>4,258,675</b>
Deferred inflows of resources	129,963	148,243	162,448
<b>Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>\$ 5,207,919</b>	<b>4,209,020</b>	<b>4,421,123</b>

The majority of the Department's total net position for each fiscal year reflects the investment in capital assets less the related indebtedness outstanding used to acquire those capital assets. The Department uses these capital assets to provide services to the airlines, its passengers, and visitors to the Airport. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending; the Airport reports its net investment in capital assets net of related debt. The resources required to repay the debt must be provided annually from operations since it is unlikely that the capital assets themselves will be liquidated to pay the liabilities.

Restricted net position reflects the portion of the Airport's net position restricted for debt and capital projects that are subject to external restrictions under the Department's Restated and Amended Master Bond Ordinance adopted on March 20, 2000, as amended, and PFCs that are restricted by federal regulations. The unrestricted portion of net position \$717.0 million as of June 30, 2024, represents amounts that are not subject to external restrictions in thousands.

<b>Net Position</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Net investment in capital assets			
component of net position	\$ 4,016,413	3,904,313	3,798,439
Restricted component of net position	1,032,343	948,560	946,125
Unrestricted component of net position	716,986	715,796	422,770
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 5,765,742</b>	<b>5,568,669</b>	<b>5,167,334</b>

### Airport Capital Assets and Capital Improvement Plan

As of fiscal years ended 2024, 2023, and 2022, the Airport had capital assets, net of \$8.0 billion, \$7.3 billion, and, \$7.0 billion respectively. Most of these balances are in runways, taxiways, and other land improvements, as well as terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures net of any related accumulated depreciation. For these fiscal years, the balance in construction in process was \$1.6 billion, \$1.1 billion, and \$1.1 billion, respectively. For fiscal year 2024, the list below identifies the major components of the Airport's construction in process account. Some of the major projects include the Plane Train Tunnel West Extension, Concourse D Widening, South Domestic Terminal Parking Deck, Cargo Expansion, and the Antenna System Upgrade. Additional information regarding the Department's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to Financial Statements in thousands.

Concourse projects	\$ 668,626
Airfield and runway projects	137,508
Concourse transportation system (AGTS)	353,490
Terminal/passenger projects	90,447
Security/operations projects	13,616
Other	329,740
<b>Total construction in process</b>	<b>\$ 1,593,427</b>

### Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2024, the Airport had a total of \$3.3 billion outstanding in General Airport Revenue, PFC Subordinate Revenue, and CFC Revenue Bonds. These bonds mature from July 1, 2024, to July 1, 2053, with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.965%. The bonds do not constitute debt of the City or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. Additional information regarding long-term debt can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Department's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Chief Financial Officer  
P.O. Box 20509  
Atlanta, Georgia, 30320



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Basic Financial Statements

These basic financial statements summarize the financial position and operating results of the Department of Aviation.



	<b>Assets</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21	\$ 13	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	904,687	396,887	
Equity in cash management pool	1,078,037	1,069,159	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,789 in 2024 and \$7,509 in 2023	765	1,327	
Lease receivable	11,420	11,112	
Restricted other assets	80,370	51,816	
Prepaid expenses	2,885	2,102	
Materials and supplies	13,262	12,404	
Total current assets	<u>2,091,447</u>	<u>1,544,820</u>	
<b>Noncurrent assets:</b>			
Lease receivable	52,497	63,895	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	316,165	173,467	
Restricted investments	454,534	572,788	
<b>Capital assets:</b>			
Land	584,230	584,230	
Land purchased for noise abatement	277,776	277,776	
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	3,997,698	3,717,698	
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	5,823,318	5,710,307	
Other property and equipment	645,907	561,941	
Construction in process	1,593,427	1,081,741	
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,957,955)	(4,638,109)	
Total capital assets, net	<u>7,964,401</u>	<u>7,295,584</u>	
Total noncurrent assets	<u>8,787,597</u>	<u>8,105,734</u>	
Total assets	<u>10,879,044</u>	<u>9,650,554</u>	
<b>Deferred outflows of resources:</b>			
Pension and other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows	83,223	106,015	
Accumulated deferred amount of debt refunding	11,394	21,120	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 10,973,661</u>	<u>\$ 9,777,689</u>	

(Continued)

	<b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 33,628	\$ 35,369	
Accrued expenses	40,712	33,926	
Current portion of unearned revenue	3,779	3,779	
Current maturities of long-term debt	66,430	39,095	
Accrued interest payable	50,396	38,905	
Current portion of other postemployment benefit liability	3,588	3,723	
Current portion of other liabilities	695	1,553	
	<u>199,228</u>	<u>156,350</u>	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Current maturities of long-term debt	30,535	58,285	
Current portion of financed purchased obligation	—	551	
Accrued interest payable	32,711	30,818	
Accounts payable	142,048	89,465	
Arbitrage rebate liability	1,569	902	
Contract retention	51,389	31,025	
Commercial paper notes	726,826	237,670	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	<u>985,078</u>	<u>448,716</u>	
Total current liabilities	<u>1,184,306</u>	<u>605,066</u>	
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt, less current maturities	3,583,583	3,136,914	
Arbitrage rebate liability	10,268	803	
Financed purchase obligation, less current portion	—	6,053	
Unearned revenue	10,133	13,912	
Contract retention	9,892	10,559	
Claims Payable	5,804	5,454	
Accrued workers' compensation, health, and dental claims	2,761	4,595	
Net pension liability	191,280	196,459	
Other postemployment benefit liability	79,929	80,962	
Total long-term liabilities	<u>3,893,650</u>	<u>3,455,711</u>	
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 5,077,956</u>	<u>\$ 4,060,777</u>	
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred inflows - leases	60,704	72,447	
Accumulated deferred gain of debt refunding	28,014	23,176	
Pension and other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows	41,245	52,620	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 5,207,919</u>	<u>\$ 4,209,020</u>	
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,016,413	\$ 3,904,313	
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	512,823	495,612	
Debt service	519,520	452,948	
Unrestricted	<u>716,986</u>	<u>715,796</u>	
Total net position	<u>\$ 5,765,742</u>	<u>\$ 5,568,669</u>	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>Operating revenue:</b>		
Parking, car rental, and other concessions	\$ 362,229	\$ 292,509
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other rentals	205,398	156,502
Landing fees	86,621	28,969
Other	27,873	30,321
<b>Total operating revenue</b>	<b>682,121</b>	<b>508,301</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits	146,568	118,840
Repairs, maintenance, and other contractual services	193,982	185,774
General services	25,922	28,647
Utilities	9,875	9,210
Materials and supplies	5,462	6,214
Other	21,394	22,470
Depreciation and amortization expenses	319,363	304,278
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>722,566</b>	<b>675,433</b>
<b>Operating loss</b>	<b>(40,445)</b>	<b>(167,132)</b>
<b>Nonoperating revenue (expenses):</b>		
Investment income (loss), net	139,173	46,044
Passenger facility charges	203,178	189,317
Customer facility charges, net	23,604	20,901
Non-capital grants	—	416,223
Interest on long-term debt	(122,400)	(112,047)
Arbitrage rebate	(11,392)	(1,705)
Other revenue (expenses), net	(47,843)	(3,506)
<b>Non-operating revenue, net</b>	<b>184,320</b>	<b>555,227</b>
<b>Income (loss) before contributions and transfers</b>	<b>143,875</b>	<b>388,095</b>
<b>Capital contributions</b>	<b>54,473</b>	<b>19,549</b>
<b>Transfers (out) to the City</b>	<b>(1,275)</b>	<b>(6,309)</b>
<b>Change in net position</b>	<b>197,073</b>	<b>401,335</b>
<b>Net position, beginning of the year</b>	<b>5,568,669</b>	<b>5,167,334</b>
<b>Net position, end of the year</b>	<b>\$ 5,765,742</b>	<b>\$ 5,568,669</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Receipts from customers and tenants	\$ 685,318	\$ 502,497
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(259,351)	(243,000)
Payments to employees for services	(147,050)	(135,367)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<b>278,917</b>	<b>124,130</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Interest and dividends on investments	117,011	55,986
Purchases of restricted investments	(478,615)	(460,016)
Sales and redemptions of restricted investments	610,003	514,558
Change in pooled investment fund	150	(321,040)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<b>248,549</b>	<b>(210,512)</b>
<b>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:</b>		
Grants received	32,742	13,927
Principal repayments of short-term and long-term obligations and financed purchases	(814,231)	(506,629)
Proceeds from short-term and long-term obligations	1,809,806	208,744
Acquisition, construction, and improvement of capital assets	(956,848)	(606,724)
Passenger and customer facility charges	221,149	208,127
Interest and other fees paid on bonds	(169,578)	(139,975)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	<b>123,040</b>	<b>(822,530)</b>
<b>Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities</b>		
Non-capital grants	—	427,683
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities	—	427,683
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<b>650,506</b>	<b>(481,229)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b>		
Beginning of year	570,367	1,051,596
End of year	<b>\$ 1,220,873</b>	<b>\$ 570,367</b>

(Continued)

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (40,445)	\$ (167,132)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	319,363	304,278
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	562	5,959
Leases - GASB 87, Net	(653)	(937)
Prepaid expenses	(783)	103
Materials and supplies	(858)	1,587
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	439	(4,796)
Unearned revenue	(3,779)	(3,779)
Net pension liability and related deferred items	10,784	3,525
Other postemployment benefit liability and related deferred items	(5,713)	(14,678)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 278,917</u>	<u>\$ 124,130</u>
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activity:		
Acquisition of capital assets with accounts payable	\$ 142,048	\$ 89,465
Amortization of bond discount and premium, net	36,902	39,732
Accrued contract retention	61,281	41,583
Appreciation of investments value	22,162	—

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Notes to Financial Statements



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
2. Deposits and Investments
3. Accounts Receivable
4. Restricted Assets
5. Capital Assets
6. Short-Term and Long-Term Obligations
7. Leased Facilities
8. Pensions and Other Employment Plans
9. Risk Management
10. Commitments and Contingencies
11. Subsequent Events

**(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the Department conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Department's most significant accounting policies are described herein.

**(a) Reporting Entity**

The Department of Aviation (the Department) of the City of Atlanta, Georgia (the City) operates Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport (the Airport). The accompanying financial statements include only the financial activities of the Department. The Department is an integral part of the City's financial reporting entity, and its results are included in the Annual Report of the City as a major enterprise fund. The latest available City Annual Report is as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024; that Annual Report should be read in conjunction with these financial statements.

**(b) Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and contract revenues, which are received or receivable from external sources, are recognized as revenues to the extent of related expenses or satisfaction of eligibility requirements.

**(c) Cash Equivalents**

The Department considers all highly liquid securities with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, cash and cash equivalents included the following (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21	13
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,220,852	570,354
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 1,220,873</b>	<b>570,367</b>

**(d) Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value and include any accrued interest. The City maintains a cash management pool in which the Department participates. Investment income of this pooled fund is allocated to each participating fund based on that fund's recorded equity in the pooled fund. Construction, sinking, and special charges funds of the Department are held as restricted assets and are not included in this pooled fund.

**(e) *Materials and Supplies***

Materials and supplies are stated at the lower of average cost or market.

**(f) *Restricted Assets***

Restricted assets represent the current and noncurrent amounts, classified based on maturity, that are required to be maintained pursuant to City ordinances relating to bonded indebtedness (construction, renewal and extension, passenger facility charges, customer facility charges, and sinking funds) – (note 4), and funds received for specific purposes pursuant to U.S. government grants (related primarily to noise abatement programs and funding of debt service).

**(g) *Capital Assets***

Capital assets, which include runways, taxiways, terminals, maintenance buildings, other land improvements, and property and equipment, are generally defined as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost at the time of acquisition or at acquisition value if donated. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements and all expenses incurred in support of construction are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Classification	Range of lives
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	10-35 years
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	10-35 years
Other property and equipment	2-20 years

The Department purchases certain residential parcels of land that are considered to be within the area designated as “noise-impacted” surrounding the Airport. The costs of acquisition and relocation of residents in this area are eligible under the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Noise Abatement Grant Program for reimbursement. The FAA funds approximately 75% to 80% of these costs, and the Department funds the remaining amount.

The FAA retains a continuing interest in the properties equal to its original funding percentage and restricts the use of such properties to purposes, which are compatible with the noise levels associated with the operation of the Airport. All costs associated with acquiring these parcels of land are recorded under the caption “Land purchased for noise abatement” on the Department’s Statements of Net Position.

**(h) Compensated Absences**

Department employees can accrue a maximum of 25 to 45 days of annual leave, depending upon their length of service. Vested or accumulated vacation leave, including related benefits, is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

Employees can accrue unlimited amounts of sick leave. Sick leave can be taken only due to personal illness or, in certain cases, illness of family members. Sick leave is not intended to be paid out except under special circumstances where the City Council has given approval and the necessary funds are available. Consequently, the Department does not record an accrued liability for the accumulated sick leave.

**(i) Bond Discounts and Premiums**

Bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts and premiums are presented as a reduction or addition to the face amount of bonds payable.

**(j) Net Pension Liability**

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Atlanta Pension Plans (Pension Plans), and additions to/deductions from the Pension Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Additional information regarding the net pension liability can be found in note 8 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

**(k) Other Postemployment Liability**

For purposes of measuring other postemployment liability (OPEB), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Additional information regarding the other postemployment liability can be found in note 8 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

**(l) Deferred Inflows and Outflows**

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets by the Department that applies to future periods, and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Deferred inflows include pension and other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows. The pension and other postemployment benefit

related deferred inflows at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$41.2 million and \$52.6 million, respectively.

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the Department that applies to future periods, and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows include the unamortized amounts for losses on the refunding of bond debt, pension, and other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows. Total accumulated deferred amount of debt refunding at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$11.4 million and \$21.1 million, respectively. Total pension and other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$83.2 million and \$106.0 million, respectively.

**(m) *Capital and Non-Capital Grants***

Grants received for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as nonoperating revenues (capital contributions) when earned. Grants are earned when costs relating to such capital assets and to cover other related Airport activities, which are reimbursable under the terms of the grants, have been incurred. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department recorded \$54.5 million and \$19.5 million, respectively in federal and state grants that are reimbursable. No COVID-19 funds were expended during June 30, 2024. The remaining of COVID-19 funds awarded were expended as of June 30, 2023 in the amount of \$416.2 million.

**(n) *Transfers***

The Department transfers funds to the City to cover its pro-rata share of costs when certain projects are implemented by the City in which the Department is a direct beneficiary. During the year ended June 30, 2024, there was \$1.3 million in transfers recorded. In fiscal year 2023, there were transfers of \$6.3 million recorded.

**(o) *Net Position***

Net position is classified and displayed in three components, as applicable:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is excluded from the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted – Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted assets available, it is the Department's policy to apply

those expenses to restricted assets, to the extent such are available, and then to unrestricted assets.

Unrestricted – All other assets that constitute the components of net position that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets.”

**(p) Classification of Revenue and Expenses**

Operating revenue and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Department. Operating revenue is principally derived from agreements relating to the use of Airport facilities. Landing fees are determined on the basis of the gross weight of aircraft landing at the Airport. Revenue from “terminal, maintenance buildings, and other rentals” is derived from the leasing of various Airport facilities to air carriers and other tenants. Concession revenue is earned through various agreements providing for the operation of concessions at the Airport, such as parking lots, car rental agencies, newsstands, restaurants, etc. Nonoperating revenue and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts collected as advance payment of capital projects are classified as unearned revenue and recognized as revenue over the life of the project. There was \$10.1 million and \$13.9 million of unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Passenger Facility Charges**

On February 26, 1997, in accordance with Section 158.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (Title-14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 158), the FAA approved the City’s application to impose a Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) at the Airport and to use PFC revenue either now or in the future. Between July 1997 and March 2001, the PFC was \$3.00; effective April 2001, the PFC was increased to \$4.50. The Department recorded \$203.2 million and \$189.3 million in passenger facility charges for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Customer Facility Charges**

The Installment Purchase Agreement entered into by the City with the City of College Park for the purchase of a Rental Car Center (RCC) on June 1, 2006, obligates the City to make debt service payments through 2031, totaling \$443.1 million, on the Series 2006A and Series 2006B Bonds issued by the City of College Park. In relation to the agreement, the City adopted an ordinance effective October 1, 2005, imposing a Customer Facility Charge (CFC) at the Airport to fund the purchase. The CFC of \$5.00 is a charge on each Airport car rental transaction day applicable to both On-Airport Operators and Off-Airport Operators. The Department recorded \$37.9 million and \$35.3 million in customer facility charges for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Operating expenses during fiscal years 2024 and 2023 of approximately \$14.3 million

and \$14.4 million, respectively, are netted against the CFC revenue and result in net CFC income of \$23.6 million for 2024 and \$20.9 million for 2023.

**(q) Economic Concentration**

Delta Air Lines and the Airport-owned parking facilities accounted for approximately 17.8% and 24.3% of total operating revenue, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2024. Delta Air Lines and the Airport-owned parking facilities accounted for approximately 14.8% and 32.4% of total operating revenue, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2023.

**(r) General Services Costs**

The Department is one of a number of departments and/or funds maintained by the City. A portion of general services costs (such as procurement, accounting, budgeting, and personnel administration) are allocated to the Department for services provided by other City departments and/or funds. Such costs are allocated to the Department based on a methodology employed by an independent study. Of the Department's recorded \$25.9 million and \$28.6 million in general services costs for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, the allocated expense amount for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$7.5 million, compared to \$10.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2023.

**(s) New Accounting Standards**

In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus*. The objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

**(t) Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

The impact of the following pronouncements on the Department's financial statements is currently being evaluated and has not yet been fully determined.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences.

That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

In December 2023, The GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. This statement is effective in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

In April 2024, The GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement continues the requirement that the basic financial statements be preceded by management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), which is presented as required supplementary information (RSI). This statement is effective in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

***(u) Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

**(2) Deposits and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2024, and 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Unrestricted		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21	13
Equity in cash management pool	1,078,037	1,069,159
Restricted		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,220,852	570,354
Investments	454,534	572,788
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 2,753,444</u>	<u>2,212,314</u>

**(a) Pooled Cash Held in City Treasury**

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. The Department's investment in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as "Equity in cash management pool" and is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department had approximately \$1,078.0 million and \$1,069.2 million, respectively, within the City's cash management pool. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the composition of the equity in cash management pool portfolio consisted mainly of investments in Georgia Local Government Investment Pool (Georgia Fund 1), United States government securities, Municipal Securities, and Negotiated Investment Deposit Agreements.

**(b) Investments Authorized by the Georgia State Code Section 36-83-4 and the City of Atlanta Investment Policy**

The City has adopted an investment policy (the Policy) to minimize the inherent risks associated with deposits and investments. The primary objective of the Policy is to invest funds to provide for the maximum safety of principal.

Identified below are the investment types that are authorized for the City by the Policy. The Policy also identifies certain provisions of the Official Code of Georgia (OCGA) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The Policy governs all governmental and business-type activities for the City but does not govern the City of Atlanta Pension Plans.

The City's investments are limited to U.S. government guaranteed securities and U.S. government agency securities, which includes issues of the Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Bank System (FHLBS), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).

The City may invest in fully collateralized repurchase agreements provided the City has on file a signed Master Repurchase Agreement, approved by the City Attorney, detailing eligible collateral, collateralization ratios, standards for collateral custody and control, collateral valuation, and conditions for agreement termination. It also requires the securities being purchased by the City to be assigned to the City, be held in the City's name, and be deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party selected and approved by the City; and is placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a financial institution doing business in the state of Georgia, and is rated no less than A or its equivalent by two nationally recognized rating services.

Under the Policy, the City's investment portfolio, in aggregate, is to be diversified to limit its exposure to interest rate, credit, and concentration risks by observing the above limitations.

**(c) *Investment in Local Government Investment Pool***

The Department is a voluntary participant in Georgia Fund 1 that is managed by the State of Georgia's Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department's cash equivalent deposits in the Georgia Fund 1 are approximately \$55.8 million and \$69.7 million, respectively. The total amount recorded by all public agencies in Georgia Fund 1 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, was approximately \$30.8 billion and \$30.7 billion, respectively.

**(d) *Fair Value Measurement***

GASB No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, enhances comparability of governmental financial statements by requiring fair value measurement for certain assets and liabilities using a consistent definition and accepted valuation techniques. The standard establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value that prioritizes the inputs into three categories – Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 inputs – considering the relative reliability of the inputs. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that the Department has the ability to access at the measurement date.

- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the financial asset or liability.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment risk.

The following tables present the financial assets carried at fair value by level within the valuation hierarchy, as well as the assets measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>			
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
Debt securities:				
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 152,338	—	—	152,338
U.S. agency securities	—	215,888	—	215,888
State and municipal bonds	—	63,518	—	63,518
Total debt securities	<u>152,338</u>	<u>279,406</u>	—	<u>431,744</u>
Other securities:				
Repurchase agreements (Repos)	—	—	22,790	22,790
Total other securities	—	—	22,790	22,790
Total investments by fair value level	<u>\$ 152,338</u>	<u>279,406</u>	<u>22,790</u>	<u>454,534</u>

**Investments measured at NAV:**

Equity in cash management pool	\$ 1,078,037
Total investments measured at the NAV	<u>1,078,037</u>
Total investments	<u><u>\$ 1,532,571</u></u>

	2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Debt securities:				
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 63,116	—	—	63,116
U.S. agency securities	—	385,070	—	385,070
State and municipal bonds	—	101,812	—	101,812
Total debt securities	<u>63,116</u>	<u>486,882</u>	—	549,998
Other securities				
Repurchase agreements (Repos)	—	—	22,790	22,790
Total other securities	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>22,790</u>	<u>22,790</u>
Total investments by fair value level	<u>\$ 63,116</u>	<u>486,882</u>	<u>22,790</u>	<u>572,788</u>
Investments measured at NAV:				
Equity in cash management pool				<u>\$1,069,159</u>
Total investments measured at the NAV				<u>1,069,159</u>
Total investments				<u><u>\$1,641,947</u></u>

Debt securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. The debt and other securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- Debt securities are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information by the primary vendor.
- Repurchase agreements (repos) were valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active.

There are no investments classified in Level 3.

The equity in cash management pool represents the Department's participation in the City's internal cash pool which is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share.

**(e) *Investment Risk Disclosures***

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Additionally, the fair values of the investments may be highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations. By policy, the City establishes maximum maturity dates by investment type in order to limit interest rate risk. The City manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments, and by timing cash flows

from maturities so that a portion is maturing, or coming close to maturing, evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needs for operations.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy does specify a minimum bond rating for investments.

As of June 30, 2024, the Department had the following investments with the corresponding credit ratings and maturities (in thousands):

Type of investment	Credit rating	Maturity						Carrying value
		Under 30 Days	31-180 Days	181-365 Days	1-5 Years	Over 5 years		
State and municipal bonds	Aaa-Baa2	\$ 11,745	11,880	346	34,912	4,635	—	63,518
U.S. agency securities	Aaa/AA+	14,958	37,243	4,986	158,701	—	—	215,888
U.S. treasury securities	Exempt	50,180	4,983	34,714	62,461	—	—	152,338
Equity in cash management pool	N/A	1,078,037	—	—	—	—	—	1,078,037
Repurchase Agreements (Repos)	*	—	—	—	—	22,790	—	22,790
Grand total		<u>\$1,154,920</u>	<u>54,106</u>	<u>40,046</u>	<u>256,074</u>	<u>27,425</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,532,571</u>

\*All Repurchase Agreements (Repos) are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Obligations or Agency securities.

As of June 30, 2023, the Department had the following investments with the corresponding credit ratings and maturities (in thousands):

Type of investment	Credit rating	Maturity						Carrying value
		Under 30 Days	31-180 Days	181-365 Days	1-5 Years	Over 5 years		
State and municipal bonds	Aaa-Baa2	\$ —	58,538	4,508	26,374	12,392	101,812	
U.S. agency securities	Aaa/ AA+	—	263,799	4,951	116,320	—	385,070	
U.S. treasury securities	Exempt	—	24,776	—	38,340	—	63,116	
Equity in cash management pool	N/A	1,069,159	—	—	—	—	1,069,159	
Repurchase Agreements (Repos)	*	—	—	—	—	22,790	22,790	
<b>Grand total</b>		<b>\$1,069,159</b>	<b>347,113</b>	<b>9,459</b>	<b>181,034</b>	<b>35,182</b>	<b>1,641,947</b>	

\*All Repurchase Agreements (Repos) are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Obligations or Agency securities.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. There was no counterparty risk to the City as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Through the Georgia Secure Deposit Program, public deposits held with covered depositories participating in the program in excess of FDIC insurance limits are protected through a combination of collateral pledged by the bank and the contingent liability provisions of the program that require participating banks to jointly cover all deposits not protected by FDIC insurance and the sale of pledged collateral in the event of a loss. The Depository agrees that, as long as the State Treasurer of the State of Georgia or any Public Body has Public Funds on deposit with the Depository, the Depository shall maintain at all times Pledged Securities with an aggregate Fair Value equal to at least the Required Collateral determined by the State Treasurer. The City requires that the fair value of collateralized pledged securities must be at least 102% for repurchase agreements.

### Concentration Credit Risk

The City's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the OCGA. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no investments in any one issuer, related to the Department, that were over 5% (excluding all U.S. government securities) of total investments.

### (3) Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are due from Airport tenants, concessionaires, and other customers. There are no receivables expected to take longer than one year to collect, except where a specific agreement exists between a tenant and the Airport.

### (4) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Renewal and Extension Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,164	15,579
Other assets	39,186	17,454
Passenger Facility Charge Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents	102,309	84,834
Other assets	34,926	29,882
Investments	391,564	404,677
Customer Facility Charge Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents	21,101	18,303
Other assets	5,325	3,121
Construction Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents	624,728	166,801
Other assets	—	—
Sinking Funds:		
Cash and cash equivalents	456,550	284,837
Other assets	933	1,359
Investments	<u>62,970</u>	<u>168,111</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 1,755,756</u></b>	<b><u>1,194,958</u></b>

The following table is a summary of carrying amount of restricted assets as shown on the accompanying statements of net position at June 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,220,852	570,354
Other assets	80,370	51,816
Investments	454,534	572,788
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,755,756</b>	<b>1,194,958</b>

## (5) Capital Assets

Summaries of capital asset activity and changes in accumulated depreciation for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Deletions and retirements</b>	<b>Transfers to additions</b>	<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>
<b>Capital assets not being depreciated:</b>					
Land	\$ 862,006	—	—	—	862,006
Construction in progress	1,081,741	976,214	—	(464,528)	1,593,427
<b>Total capital assets not being depreciated</b>	<b>1,943,747</b>	<b>976,214</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(464,528)</b>	<b>2,455,433</b>
<b>Capital assets being depreciated:</b>					
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	3,717,698	490	—	279,510	3,997,698
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	5,710,307	461	—	112,550	5,823,318
Other property and equipment	561,941	11,498	—	72,468	645,907
<b>Total capital assets being depreciated</b>	<b>9,989,946</b>	<b>12,449</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>464,528</b>	<b>10,466,923</b>
<b>Less accumulated depreciation for:</b>					
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	(2,067,710)	(117,951)	—	—	(2,185,661)
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	(2,169,979)	(160,335)	—	—	(2,330,314)
Other property and equipment	(400,420)	(41,560)	—	—	(441,980)
<b>Total accumulated depreciation</b>	<b>(4,638,109)</b>	<b>(319,846)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(4,957,955)</b>
<b>Net capital assets</b>	<b>\$ 7,295,584</b>	<b>668,817</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7,964,401</b>

	<u>Balance at June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions and retirements</u>	<u>Transfers to additions</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2023</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 862,006	—	—	—	862,006
Construction in progress	1,081,124	627,353	—	(626,736)	1,081,741
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,943,130	627,353	—	(626,736)	1,943,747
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	3,608,862	—	(412)	109,248	3,717,698
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	5,219,551	713	—	490,043	5,710,307
Other property and equipment	527,446	7,050	—	27,445	561,941
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,355,859	7,763	(412)	626,736	9,989,946
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Runways, taxiways, and other land improvements	(1,958,552)	(109,158)	—	—	(2,067,710)
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other structures	(2,012,695)	(157,284)	—	—	(2,169,979)
Other property and equipment	(363,005)	(37,415)	—	—	(400,420)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,334,252)	(303,857)	—	—	(4,638,109)
Net capital assets	\$ 6,964,737	331,259	(412)	—	7,295,584

## (6) Short-Term and Long-Term Obligations

The City has issued various bonds to finance its extensive Airport capital improvement projects. The net revenues, as defined in the 2000 Airport Master Bond Ordinance as supplemented and amended, generated by operating activities are pledged as security for the bonds, interest is payable semi-annually in January and July.

The City has issued commercial paper, classified as short-term debt, to provide interim financing for long-term projects that will ultimately be funded with general airport revenue bonds, passenger facility charges, or City dollars through its renewal and extension fund. Long-term debt at June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists of the following (in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
General Revenue Bonds:		
Airport General Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B at 3.00% – 5.00% due serially through 2033	—	\$ 105,590
Airport General Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2014C at 2.00% – 5.00% due serially through 2030	—	71,295
Airport General Revenue Bond- Non-AMT Series 2019A at 4.00% – 5.00% and term, at 5.00% due serially through 2049	44,750	45,585
Airport General Revenue Bond - AMT Series 2019B at 4.00% – 5.00% and term, at 5.00% due serially through 2049	240,745	245,460
Airport General Revenue Bond - AMT Series 2019E at 4.00% – 5.00% due serially through 2039	88,420	92,015
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2020A at 5.00% due serially through 2030	238,530	238,530
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - AMT Series 2020B at 2.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2030	126,070	126,070
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2021A at 4.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2042	41,030	42,325
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2021B at 4.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2042	120,380	124,160
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds- AMT Series 2021C at 4.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2042	149,490	154,325
Airport General Revenue Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2022A at 4.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2052	175,305	177,560
Airport General Revenue Bonds -AMT Series 2022B at 5.00% due serially through 2052	202,785	204,810

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Airport General Revenue Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2023B-1 at 5.00% due serially through 2053	206,565	—
Airport General Revenue Bonds - Non-AMT Series 2023B-2 at 4.00% - 5.00% due serially through 2053	27,365	—
Airport General Revenue Bonds -AMT Series 2023C at 5.00% due serially through 2053	30,080	—
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - AMT Series 2023F at 5.00% due serially through 2033	88,500	—
Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds - AMT Series 2023G at 5.00% due serially through 2030	59,160	—
 Total general revenue bonds	 1,839,175	 1,627,725
 Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Subordinate Revenue Bonds:		
PFC and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A, at 4.00% – 5.00%, due serially through 2034	—	523,605
PFC and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Bonds, Non-AMT, Series 2019C, at 5.00%, due serially through 2040	185,670	185,670
PFC and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Bonds AMT, Series 2019D, at 4.00%, due serially through 2040	220,105	220,105
PFC and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019F, at 5.00%, due serially through 2025	27,720	59,650
PFC Hybrid Bonds-Non-AMT, Series 2022C, at 5.00%, due serially through 2042	107,530	107,530
PFC Hybrid Bonds-AMT, Series 2022D, at 5.00%, due serially through 2036	56,520	56,520
PFC Hybrid Bonds-Non-AMT, Series 2023A1, at 3.22%, due serially through 2034	400,000	—

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
PFC Hybrid Bonds-Non-AMT, Series 2023A2, at 3.30%, due serially through 2034	116,830	—
PFC Hybrid Bonds-Non-AMT, Series 2023D, at 5.00%, due serially through 2044	38,960	—
PFC Hybrid Bonds-AMT, Series 2023E, at 5.00% - 5.25%, due serially through 2044	<u>256,225</u>	—
 Total PFC and subordinate revenue bonds	1,409,560	1,153,080
 Customer Facility Charge (CFC) Bonds:		
City of College Park Taxable Revenue Bonds, (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport Consolidated Rental Car Facility Project), Series 2006A at 5.758% – 5.965% (Conduit Debt)	92,495	102,905
City of College Park Revenue Bonds, (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport Automated People Mover System Maintenance Facility Project), Series 2006B at 4.00% – 4.50% (Conduit Debt)	<u>8,695</u>	<u>9,735</u>
Total Customer Facilities Charge (CFC) Bonds	<u>101,190</u>	<u>112,640</u>
 Total long-term debt	3,349,925	2,893,445
Unaccredited bond discounts	(46)	(57)
Unamortized bond premiums	330,669	340,906
Less current maturities	<u>(96,965)</u>	<u>(97,380)</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>3,583,583</u>	<u>3,136,914</u>

Changes in long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Retirements</b>	<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Due within one year</b>
Revenue, PFC, and CFC Bonds	\$ 2,893,445	1,223,685	(767,205)	3,349,925	96,965
Plus issuance discount and premium, net	340,849	55,585	(65,811)	330,623	—
<b>Total bonded debt</b>	<b><u>\$ 3,234,294</u></b>	<b><u>1,279,270</u></b>	<b><u>(833,016)</u></b>	<b><u>3,680,548</u></b>	<b><u>96,965</u></b>

	<b>Balance at</b> <b>June 30,</b> <b>2022</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Retirements</b>	<b>Balance at</b> <b>June 30,</b> <b>2023</b>	<b>Due within</b> <b>one year</b>
Revenue, PFC, and CFC					
Bonds	\$ 2,973,455	—	(80,010)	2,893,445	97,380
Plus issuance discount and premium, net	380,581	—	(39,733)	340,849	—
<b>Total bonded debt</b>	<b>\$ 3,354,036</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(119,743)</b>	<b>3,234,294</b>	<b>97,380</b>

On June 21, 2006, the City of College Park, Georgia issued \$211.9 million in Taxable Revenue Bonds (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport Consolidated Rental Car Facility Project), Series 2006A for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and installing a consolidated rental car facility. In addition, College Park issued \$22.0 million in Revenue Bonds (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport Automated People Mover System Maintenance Facility Project), Series 2006B for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and installing a maintenance facility for an automated people mover. The City (the Purchaser) pursuant to the terms of an Installment Purchase Agreement dated June 1, 2006 (the Agreement) with the City of College Park (the Issuer) obligates the Purchaser to make installment payments to the Issuer to cover the principal, premium and interest of the Series 2006A/B Bonds. The City has adopted an Ordinance imposing a customer facility charge (CFC) effective October 1, 2005. The CFC revenues have been pledged to secure the payments due under the Agreement. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the balance of outstanding conduit debt totaled \$101.2 million and \$112.6 million, respectively.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2024 are as follows (in thousands):

Year:	Principal	Interest	Total debt service
2025	\$ 96,965	151,362	248,327
2026	149,505	145,388	294,893
2027	164,510	137,999	302,509
2028	177,695	130,231	307,926
2029	185,395	122,173	307,568
2030-2034	787,365	494,051	1,281,416
2035-2039	686,560	342,681	1,029,241
2040-2044	647,335	177,353	824,688
2045-2049	274,765	69,945	344,710
2050-2054	179,830	18,057	197,887
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,349,925</b>	<b>1,789,240</b>	<b>5,139,165</b>

On July 6, 2022, the City entered into forward delivery agreements for an Airport Passenger Facility Charge and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Forward Delivery Refunding Bond, Series 2023FWD-A-1 (Non-AMT) (the “Series 2023FWD-A-1 Bond”) and its Airport Passenger Facility Charge and Subordinate Lien General Revenue Forward Delivery Refunding Bond, Series 2023FWD-A-2 (Non-AMT) (the “Series 2023FWD-A-2 Bond”) to execute a direct purchase on or about October 3, 2023. These will refund outstanding bonds for savings.

On June 23, 2022 the City issued new 2022 PFC and GARBS Bonds to reimburse \$326,065,188 of Airport capital project costs outstanding within the DOA 2019 Commercial Paper (CP) Program and fund \$230,032,878 of current and near future Airport capital projects as identified in the Official Statement. The reimbursement of the outstanding principal in the DOA 2019 CP Program, left an outstanding principal balance in the program of \$128,960,000.

On August 1, 2022, the City executed a Letter of Credit Agreement with Bank of America N.A., PNC Bank N.A and J.P. Morgan in the aggregate principal amount of \$950,000,000. Subsequently, \$129.0 million of the 2019 Commercial Paper Program was refinanced with the new Commercial Paper Program. The Purpose of the commercial paper program is to fund the various airport projects. The purpose of the commercial paper program is to finance on an interim basis, in whole or in part, the costs of the planning, engineering, design, acquisition and construction of certain improvements to Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport.

Changes in bond anticipation and commercial paper notes are as follows (in thousands):

	Balance at			Balance at June 30, 2024	Due within one year
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements		
Commercial paper notes	\$ 237,670	530,054	(40,898)	726,826	726,826
Total notes	<u>\$ 237,670</u>	<u>530,054</u>	<u>(40,898)</u>	<u>726,826</u>	<u>726,826</u>

	Balance at			Balance at June 30, 2023	Due within one year
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements		
Commercial paper notes	\$ 455,025	208,744	(426,099)	237,670	237,670
Total notes	<u>\$ 455,025</u>	<u>208,744</u>	<u>(426,099)</u>	<u>237,670</u>	<u>237,670</u>

All of the bond ordinances require the maintenance of sinking funds to provide for debt service on the related bonds. The Airport Master Bond Ordinance also requires the Department to maintain a ratio of Net Airport Revenue to Aggregate Debt Service, as defined, of at least 120%.

On October 27, 2017, the Department entered into a finance purchase agreement with NORESCO-SG, LLC, for the acquisition, installation, and purchase financing of certain equipment and other property. This agreement was classified as a finance purchase obligation for accounting purposes. In fiscal year 2024, the Department ended the purchase agreement by paying off the remaining balance.

## (7) Leases

The Department leases terminal space, aircraft maintenance and overhaul facilities, cargo facilities, hangars, and other structures to air carriers and other tenants at the Airport under various operating leases, a majority of which terminate no later than 2041.

Certain leases are comprised of fixed and variable rental payments, and all are generally designed to allow the Department to meet its debt service requirements and recover certain operating and maintenance costs. Rental receipts related to the terminal are based on the cost to operate the facilities. In addition, concession lease agreement revenues are based on the greater of an aggregated percentage of gross receipts or a Minimum Annual Guarantee (MAG).

The AULA provides for the payment of rentals, fees, and charges for airline use and occupancy airfield and terminal facilities to allow the City to recover all operating and maintenance expenses, bond debt service, and coverage on bond debt service allocable to the airfield and terminal cost centers.

The Airport, as a lessor, recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term, with certain exceptions for leases of assets held as investment, certain regulated leases, short-term leases and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable in addition to any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

### **Non-Regulated Leases**

For these leases, the Airport is reporting lease receivables of \$63.9 million and \$75.0 million for fiscal years 2024 and 2023 respectively. Deferred inflow of resources for fiscal year 2024 was \$60.7 million, decreasing from \$72.4 million in fiscal year 2023. The Airport is reporting lease interest revenue of \$2.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2024.

These leases did not have an implicit rate of return; therefore, the Airport used the published Daily U.S. Treasury rates plus the Applicable Federal Rate to discount the lessor revenues to the net present value. The minimum future lease receipts for the next five fiscal years and then each five-year increments are illustrated below.

At June 30, 2024, minimum future rentals and fees to be received under non-cancelable leases or concession agreements for each fiscal year are as follows (in thousands):

Commercial Real Estate	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 412	\$ 353	\$ 765
2026	442	337	779
2027	460	319	779
2028	480	301	781
2029	500	282	782
2030-2034	2,601	1,104	3,705
2035-2039	2,736	567	3,303
2040-2044	1,465	120	1,585
2045-2049	59	—	59
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 9,155</b>	<b>\$ 3,383</b>	<b>\$ 12,538</b>

Concession	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 7,026	\$ 452	\$ 7,478
2026	7,148	327	7,475
2027	5,655	209	5,864
2028	5,620	98	5,718
2029	2,309	8	2,317
2030-2034	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 27,758</b>	<b>\$ 1,094</b>	<b>\$ 28,852</b>

Government	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,379	\$ 130	\$ 1,509
2026	1,439	99	1,538
2027	793	76	869
2028	837	57	894
2029	883	38	921
2030-2034	1,041	26	1,067
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,372</b>	<b>\$ 426</b>	<b>\$ 6,798</b>

Rental Car Center	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 2,603	\$ 759	\$ 3,362
2026	2,862	654	3,516
2027	2,796	545	3,341
2028	2,910	431	3,341
2029	3,029	312	3,341
2030-2034	6,432	249	6,681
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 20,632</b>	<b>\$ 2,950</b>	<b>\$ 23,582</b>

#### **Excluded - Short-Term leases**

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Department does not recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for short-term leases. Short-term leases are certain leases that have a maximum possible term under the lease contract of 12 months (or less), including any options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised.

#### **Regulated Leases**

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Department does not recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for regulated leases. Regulated leases are certain leases that are

subject to external laws, regulations, or legal rulings, such as requirements from the U. S. Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration.

The AULA provides for the payment of rentals, fees, and charges for airline use and occupancy of airfield and terminal facilities to allow the City to recover all operating and maintenance expenses, bond debt service, and coverage on bond debt service allocable to the airfield and terminal cost centers. The total regulated building rented space for the reporting period was 7,301 million square footage with Delta Air Lines renting 5,685 million square foot or 78%, and TBI renting 833 thousand square foot or 11.4%. The total regulated land rented space for the reporting period was 19,474 million square footage, with Delta Air Lines renting 16,633 million or 85%, and Federal Express Corporation renting 1,230 million or 6.3%. There were no other rental percentages greater than 5%. All future payments for regulated leases are based on the fiscal year's annual budget and/or annual appraisals. As a result, the future payments of these rentals are determined on an annual basis.

## (8) Pensions and Postemployment Benefits

### *Pension Plans*

The City maintains the following separately administered pension plans:

Plan type	Plan name
Agent multiple-employer, defined benefit	The General Employees' Pension Plan
Single employer, defined benefit	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Single employer, defined benefit	Police Officers' Pension Plan
Single employer, defined contribution	General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

### *Plans Administration*

In December 2017, the City adopted legislation to combine the management of its three separate pension plans and create one board of trustees to be known as the City of Atlanta Defined Benefit Pension Plan Investment Board (the Board) in order to improve administrative efficiency, governance and investment returns. The City consolidated and set minimum requirements for the Investment Board of Trustees of the three Pension Plans in order to optimize investment returns, establish national leadership in pension management best practices, and increase the City revenues available for compensation of active employees.

The Plans are administered, as one multiple-employer, defined-benefit plan and two single employer, defined benefit plans, by the Board which includes the Chair who is an appointee of the Mayor, the Mayor or a designee serving as Vice Chair of the Investment Board, three City Council members appointed by the Mayor, one member appointed by the Atlanta Independent School

System Board (School System), one member appointed by the President of the Atlanta City Council who is a participant in any of the three Plans, the City's Chief Financial Officer, the Human Resources Commissioner, and four members elected by active and retired participants as follows: one from the City of Atlanta General Employees' Pension Fund, one from the Atlanta Independent School System Board General Employees Pension Fund, one from the Firefighters' Pension Fund, and one from the Police Officers' Pension Fund. Each pension law modification must be adopted by at least two-thirds vote of the City Council and be approved by the Mayor.

A stand-alone audited financial report is issued for each of the three defined benefit plans and can be obtained at the below address. The defined contribution plan does not have separately issued financial statements.

City of Atlanta  
 68 Mitchell Street, S.W.  
 Suite 1600  
 Atlanta, Georgia 30303

The valuation date for the three defined benefit plans was July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2021, with results rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022. The Department is presenting the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023 for fiscal year 2024 financial statements and as of June 30, 2022 for the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

### **General Employees' Pension Plan**

#### ***Plan Description***

The General Employees' Pension Plan (GEPP) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan and was established by a 1924 Act of the State of Georgia Legislature to provide retirement benefits for full-time permanent employees of the City, excluding sworn personnel of the Police and Fire Departments, and the employees of the Atlanta Board of Education (the School System) who are not covered under the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. Until 1983, the Georgia Legislature established all requirements and policies of the Plan. By a constitutional amendment, effective July 1983, control over all aspects of the Plan transferred to the City under the principle of Home Rule. The types of benefits offered by the Plan are retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits. Classified employees and certain non-classified employees pay grade 18 and below not covered by either the Firefighters' or Police Officers' Pension Plans and hired after September 1, 2005 are required to become members of the GEPP.

#### ***(a) Contribution Requirements of the GEPP***

Under the Georgia Legislature principle of Home Rule and the Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Section 6, the Board has the authority to administer the Plan including establishing and amending contribution requirements. The funding methods and determination of benefits payable were established by the Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Part 1, Section 6 legislative acts creating the Plan, as amended, and in general, provide that funds are to be accumulated from employee contributions for defined benefits, City contributions, and income from the investment of accumulated funds.

Beginning on November 1, 2011, employees participating in the Plan and hired before September 1, 2011, or after January 1, 1984, had an increase of 5% in their mandatory contributions into the Plan fund in which they participate. The contribution is such that the new contribution is 12% of salary (without a designated beneficiary) or 13% of salary (with a designated beneficiary).

Employees hired on or after September 1, 2011 who are below pay grade 19 or its equivalent are required to participate in a hybrid defined-benefit plan with a mandatory defined-contribution component. The defined-benefit portion of this plan includes a mandatory 8% employee contribution and 1% multiplier.

The defined contribution element is governed and accounted for separately, and includes a mandatory employee contribution of 3.75% of salary which is matched 100% by the City. Additionally, these employees may voluntarily contribute up to an additional

4.25% of salary, which is also matched 100% by the City. Employees vest in the amount of the City's contribution at a rate of 20% per year and become fully vested in the City's contribution after 5 years of participation.

Beginning in fiscal year 2012, there is a cap on the maximum amount of the City's contribution to the Plan measured as a percentage of payroll. The City's annual contribution to the Plan may not exceed 35% of payroll of the participants in the City's three defined-benefit pension plans. In the event that this 35% cap is reached, the City will fund any overage for the first 12-month period from its reserves. During that period, the City's management must agree on an alternative method to reduce the overage. If no alternative is reached, beginning in the second 12-month period, the City and the participants will equally split the cost of the overage, subject only to a provision that employee contributions may not increase more than 5%. Contribution requirements may be amended by the Board under the authority of the City ordinance, but the employer contribution requirement is subject to State minimums.

The following table provides the Department's contributions used in the determination of the Department's proportionate share of collective pension amounts reported (dollars in thousands).

Plan	Proportionate share of contributions	Allocation percentage of proportionate share of collective pension amount
General employees:		
2023	\$ 5,423	11.22 %
2024	5,472	11.22

**(b) Description of GEPP Benefit Terms**

In June 2011, the City Council approved changes for the City's General Employees' defined benefit plan, effective on September 1, 2011 for new hires, and November 1, 2011 for existing employees.

Prior to the change approved in June 2011, the GEPP provided monthly retirement benefits that initially represent 3% for each year of credited service times the participants' final average three-year earnings (limited to 80% of the average). Retirement benefits were adjusted annually based on the change in the consumer price index, limited to 3% per year. Upon the death of a vested participant who has beneficiary coverage, his or her eligible beneficiary(ies) would be entitled to three fourths of the amount the deceased participant was receiving or would have been entitled to receive. The retirement age increased to age 62 for participants in the GEPP. Early Retirement Age is changed from any age (as long as vested) with penalty to age 52 for hires after September 1, 2011. Upon retirement, these participants will receive an annually calculated cost of living increase to their pension benefit that may not exceed 1% and is based upon the consumer price index. Sick and vacation leave are no longer

applied to retirement benefits for employees hired after September 1, 2011. Below are the terms the Plan has established to receive benefits:

**Normal Pension**

Hired before July 1, 2010:

Age 60 after completing five years of service

Monthly benefit is 2.5% of average monthly salary for each year of credited service.

Hired between July 1, 2010 and October 31, 2011:

Age 60 after completing 15 years of service

Monthly benefit is 2.0% of average monthly salary for each year of credited service.

Hired after October 31, 2011:

Age 62 after completing 15 years of service

Monthly benefit is 1.0% of average monthly salary for each year of credited service.

This amount cannot be less than \$12 per month for each year of service, capped at 80% of average monthly salary.

The average monthly salary for employees hired before November 1, 2011, is the average of the highest consecutive 36 months of salary. For those employees hired after October 31, 2011, the average monthly salary is the average of the highest consecutive 120 months of salary.

**Early Pension**

Hired before July 1, 2010:

10 years of credited service

Hired between July 1, 2010 and October 31, 2011:

15 years of credited service

Hired after October 31, 2011:

Age 52 and 15 years credited service

The monthly benefit for employees hired before November 1, 2011 is reduced by one half of 1% per month for the first 60 months and by one quarter of 1% per month for the remaining months by which age at retirement is less than 60. More favorable early retirement adjustments may apply to participants in prior plans. Unreduced early retirement is available with 30 years of credited service. For employees hired after October 31, 2011, the monthly benefit amount is reduced by one half of 1% per month before age 62.

### **Disability**

Service requirement:

Five years of credited service for non job-related disability. None for job related disability.

Normal pension based on service accrued and final average salary at disability, payable immediately; cannot be less than 50% of average monthly salary. This amount is payable until attainment of normal retirement age at which time the benefit is recalculated to include years while disabled as years of service.

## Firefighters' and Police Officers' Plan

### ***Plan Description***

The City of Atlanta, Georgia Firefighters' (FPP) and Police Officers' (PPP) Pension Plans are single-employer defined benefit plans and were established by a 1924 Act of the State of Georgia Legislature to provide retirement benefits for full-time sworn firefighters and police officers of the City of Atlanta Fire Rescue Department and the Police Department. Until 1983, the Georgia Legislature established all requirements and policies of the FPP and PPP. By a constitutional amendment, effective July 1983, control over all aspects was transferred to the City under the principle of Home Rule. The types of benefits offered by the FPP and PPP are retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits. Participants should refer to the Atlanta, Georgia, Code of Ordinances, Section 6 (Plan agreement) for more complete information. Under the principle of Home Rule and the Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Section 6, the Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit terms and contributions.

#### ***(a) Contribution Requirements to the FPP and PPP***

Under the Georgia Legislature principle of Home Rule and the Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Section 6, the Board has the authority to administer the FPP and PPP including establishing and amending contribution requirements. The funding methods and determination of benefits payable were established by the Atlanta Code of Ordinances, Section 6 legislative acts creating the Plans, as amended, and in general, provide that funds are to be accumulated from employee contributions, City contributions, and income from the investment of accumulated funds.

Sworn personnel employed by the Fire Department and Police Department are required to contribute to the FPP and PPP. Employees must contribute either 8% of base pay, if hired after August 31, 2011, 12% of base pay if hired before September 1, 2011 without an eligible beneficiary, or 13% of base pay if hired before September 1, 2011 with an eligible beneficiary. Contribution requirements may be amended by the Board under the authority of the City ordinance, but the employer contribution requirement is subject to state minimums.

On November 1, 2011, the sworn personnel of the Fire Rescue Department and Police Department participating in the FPP and PPP and hired before September 1, 2011, or after January 1, 1984, had an increase of 5% in their mandatory contributions into the FPP and PPP. The contribution is such that the new contribution is 12% of salary (without a designated beneficiary) or 13% of salary (with a designated beneficiary). Where an Actuarial Valuation anticipates that the City's actuarially determined contribution for the next fiscal year will exceed 35% of the total payroll, contributions may be increased, by no more than 5% of compensation, in order to fund the overage.

Employees hired on or after September 1, 2011 who are sworn members of the Fire Rescue Department and Police Department are required to participate in a hybrid defined-benefit plan with a mandatory defined-contribution component. The defined-benefit portion of this plan will include a mandatory 8% employee contribution, and a 1% multiplier. The retirement age increased to age 57 for participants in the FPP and

PPP. Early Retirement Age is changed from any age (as long as vested) with penalty to age 47 for hires after September 1, 2011. Upon retirement, these participants will receive an annually calculated cost of living increase to their pension benefit that may not exceed 1% and is based upon the Consumer Price Index. Sick and vacation leave are no longer applied to retirement benefits for hires after September 1, 2011.

The following table provides the Department's contributions used in the determination of the Department's proportionate share of collective pension amounts reported (dollars in thousands).

Plan	Proportionate share of contributions	Allocation percentage of proportionate share of collective pension amount
Firefighters		
2023	\$ 5,970	23.00 %
2024	6,389	23.00
Police officers		
2023	\$ 3,278	8.00 %
2024	3,544	8.00

**(b) Description of the Benefit Terms for FPP and PPP**

In June 2011, the City Council approved changes to the benefits for the City's FPP and PPP, effective on September 1, 2011 for new hires, and November 1, 2011 for existing employees. Currently sworn personnel employed by the Fire Rescue Department and Police Department are required to contribute to the FPP and PPP.

Prior to the change approved in June 2011, the FPP and PPP provided monthly retirement benefits that initially represent 3% for each year of credited service times the participants' final average three-year earnings (limited to 80% of the average). Retirement benefits were adjusted annually based on the change in the consumer price index, limited to 3% per year. Upon the death of a vested participant who has beneficiary coverage, his or her eligible beneficiary(ies) would be entitled to three fourths of the amount the deceased participant was receiving or would have been entitled to receive. Below are the terms the FPP and PPP has established to receive benefits:

**Normal retirement age:**

- Age 65 with at least five years of service
- Age 57 with at least 15 years of service
- Age 55 with at least 15 years of service (hired before September 1, 2011)
- Age 55 with at least 10 years of service (hired before July 1, 2010)
- Any age with at least 30 years of service

For early retirement there is an adjustment of the retirement benefit being reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the participant's early retirement age precedes normal retirement age (for employees hired after August 31, 2011). The retirement benefit is reduced by 0.5% for each of the first 60 months and by 0.25% for each additional month by which the participant's early retirement age precedes the normal retirement age (for employees hired before September 1, 2011).

**Early retirement age:**

Any age with at least 10 years of creditable service (15 years of creditable service for participants hired after June 30, 2010)

Minimum age 47 with at least 15 years of creditable service for participants hired after August 31, 2011

For participants who incur a catastrophic injury in the line of duty, the basic pension formula is 100% of the top salary for the grade and position occupied by the participant at the time of disability.

For a service-connected disability for participants hired before 1986, the basic pension formula is the greater of 70% of the top salary for the employee's grade and position occupied by the participant at the time of disability or basic pension formula, offset by worker's compensation payments such that the combination of payments does not exceed 100% of the participant's salary at the time of disability.

For participants hired on or after January 1, 1986, the basic pension formula is the greater of 50% of average monthly earnings at the time of disability or basic pension formula, offset by worker's compensation payments such that the combination of payments does not exceed 75% of the participant's salary at the time of disability (payable until the earlier of recovery from disability or Normal Retirement Age).

**Pre-retirement death benefit:**

75% of the basic pension formula (payable to the eligible beneficiary upon death not in the line-of-duty)

100% of base pay offset by worker's comp or other payments (payable to the eligible beneficiary for first two years after death in the line-of-duty)

75% of the larger of the basic pension formula or 70% of top salary for the employee's grade (payable to the eligible beneficiary beginning two years after death in the line-of-duty)

75% of the basic pension formula (payable to the eligible beneficiary beginning two years after death in the line-of-duty if the employee was covered by the 1986 amendment)

***The Plans' Investments***

The investments for the Plans are made within the Public Retirement Systems Investment Authority Law of the Georgia Code (O.C.G.A. 47-20-80). The Board has been granted the authority by City Ordinance to establish and amend the Plan's investment policy. The Board is responsible for making all decisions with regard to the administration of the Plans, including the management of Plan assets, establishing the investment policy and carrying out the policy on behalf of the Plans.

The Plans' investments are managed by various investment managers under contract with the Board who have discretionary authority over the assets managed by them and within the Plan's investment guidelines as established by the Board. The investments are held in trust by the Plans' custodian in the Plans' name. These assets are held exclusively for the purpose of providing benefits to members of the Plans and their beneficiaries.

State of Georgia Code and City statutes authorize the Plans to invest in U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, obligations of a corporation of the U.S. government, the Georgia Fund 1 (a government investment pool maintained by the State of Georgia), and alternative investments. The Plans invest in repurchase agreements only when they are collateralized by U.S. government or agency obligations. The Plans are also authorized to invest in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) to maximize yields. These securities are based on cash flows from interest payments on underlying mortgages. CMOs are sensitive to prepayment by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. For example, if interest rates decline and mortgagees refinance their mortgages, thereby prepaying the mortgages underlying these securities, the cash flows from interest payments are reduced and the value of these securities declines. Likewise, if mortgagees pay on mortgages longer than anticipated, the cash flows are greater and the return on the initial investment would be higher than anticipated.

In the development of the current asset allocation plan, the Board reviews the long-term performance and risk characteristics of various asset classes, balancing the risks and rewards of market behavior, and reviewing state legislation regarding investments options. There were no changes to the investment policy in fiscal year 2024. The policy may be amended by the Board with a majority vote of its members.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized in the following tables:

**General employees'**

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic equity	42 %	6.91 %
International equity	28	7.63
Fixed income	25	1.61
Real estate	3	3.61
Alternative investments	2	9.96
	<u>100 %</u>	

**Firefighters'**

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic large-cap equity	19 %	6.91 %
Domestic mid-cap equity	12	8.91
Domestic small-cap equity	12	5.01
International equity	27	3.31
Fixed income	25	0.81
Alternative investments	5	7.51
	<u>100 %</u>	

**Police Officers'**

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic large-cap equity	19 %	6.91 %
Domestic mid-cap equity	12	8.91
Domestic small-cap equity	11	5.01
International equity	28	3.31
Fixed income	25	0.81
Alternative investments	5	7.51
Cash Equivalents	—	—
	<u>100 %</u>	

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return for General Employees', Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.0%, 11.2%, and 11.3% and 9.67%, 8.95%, and

9.77%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

***Net Pension Liability***

The total net pension liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The measurement was based on the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022 and the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021, respectively, using standard roll-forward techniques. The net pension liability at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>		
	<b>General employees'</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>	<b>Police officers'</b>
Total pension liability	\$ 2,025,127	1,181,252	1,907,764
Plan fiduciary net position	1,466,705	810,372	1,366,224
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 558,422</u>	<u>370,880</u>	<u>541,540</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.43 %	68.60 %	71.61 %

	<b>2023</b>		
	<b>General employees'</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>	<b>Police officers'</b>
Total pension liability	\$ 2,004,776	1,142,448	1,818,218
Plan fiduciary net position	1,403,948	770,228	1,275,268
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 600,828</u>	<u>372,220</u>	<u>542,950</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.03 %	67.42 %	70.14 %

The net pension liability of the General Employees', Firefighters' and Police Officers' Plans is allocated among the City's general government, the Department of Aviation, the Department of Watershed Management, and Other Non-major Enterprise Funds.

The Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2023 and 2024 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Plan	Department's proportion of the net pension liability	Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability
General employees'		
2023	11.22 %	\$ 67,413
2024	11.22	62,654
Firefighters'		
2023	23.00 %	\$ 85,610
2024	23.00	85,303
Police officers'		
2023	8.00 %	\$ 43,436
2024	8.00	43,323

***Changes in Net Pension Liability***

The changes in net pension liability for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

**General Employees'**

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,004,776	1,403,948	600,828
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	26,523	—	26,523
Interest expense	137,206	—	137,206
Difference between expected and actual investment earnings	(944)	—	(944)
Assumption changes	—	—	—
Contributions – employer	—	48,330	(48,330)
Contributions – employee	—	19,547	(19,547)
Net investment income	—	(142,434)	142,434
Benefit payments and refunds	(142,434)	138,393	(280,827)
Administrative expenses	—	(1,162)	1,162
Other	—	83	(83)
Net changes	<u>20,351</u>	<u>62,757</u>	<u>(42,406)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u><u>\$ 2,025,127</u></u>	<u><u>1,466,705</u></u>	<u><u>558,422</u></u>

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,993,306	1,672,138	321,168
<b>Changes for the year:</b>			
Service cost	26,474	—	26,474
Interest expense	136,585	—	136,585
Difference between expected and actual investment earnings	(25,224)	—	(25,224)
Assumption changes	10,772	—	10,772
Contributions – employer	—	51,750	(51,750)
Contributions – employee	—	18,552	(18,552)
Net investment income	—	(199,617)	199,617
Benefit payments and refunds	(137,137)	(137,137)	—
Administrative expenses	—	(1,838)	1,838
Other	—	100	(100)
Net changes	<u>11,470</u>	<u>(268,190)</u>	<u>279,660</u>
Balances at June 30, 2023	<u><u>\$ 2,004,776</u></u>	<u><u>1,403,948</u></u>	<u><u>600,828</u></u>

**Firefighters'**

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,142,448	770,228	372,220
<b>Changes for the year:</b>			
Service cost	11,106	—	11,106
Interest expense	75,420	—	75,420
Demographic experience	10,841	—	10,841
Assumption changes	—	—	—
Contributions – employer	—	25,956	(25,956)
Contributions – employee	—	6,993	(6,993)
Net investment income	—	66,578	(66,578)
Other income	—	—	—
Benefit payments and refunds	(58,563)	(58,563)	—
Administrative expenses	—	(820)	820
Net changes	38,804	40,144	(1,340)
Balances at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,181,252</u>	<u>810,372</u>	<u>370,880</u>

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,061,316	928,729	132,587
<b>Changes for the year:</b>			
Service cost	10,814	—	10,814
Interest expense	70,058	—	70,058
Demographic experience	(5,476)	—	(5,476)
Assumption changes	62,329	—	62,329
Contributions – employer	—	27,626	(27,626)
Contributions – employee	—	6,331	(6,331)
Net investment income	—	(134,869)	134,869
Benefit payments and refunds	(56,593)	(56,593)	—
Administrative expenses	—	(996)	996
Net changes	81,132	(158,501)	239,633
Balances at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 1,142,448</u>	<u>770,228</u>	<u>372,220</u>

**Police Officers'**

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,818,218	1,275,268	542,950
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	23,107	—	23,107
Interest expense	120,302	—	120,302
Demographic experience	30,491	—	30,491
Assumption changes	—	—	—
Contributions – employer	—	40,974	(40,974)
Contributions – employee	—	13,644	(13,644)
Net investment income	—	121,551	(121,551)
Other	—	—	—
Benefit payments and refunds	(84,354)	(84,354)	—
Administrative expenses	—	(859)	859
Net changes	89,546	90,956	(1,410)
Balances at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,907,764</u>	<u>1,366,224</u>	<u>541,540</u>

	<b>Increase (decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total pension liability</b>	<b>Plan net position</b>	<b>Net pension liability</b>
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,667,649	1,501,624	166,025
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	23,013	—	23,013
Interest expense	110,420	—	110,420
Demographic experiences	82,724	—	82,724
Assumption changes	13,509	—	13,509
Contributions – employer	—	41,500	(41,500)
Contributions – employee	—	12,969	(12,969)
Net investment income	—	(200,782)	200,782
Benefit payments and refunds	(79,097)	(79,097)	—
Administrative expenses	—	(946)	946
Net changes	150,569	(226,356)	376,925
Balances at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 1,818,218</u>	<u>1,275,268</u>	<u>542,950</u>

***Discount Rate***

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for the Plans are as indicated below. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the actuarial determined contributions rates from employers and employees. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Following are the discount rates as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

**June 30, 2024:**

<b>General employees'</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>	<b>Police officers'</b>
7.00%	6.71%	6.69%

**June 30, 2023:**

<b>General employees'</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>	<b>Police officers'</b>
7.00%	6.71%	6.69%

***Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plans, calculated using the discount rates for each Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, as well as what the Plan net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease 6.00%</b>	<b>Current discount rate 7.00%</b>	<b>1% Increase 8.00%</b>
General Employees' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 770,036	558,422	379,513
	86,398	62,654	42,581
Firefighters' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 531,594	370,880	240,065
	122,267	85,303	55,215
Police Officers' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 813,556	541,540	321,196
	65,084	43,323	25,696

	<b>2023</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease 6.00%</b>	<b>Current discount rate 7.00%</b>	<b>1% Increase 8.00%</b>
General Employees' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 813,781 91,306	600,828 67,413	420,650 47,197
Firefighters' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 529,676 121,825	372,220 85,610	244,291 56,187
Police Officers' Department's Proportionate Share	\$ 804,870 64,390	542,950 43,436	331,091 26,487

***Actuarial Assumptions***

The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate for 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	<b>General employees'</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>	<b>Police officers'</b>
Valuation date:			
2024	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2022
2023	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage, closed	Level percentage, closed	Level percentage, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years	20 years	20 years
Asset valuation method	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Inflation rate			
2024	2.25 %	2.25 %	2.25 %
2023	2.25	2.25	2.25
Salary increases			
2024	3.00	3.00 - 10.00	3.00 - 10.00
2023	3.00	3.00 - 10.00	3.00 - 10.00
Investment rate of return			
2024	7.00	6.71	6.69
2023	7.00	6.71	6.69

For the General Employees' Plan, the pre-retirement mortality assumption was based on the approximate RP-2012 Blue Collar Employee Table, loaded by 15% for males and females. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants was based on the approximate RP-2012 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table, loaded by 15% for males and females. The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on the approximate RP-2012 Disabled Retiree Table, loaded by 15% for males and females.

For the Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Plans the mortality assumption was changed from the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale AA to the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality Table with generational mortality projects using Scale MP-2020.

***Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the City recognized approximately \$200.6 million and approximately (\$140.5) million in pension expense, respectively. The Department's proportionate share of pension expense was \$26.2 million and \$18.2 million related to the Plans, respectively.

Deferred outflows of resources were related to demographic gains/losses, assumption changes, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and contributions made after the measurement date. They are amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active and inactive members, which is approximately five years, with the exception of contributions made after the measurement date which are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. The first year of amortization is recognized as pension expense with the remaining years shown as a deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources were related to assumption changes, change between projected and actual experience in the total pension liability, demographic gains/losses, and the net difference between projected and actual pension investment earnings.

See the following table for deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the pension plans for the Department (in thousands):

	2024		2023	
	Deferred outflows	Deferred inflows	Deferred outflows	Deferred inflows
<b>General Employees':</b>				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 5,472	—	5,423	—
Assumption changes	1,984	—	3,667	—
Demographic gain/loss	—	1,659	—	2,563
Changes in proportion and differences between employer's contribution and proportionate share of contributions	—	—	—	379
Net difference between projected and actual pension investment earnings	3,706	—	8,659	—
<b>Firefighters':</b>				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,389	—	5,970	—
Demographic gain/loss	11,851	5,022	13,240	7,105
Assumption changes	6,547	1,104	9,728	1,673
Net difference between projected and actual pension investment earnings	8,404	—	14,137	—
<b>Police Officers':</b>				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,544	—	3,278	—
Demographic gain/loss	6,525	1,382	6,069	2,602
Assumption changes	4,228	190	6,247	415
Net difference between projected and actual pension investment earnings	3,183	—	6,759	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 61,833</b>	<b>9,357</b>	<b>83,177</b>	<b>14,737</b>

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for each of the pension plans total \$15,405 as of June 30, 2024 and will be recognized in pension expense during the year ended June 30, 2025. The remaining amount of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions that will be recognized in pension expense by the Department during the next five years ended June 30, and thereafter are as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Net deferred outflows/ inflows</b>
<b>General Employees':</b>	
2025	\$ 595
2026	(1,670)
2027	6,066
2028	(960)
2029	—
Thereafter	—
	<b><u>\$ 4,031</u></b>
<b>Firefighters':</b>	
2025	\$ 5,202
2026	3,497
2027	11,754
2028	(84)
2029	307
Thereafter	—
	<b><u>\$ 20,676</u></b>
<b>Police Officers':</b>	
2025	\$ 2,918
2026	2,043
2027	6,543
2028	640
2029	221
Thereafter	—
	<b><u>\$ 12,365</u></b>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 37,072</u></b>

***Defined Contribution Plan***

Atlanta, Georgia Code of Ordinances Section 6-2(c) sets forth the City's General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan. The Plan provides funds at retirement for employees of the City and in the event of death, provides funds for their beneficiaries, through an arrangement by which contributions are made to the Plan by employees and the City. The current contribution of the City is 6% of employee payroll. Employees also make a mandatory pretax contribution of 6% plus have the option to contribute amounts up to the amount legally limited for retirement contributions.

Each employee directs how the funds in their retirement account shall be invested. The employee may direct lump sum distributions from their retirement account upon separation from the City, death, disability (pursuant to the City's disability retirement provisions), or retirement.

City of Atlanta has a contract with Prudential for managing the 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan, 457(b) and 457 Roth Deferred Compensation Plans (collectively, the "Contribution Plans"). Under the current contract, Prudential uses an Accumulation Net Unit Value (NUV) pricing of investments instead of the Net Asset Value (NAV). Both are units of value used to determine the daily worth of participant accounts. NAV is the measure of value for shares of a mutual fund, while NUV is the measure of value for units of a Separate Account.

All modifications to the Contribution Plan, including contribution requirements, must receive the recommendations and advice from the offices of the Chief Financial Officer and the City Attorney, respectively. Each pension law modification must be adopted by at least two-thirds vote of the City Council and be approved by the Mayor.

All new employees, hired after July 1, 2001, who previously would have been enrolled in the General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan, were enrolled in the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan.

During 2002, persons employed prior to July 1, 2001 were given the option to transfer to the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan.

Effective September 1, 2005, classified employees and certain non-classified employees pay grade 18 and below then enrolled in the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan had the one-time option of transferring to the General Employees' Pension Plan. Classified employees and certain non-classified employees pay grade 18 and below, not covered by either the Police Officers' or Firefighters' Pension Plans, hired after September 1, 2005 are required to become members of the General Employees' Pension Plan.

**Amendments to Defined Contribution Plan**

Employees hired on or after September 1, 2011, who are either sworn members of the Police Department or the Fire Rescue Department, or who are below payroll grade 19, or its equivalent, are required to participate in the mandatory defined contribution component that will include a mandatory employee contribution of 3.75% of salary and be matched 100% by the City. Additionally, these employees may voluntarily contribute up to an additional 4.25% of salary, which will also be matched 100% by the City. Employees vest in the amount of the City's contributions at a rate of 20% per year and become fully vested in the City's contributions after five years of participation.

As of June 30, 2024, there were 2,195 participants in the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan. The covered payroll for employees in the Plan was \$165.8 million. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$21.3 million and employee contributions were \$18.6 million or 23.5% of covered payroll.

As of June 30, 2023, there were 1,881 participants in the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan. The covered payroll for employees in the Plan was \$141.8 million. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$17.6 million and employee contributions were \$15.7 million or 23.5% of covered payroll.

The General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan uses the accrual basis of accounting. Investments are reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices and there were no nongovernmental individual investments exceeding 5% of the net position of the Plan.

***Other Postemployment Benefit Plan*****Plan Description**

The City of Atlanta Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to eligible retirees, dependents and their beneficiaries. The Plan was established by legislative acts and functions in accordance with existing City laws. The Plan provides members upon eligible retirement, with lifetime healthcare, prescription drug, dental, and life insurance benefits. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the OPEB Plan.

## Funding Policy

The City is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding for OPEB other than the pay-as-you-go amounts necessary to provide current benefits to retirees, eligible dependents, and beneficiaries. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the City made \$50.5 million and \$62.1 million, respectively, “pay-as-you-go” benefit payments on behalf of the Plan. Retiree contributions vary based on the plan elected, dependent coverage and Medicare eligibility. Eligible retirees receiving benefits contributed \$16.6 million and \$16.6 million in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively, through their required contributions.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department made \$5.8 million and \$7.0 million, respectively, “pay-as-you-go” payments on behalf of the Plan.

## Description of Benefit Terms

### Early Retirement:

#### *General Employees*

Any age with 10 years of creditable service (if hired prior to July 1, 2010)  
Any age with 15 years of creditable service (if hired prior to September 1, 2011)  
Age 52 with 15 years of creditable service (if hired after August 31, 2011)

#### *Police Officers and Firefighters*

Any age with 10 years of creditable service (if hired prior to July 1, 2010)  
Any age with 15 years of creditable service (if hired prior to September 1, 2011)  
Age 47 with 15 years of creditable service (if hired after August 31, 2011)

### Normal Retirement:

#### *General Employees*

Age 65 regardless of service (all employees)  
Age 60 with 5 years of service (if hired prior to July 1, 2010)  
Age 60 with 10 years of service (if hired prior to September 1, 2011)  
Age 62 with 10 years of service (if hired prior to August 31, 2011)

#### *Police Officers and Firefighters*

Any age with 30 years of service (only if covered by the 2005 Amendment)  
Age 55 with 5 years of service (if hired prior to July 1, 2010)  
Age 55 with 10 years of service (if hired prior to July 1, 2011)  
Age 57 with 10 years of service (if hired after June 30, 2011)  
Age 65 with 5 years of service (all employees)

**Benefit Types:**

Benefits: insurance.	Medical, prescription drug, dental, and life
Duration of coverage:	Lifetime.
Dependent Benefits: insurance.	Medical, prescription drug, dental, and life
Dependent Coverage:	Lifetime.

**OPEB Liability**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The measurement was based on the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022 and the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021, respectively, using standard roll-forward techniques. The City's OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 738,647	\$ 756,440
Plan fiduciary net position	—	—
<b>OPEB liability</b>	<b><u>\$ 738,647</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 756,440</u></b>

The total OPEB liability is allocated among the City's general government, the Department of Aviation, the Department of Watershed Management and Other Non-major Enterprise Funds.

The Department's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

<b>Plan Year</b>	<b>Department's proportion of the total OPEB liability</b>	<b>Department's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability</b>	
2024	10.60 %	\$ 83,517	
2023	11.38	\$ 84,685	

### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Increase (decrease)
	Total OPEB liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 756,440
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	21,429
Interest growth	26,447
Difference between expected and actual experience	29,072
Changes in assumptions	(32,618)
Benefit payments	(62,122)
Net changes	(17,792)
Balances at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 738,647</u>
	Increase (decrease)
	Total OPEB liability
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 884,363
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	31,779
Interest growth	19,190
Difference between expected and actual experience	109,226
Changes in assumptions	(232,364)
Change in benefits	—
Benefit payments	(55,754)
Net changes	(127,923)
Balances at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 756,440</u>

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.65% and 3.54% for fiscal year 2024 and 2023, respectively. The discount rate is based on a rate of return based on an index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as of the measurement date June 30, 2023 and 2022, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

	<b>2024</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease 2.65%</b>	<b>Current discount rate 3.65%</b>	<b>1% Increase 4.65%</b>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 839,128	738,647	655,969
Department's Proportionate Share	94,836	83,517	74,198

	<b>2023</b>		
	<b>1% Decrease 2.54%</b>	<b>Current discount rate 3.54%</b>	<b>1% Increase 4.54%</b>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 861,549	756,440	670,150
Department's Proportionate Share	96,370	84,685	75,080

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate as of the measurement date June 30, 2023 and 2022, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

	2024		
	1% Decrease in trend rate	Current trend rate	1% Increase in trend rate
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 650,060	738,647	847,597
Department's Proportionate Share	73,541	83,517	95,773

	2023		
	1% Decrease in trend rate	Current trend rate	1% Increase in trend rate
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 670,444	756,440	861,905
Department's Proportionate Share	75,140	84,685	96,368

### Actuarial Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the total OPEB liability for 2024 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Valuation date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Reporting date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation rate	2.25%	2.25%
Salary increases for firefighters and police	3.00%	3.00%
Salary increases for general employees	2.25%	2.25%
Discount rate	3.65%	3.54%

## Healthcare costs trend rates:

Medical (non-MA)	0.00% for 2023, 1.90% for 2024, then 7.87% graded down annually to an ultimate rate of 4.50%
Medicare Advantage (MA)	0.00% for 2023, 0.60% for 2024, then 4.50% every year after
Dental	5.59% for 2023, 0.30% for 2024, then 3.00% every year after

Mortality Rates (Healthy)	For Police and Fire Employees, Sex distinct PUB-2010 Mortality Table for public safety employees, projected generationally using Scale MP-2020. For General Employees, Sex-distinct Pri-2012 Blue Collar Healthy Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table with rates increased by 15% projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.
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## Mortality Rates:

Employee (General Employees):	Sex-distinct Pri-2012 Blue Collar Employee Amount-weighted Mortality Table with rates increased by 15% projected generationally with Scale MP-2020.
Employee (Fire and Police):	PUB-2010 Sex-Distinct Public Safety Employees Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP-2020
Healthy (General Employees):	Sex-distinct Pri-2012 Blue Collar Healthy Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table with rates increased by 15% projected generationally with Scale MP-2020.
Healthy (Fire and Police):	PUB-2010 Sex-Distinct Public Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP-2020
Disabled (General Employees):	Sex-distinct Pri-2012 Disabled Retiree Amount-weighted Mortality Table with rates increased by 15% projected generationally with Scale MP-2020.
Disabled (Fire and Police):	PUB-2010 Sex-Distinct Public Safety Employees Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP-2020

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$14.9 million and OPEB benefit of \$58.4 million, respectively. The Department's proportionate share of OPEB expense was \$131 thousand and proportionate share of OPEB benefit was \$6.6 million.

Deferred outflows of resources were related to differences between expected and actual experience. The difference between expected and actual experience is amortized over five years. The first year of amortization is recognized as OPEB expense with the remaining years shown as a deferred outflow of resources.

See the following table for deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan for the Department (dollars in thousands):

	2024		2023	
	Deferred outflows	Deferred inflows	Deferred outflows	Deferred inflows
Net difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,966	1,400	14,646	2,254
Changes of assumptions	458	25,908	884	29,144
Changes in proportionate share	1,203	4,581	301	6,485
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	5,763	—	7,007	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 21,390</b>	<b>31,889</b>	<b>22,838</b>	<b>37,883</b>

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$5,763 as of June 30, 2024, will be recognized in pension expense during the year end June 30, 2025.

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB that will be recognized in OPEB expense by the Department during the next five years ended June 30, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<b>Net deferred outflows/ inflows</b>
2025	(5,217)
2026	(5,425)
2027	(3,365)
2028	(2,393)
2026	<u>138</u>
	<b><u>(16,262)</u></b>

***Deferred Compensation Plan***

The City has adopted a deferred compensation plan in accordance with the 1997 revision of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan, available to all Department employees, allows an employee to voluntarily defer up to 25% of his/her gross compensation, not to exceed certain limits per year. Each participant selects one of three insurance providers to administer the investments of the deferred funds. All administrative costs of the plan are deducted from the participants' accounts. The plan assets are held in custodial accounts for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries, and are therefore, not included in the City's nor the Department's financial statements.

**(9) Risk Management****(a) General**

The City purchases a variety of insurance policies, including but not limited to all risks property insurance and specific liability policies. The City also purchases other distinct and separate insurance policies for the Airport, including but not limited to Airport owner's general liability, fine arts, environmental liability, excess automobile liability, and terrorism insurance policies. The policy limits are established to maximize potential recovery via insurance in the event of loss. Policy limits may range up to \$1 billion based on exposure to loss and policies are subject to a range of deductibles.

The City administers an Owner Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) that provides insurance coverage for enrolled contracts for certain capital construction projects at the Airport. The OCIP policies include general liability, workers compensation - employer liability, and excess liability insurance. The City also provides other insurance coverages for construction projects based on the specific project's scope of work. The coverages include builder's risk, contractor's pollution liability, and owners' protective professional indemnity insurance (OPPI).

The City maintains an enterprise wide cyber insurance policy for the Department of Aviation of \$10 million. This policy remains in effect from March 1, 2024, through March 1, 2025. The City is self-insured for workers' compensation, general claims liabilities, and parts of the medical and dental plan. The City pays for self-insured such claims as they become due. These claims liabilities are accounted for in the City's general fund and the applicable enterprise funds. Claims generated by governmental funds expected to be paid subsequent to one year are recorded only in the City's government-wide financial statements.

**(b) Workers' Compensation**

The City's workers' compensation liability is calculated by an outside actuary. Liabilities are reported as part of accrued expenses when it is probable a loss has occurred, and the amount can be reasonably estimated including amounts for claims incurred but not yet reported. The calculation of the present value of future workers' compensation liabilities, as calculated by the outside actuary, is based on a discount rate of 3.5% for both 2024 and 2023.

The City has an annual excess insurance policy with a \$5 million per occurrence retention with no annual aggregate coverage.

Changes in the balances of the liabilities for workers' compensation attributable to the Department during 2024, 2023, and 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Beginning of year</u>	<u>Current year claims and changes in estimates</u>	<u>Claim payments</u>	<u>End of year</u>
Workers' compensation:				
2024	\$ 4,180	—	(2,229)	1,951
2023	3,594	1,480	(894)	4,180
2022	2,401	2,088	(895)	3,594

**(c) *Health and Dental Insurance***

The City's Health plan under Anthem Point of Service and its dental (Anthem PPO High/Low option) are fully self-insured. The Kaiser HMO, Aetna Dental DHMO and UHC vision plan are fully insured. The City's health and dental liability is calculated by an outside actuary firm. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The City participates in the State Subsequent Injury Trust Fund, a public entity managed by the State of Georgia. The pool is designed to provide insurance coverage for employees who are hired with previous medical conditions. Historically, premiums have not been significant.

**(10) Commitments and Contingencies**

**(a) *Commitments***

The Department has several significant construction projects budgeted. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Department was contractually obligated to expenditures of approximately \$1.8 billion and \$1.5 billion, respectively, related to these projects.

**(b) *Grants from Other Governmental Units***

Federal governmental grants represent an important source of supplementary funding, primarily for the Airport's noise abatement program. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the Department. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Department expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

**(c) *Litigation***

The Department is subject to various lawsuits and proceedings arising in the ordinary conduct of its affairs and has been named as defendant in several lawsuits claiming personal and property damages. The City has also been named as a defendant in various lawsuits concerning alleged noise disturbance at the Airport. The City is working with most of the property owners to settle these claims through its noise abatement program, which consists of insulating homes and purchasing aviation easements. The nature of the Department's operations and the matters currently being alleged are such that similar suits may be filed in the future. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Department's financial position. As of June 30, 2024, an accrued expense of \$0.4 million is recorded. No accrued expense was reported as of June 30, 2023.

**(d) *Environmental Obligation***

In an Assignment, Assumption and Release Agreement and Claim Resolution Agreement dated February 25, 2011, the City entered into settlement agreements with Northwest Airlines and the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) to settle all claims in exchange for transfer and assumption of environmental obligations at the Leased Space formerly between Northwest Airlines and the Georgia EPD. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, a restricted current asset and accrued expense is recorded for approximately \$5.7 million and \$5.5 million, respectively.

**(11) *Subsequent Events***

The Department has evaluated subsequent events from the statement of net position date through December 17, 2024, the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined the following matter requiring disclosure.

On August 22, 2024, the City issued its Airport General Revenue Bonds Series 2024A-1 (Non-AMT) (Green Bonds) in the amount of \$228,545,000; and Airport General Revenue Bonds Series 2024A-2 (Non-AMT) in the amount of \$23,055,000; Airport General Revenue Bonds Series 2024B (AMT) in the amount of \$116,465,000. These bonds were issued to finance or refinance costs of the planning, engineering, design, acquisition, equipping and construction of all or a portion of the 2024 Project, which constitutes portion of the Department of Aviation's Capital Plan to 2030.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplemental Information

Plan	Department's proportion of the net pension liability	Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Department's covered payroll	Department's proportionate share of contributions	Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
<b>General Employees:</b>						
2015	11.49 %	\$78,999	\$16,373	\$4,842	482.51 %	62.49 %
2016	11.49	82,670	16,736	5,517	493.98	61.59
2017	11.49	91,092	17,422	6,232	522.86	58.61
2018	11.49	81,847	18,251	6,184	448.45	63.31
2019	11.49	65,720	18,471	5,964	355.80	69.46
2020	11.49	64,488	20,745	5,426	310.86	70.38
2021	11.22	67,574	19,800	5,410	341.29	68.63
2022	11.22	36,035	21,183	5,471	170.12	83.89
2023	11.22	67,413	20,785	5,806	324.33	70.03
2024	11.22	62,654	23,057	5,423	271.74	72.43
<b>Firefighters:</b>						
2015	24.30 %	\$45,640	\$10,907	\$5,019	418.45 %	77.81 %
2016	24.30	50,797	11,465	5,075	443.06	75.51
2017	24.30	60,472	11,401	3,998	530.41	71.11
2018	23.00	52,345	10,920	4,117	479.35	74.63
2019	23.00	50,356	10,801	5,033	466.20	76.64
2020	23.00	56,115	10,862	4,875	516.62	74.88
2021	23.00	63,084	11,486	3,594	549.21	72.31
2022	23.00	30,495	11,514	5,664	264.85	87.51
2023	23.00	85,611	11,322	6,354	756.15	81.29
2024	23.00	85,302	12,524	5,970	681.11	68.60
<b>Police officers:</b>						
2015	7.90 %	\$22,356	\$7,255	\$2,096	308.15 %	77.73 %
2016	7.89	24,582	7,404	2,580	331.98	75.94
2017	7.80	28,659	7,251	1,984	395.24	72.12
2018	8.00	27,397	8,383	2,199	326.82	75.44
2019	8.00	24,742	7,276	2,374	355.80	78.52
2020	8.00	24,731	7,105	2,499	348.08	79.00
2021	8.00	29,958	7,595	1,726	394.42	75.44
2022	8.00	13,282	8,200	2,857	161.98	90.04
2023	8.00	43,436	8,249	3,320	526.56	82.59
2024	8.00	43,323	8,696	3,278	498.19	71.61

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years as of the reporting date. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.



Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)  
Schedule of Employer Contributions - General Employees', Firefighters, and Police Officers' Pension Plans  
June 30, 2024 and 2023  
(In thousands)

General Employees'	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarily determined contributions	\$ 5,472	\$ 5,423	\$ 5,806	\$ 5,471	\$ 5,410	\$ 5,426	\$ 5,964	\$ 6,184	\$ 6,232	\$ 5,517
Contributions in relation to the actuarily determined contribution	5,472	5,423	5,806	5,471	5,410	5,426	5,964	6,184	6,232	5,517
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Covered payroll	\$ 24,486	\$ 23,057	\$ 20,785	\$ 21,183	\$ 19,800	\$ 20,745	\$ 18,471	\$ 18,251	\$ 17,422	\$ 16,736
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.3 %	23.5 %	27.9 %	25.8 %	27.3 %	26.2 %	32.3 %	33.9 %	35.8 %	33.0 %
Firefighters'	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarily determined contributions	\$ 6,389	\$ 5,970	\$ 6,354	\$ 5,664	\$ 3,594	\$ 4,875	\$ 5,033	\$ 4,117	\$ 3,998	\$ 5,075
Contributions in relation to the actuarily determined contribution	6,389	5,970	6,354	5,664	3,594	4,875	5,033	4,117	3,998	5,075
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Covered payroll	\$ 13,728	\$ 12,524	\$ 11,322	\$ 11,514	\$ 11,486	\$ 10,862	\$ 10,801	\$ 10,920	\$ 11,401	\$ 11,465
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	46.5 %	47.7 %	56.1 %	49.2 %	31.3 %	44.9 %	46.6 %	37.7 %	35.1 %	44.3 %
Police Officers'	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarily determined contributions	\$ 3,544	\$ 3,278	\$ 3,320	\$ 2,857	\$ 1,726	\$ 2,499	\$ 2,374	\$ 2,199	\$ 1,984	\$ 2,580
Contributions in relation to the actuarily determined contribution	3,544	3,278	3,320	2,857	1,726	2,499	2,374	2,199	1,984	2,580
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Covered payroll	9,264	\$ 8,696	\$ 8,249	\$ 8,200	\$ 7,595	\$ 7,105	\$ 7,276	\$ 8,383	\$ 7,251	\$ 7,404
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	38.3 %	37.7 %	40.2 %	34.8 %	22.7 %	35.2 %	32.6 %	26.2 %	27.4 %	34.8 %

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years as of the measurement date which is one year before the reporting date. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

	<b>Department's proportion of the total OPEB liability</b>	<b>Department's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability</b>	<b>Department's covered payroll</b>	<b>Department's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll</b>
2018	11.16	134,790	42,905	314.16
2019	12.18	115,698	46,119	250.87
2020	11.82	117,307	49,291	237.99
2021	11.48	104,542	56,874	183.81
2022	11.32	99,939	56,493	176.91
2023	11.38	84,685	47,965	176.56
2024	10.60	83,517	51,712	161.51

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

Note: There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB Plan.

**(1) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**

This schedule presents historical trend information about the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability for its employees who participate in the GEPP, PPP, and FPP (the Plans). The net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position of the Plans. Information related to previous years is not available; therefore, trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.

**(2) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Total OPEB Liability**

This schedule presents historical trend information about the Department's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability for its employees who participate in the OPEB Plan. Information related to previous years is not available; therefore, trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.

**(3) Changes of Assumptions and Benefit Terms***Changes of assumptions for Pension Plans:*

There have been no changes in benefit provisions for GASB reporting purposes as of June 30, 2024 or June 2023.

*Changes of assumptions for OPEB:*

The valuation - year per capita healthcare costs and healthcare trend assumptions were updated. The discount rate effective for June 30, 2023 and 2024 was 3.54% and 3.65%, respectively. The Medicare Part B penalty was accounted for in the total claims' costs spread among all current retirees enrolled in Medicare Advantage plans.

# Statistical Section





Unlike the financial statements, this section usually covers more than one fiscal year and presents non-accounting data. This information is presented in five categories:

**Financial Trends (Exhibits 1 and 2)** - intended to help users understand and assess how the Airport's financial position has changed over time.

**Revenue Capacity (Exhibit 3)** - intended to help users understand and assess the factors that affect the Airport's ability to generate its own source revenues.

**Debt Capacity (Exhibits 4 and 5)** - intended to help users understand and assess the Airport's debt burden and its ability to cover and issue additional debt.

**Demographic and Economic (Exhibits 6 and 7)** - intended to help users understand the socio-economic environment in which the Airport operates and to provide financial statement information over time and among similar entities.

**Operating Information (Exhibits 8 through 13)** - intended to provide contextual information about the Airport's operations and resources to help readers use financial statement information to understand and assess the Airport's economic condition.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Financial Trends



Financial Trends

	Total revenues:	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Operating revenues:											
Parking, car rental, and other concessions	\$ 265,585	285,722	293,199	316,885	325,633	238,522	134,312	238,579	292,509	362,229	
Terminal, maintenance buildings, and other rentals	130,383	124,110	126,882	144,846	158,044	146,612	159,344	109,369	156,502	205,398	
Landing fees	32,166	17,246	17,220	34,414	53,049	38,285	36,673	181	28,969	86,621	
Other	54,888	59,734	60,654	29,332	31,781	18,899	24,141	31,228	30,321	27,873	
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>483,022</b>	<b>486,812</b>	<b>497,955</b>	<b>525,477</b>	<b>568,507</b>	<b>442,318</b>	<b>354,470</b>	<b>379,357</b>	<b>508,301</b>	<b>682,121</b>	
Nonoperating revenues:											
Investment income (loss), net	22,601	21,644	4,347	10,062	78,595	67,418	11,676	(18,920)	46,044	139,173	
Passenger facility charges	187,308	201,146	199,431	202,963	209,320	154,393	90,153	185,769	189,317	203,178	
Customer facility charges, net	25,351	28,526	29,019	30,342	28,552	19,474	7,307	16,360	20,901	23,604	
Operating grants	—	—	—	—	—	80,881	114,805	183,920	416,223	—	
Other	(13,672)	(782)	(7,074)	4,698	15,542	(8,144)	(14,127)	(24,528)	(3,506)	(47,843)	
<b>Total nonoperating revenues</b>	<b>221,588</b>	<b>250,534</b>	<b>225,723</b>	<b>248,065</b>	<b>332,009</b>	<b>314,022</b>	<b>209,814</b>	<b>342,601</b>	<b>668,979</b>	<b>318,112</b>	
Capital contributions	26,851	22,505	11,521	14,515	21,599	29,615	44,956	33,180	19,549	54,473	
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>731,461</b>	<b>759,851</b>	<b>735,199</b>	<b>788,057</b>	<b>922,115</b>	<b>785,955</b>	<b>609,240</b>	<b>755,138</b>	<b>1,196,829</b>	<b>1,054,706</b>	
Total expenses:											
Operating expenses:											
Salaries and employees benefits	87,756	91,394	103,048	95,745	92,250	97,237	105,262	81,971	118,840	146,568	
Repair, maintenance, and other contractual services	124,339	138,793	139,360	147,218	158,157	158,015	150,092	165,422	185,774	193,982	
General services	18,524	18,187	18,222	21,655	23,893	23,149	22,773	23,132	28,647	25,922	
Utilities	8,983	9,270	9,025	9,584	10,201	8,105	8,141	7,854	9,210	9,875	
Materials and supplies	5,003	4,625	6,521	6,313	5,148	4,559	3,694	6,359	6,214	5,462	
Other	23,874	28,340	36,084	22,991	26,540	32,137	28,660	24,127	22,470	21,394	
Depreciation and amortization	218,732	223,330	229,983	253,554	257,512	272,495	285,808	291,581	304,278	319,363	
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>487,211</b>	<b>513,939</b>	<b>542,243</b>	<b>557,060</b>	<b>573,701</b>	<b>595,697</b>	<b>604,430</b>	<b>600,446</b>	<b>675,433</b>	<b>722,566</b>	
Operating income (loss)	(4,189)	(27,127)	(44,288)	(31,583)	(5,194)	(153,379)	(249,960)	(221,089)	(167,132)	(40,445)	
Nonoperating expenses:											
Interest expense	127,941	121,047	123,710	110,382	115,208	112,353	94,455	91,153	112,047	122,400	
Arbitrage rebate	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,705	11,392	
<b>Total nonoperating expenses</b>	<b>127,941</b>	<b>121,047</b>	<b>123,710</b>	<b>110,382</b>	<b>115,208</b>	<b>112,353</b>	<b>94,455</b>	<b>91,153</b>	<b>113,752</b>	<b>133,792</b>	
Total expenses	615,152	634,986	665,953	667,442	688,909	708,050	698,885	691,599	789,185	856,358	
Total expenses net of depreciation and amortization	396,420	416,681	435,970	413,888	431,397	435,555	413,077	400,018	484,907	536,995	
Transfer (to)/from City	(518)	—	(5,228)	(2,743)	(420)	—	(4,339)	—	(6,309)	(1,275)	
Increase in net position	\$ 115,791	124,865	64,018	117,872	232,786	77,905	(93,984)	63,539	401,335	197,073	
Prior year change in net position	\$ (158,479)	—	—	(86,629)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,147,404	3,190,333	3,318,001	3,420,727	3,538,961	3,612,986	3,626,842	3,798,439	3,904,313	4,016,413	
Restricted for capital projects and debt service	1,013,484	1,042,955	1,069,578	1,094,488	1,187,039	1,124,454	946,788	946,125	948,560	1,032,343	
Unrestricted	506,074	558,539	468,266	371,873	393,874	460,339	530,165	422,770	715,796	716,986	
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 4,666,962</b>	<b>4,791,827</b>	<b>4,855,845</b>	<b>4,887,088</b>	<b>5,119,874</b>	<b>5,197,779</b>	<b>5,103,795</b>	<b>5,167,334</b>	<b>5,568,669</b>	<b>5,765,742</b>	

Exhibit 2

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers and tenants	\$ 498,580	482,647	497,939	497,939	602,270	410,654	377,879	383,547	502,497	685,318
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(175,378)	(194,491)	(213,715)	(213,715)	(236,658)	(232,581)	(215,791)	(230,379)	(243,000)	(259,351)
Payments to employees for service	(86,274)	(91,513)	(94,262)	(94,262)	(101,425)	(103,530)	(111,425)	(115,306)	(135,367)	(147,050)
Net cash provided by operating activities	236,928	196,643	189,962	189,962	264,187	74,543	50,663	37,862	124,130	278,917
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Interest and dividends on investments	25,093	25,794	22,528	22,528	120,218	91,747	22,775	25,981	55,986	117,011
Change in restricted investments	32,782	(274,495)	(104,107)	(104,107)	(129,037)	299,019	78,156	12,035	54,542	131,388
Change in pooled investment fund	(2,738)	(52,633)	45,767	45,767	(40,903)	(48,114)	(68,234)	137,819	(321,040)	150
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities	55,137	(301,334)	(35,812)	(35,812)	(49,722)	342,652	32,697	175,835	(210,512)	248,549
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Grants received	25,451	26,552	12,459	12,459	21,492	21,648	48,238	29,137	13,927	32,742
Principal repayments of short-term and long-term obligations and capital leases	(105,115)	(116,085)	(121,480)	(121,480)	(135,512)	(1,723,454)	(617,347)	(715,466)	(506,629)	(814,231)
Acquisition, construction, and improvement of capital assets	(291,813)	(212,150)	(354,222)	(354,222)	(457,660)	(438,361)	(397,361)	(489,999)	(606,724)	(956,848)
Passenger and customer facility charges	210,332	227,522	221,016	221,016	266,874	200,036	89,145	191,687	208,127	221,149
Proceeds from intergovernmental receivable	—	—	—	—	10,751	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from short-term and long-term obligations	—	320,000	126,926	126,926	126,632	2,024,501	602,744	1,218,726	208,744	1,809,806
Interest and other fees paid on bonds	(117,723)	(134,951)	(147,070)	(147,070)	(111,621)	(134,162)	(146,206)	(157,774)	(139,975)	(169,578)
Net cash provided by (used) in capital and related financing activities	(278,868)	110,888	(262,371)	(262,371)	(279,044)	(49,792)	(420,787)	76,311	(822,530)	123,040
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities:										
Grants received	—	—	—	—	—	80,881	114,805	172,460	427,683	—
Net cash provided by in non-capital and related financing activities	—	—	—	—	—	80,881	114,805	172,460	427,683	—
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	13,197	6,197	(108,221)	(108,221)	(64,579)	448,284	(222,622)	462,468	(481,229)	650,506
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Beginning of year	616,985	630,182	636,379	636,379	428,045	363,466	811,750	589,128	1,051,596	570,367
End of year	\$ 630,182	636,379	528,158	528,158	363,466	811,750	589,128	1,051,596	570,367	1,220,873

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Note: The 2015 beginning cash balance has been adjusted to reflect the reclassification of certain cash and cash equivalent balances as investments.

Note: This schedule does not include the amount of equity in the cash management pool.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Revenue Capacity



Revenue Capacity



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

**Exhibit 3**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Landing fees:										
Signatory	\$ 31,893	17,034	16,971	34,138	52,625	37,866	36,183	—	28,517	85,699
Nonsignatory and other	273	212	249	276	424	419	490	181	452	922
Total landing fees	<b>32,166</b>	<b>17,246</b>	<b>17,220</b>	<b>34,414</b>	<b>53,049</b>	<b>38,285</b>	<b>36,673</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>28,969</b>	<b>86,621</b>
CPTC Rentals:										
Central Terminal Building and Apron	64,227	64,172	64,414	180,304	225,901	176,148	153,891	111,163	154,919	228,814
Central Terminal Tenant Finishes	72,631	67,846	75,198	23,314	5,943	5,952	5,943	5,940	5,885	5,717
Airline Credits	(54,060)	(58,920)	(61,167)	(108,255)	(123,505)	(82,307)	(48,502)	(68,825)	(71,547)	(100,041)
Total CPTC Rentals	<b>82,798</b>	<b>73,098</b>	<b>78,445</b>	<b>95,363</b>	<b>108,339</b>	<b>99,793</b>	<b>111,332</b>	<b>48,278</b>	<b>89,257</b>	<b>134,490</b>
CPTC cost recoveries:										
Operations charge	18,564	17,376	18,600	6,067	—	—	—	—	—	—
Automated Guideway Transit System	13,715	15,239	15,075	4,097	—	—	—	—	—	—
Insurance premium reimbursement	747	748	714	105	—	—	—	—	—	—
MHJIT O&M	2,066	2,859	3,501	540	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total cost recoveries	<b>35,092</b>	<b>36,222</b>	<b>37,890</b>	<b>10,809</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
Concession revenues:										
Terminal concessions	101,753	110,787	113,874	115,989	121,060	87,887	28,539	33,491	61,433	127,370
Communication services and other	1,152	1,515	1,348	1,325	1,326	1,315	1,300	1,309	1,342	1,375
Parking	124,047	132,090	131,895	147,609	147,410	107,378	65,807	148,382	164,478	165,816
Car rentals	36,347	38,812	40,359	42,010	43,607	32,001	33,423	45,636	53,039	54,030
Ground transportation	2,286	2,518	5,723	9,952	12,230	9,941	5,243	9,761	12,218	13,638
Total concessions revenues	<b>265,585</b>	<b>285,722</b>	<b>293,199</b>	<b>316,885</b>	<b>325,633</b>	<b>238,522</b>	<b>134,312</b>	<b>238,579</b>	<b>292,510</b>	<b>362,229</b>
Other revenues:										
Landside rentals	12,030	11,885	9,236	8,475	8,358	7,094	7,160	6,805	7,707	7,334
Airside rentals	35,555	39,127	39,201	41,008	43,173	40,925	42,117	55,261	60,106	64,522
Other income	6,382	9,301	7,363	5,158	12,902	1,856	2,714	9,818	8,840	6,641
Total other revenues	<b>53,967</b>	<b>60,313</b>	<b>55,800</b>	<b>54,641</b>	<b>64,433</b>	<b>49,875</b>	<b>51,991</b>	<b>71,884</b>	<b>76,653</b>	<b>78,497</b>
Non-Airline Cost Recoveries:										
SkyTrain and Rental Car Center	6,985	7,120	7,905	7,382	7,901	7,443	8,375	9,253	9,792	9,412
Rental Car Center O&M	6,429	7,091	7,496	5,983	9,152	8,400	11,786	11,182	11,121	10,872
Total Non-Airline Cost Recoveries	<b>13,414</b>	<b>14,211</b>	<b>15,401</b>	<b>13,365</b>	<b>17,053</b>	<b>15,843</b>	<b>20,161</b>	<b>20,435</b>	<b>20,913</b>	<b>20,284</b>
Revenues	<b>\$ 483,022</b>	<b>486,812</b>	<b>497,955</b>	<b>525,477</b>	<b>568,507</b>	<b>442,318</b>	<b>354,470</b>	<b>379,357</b>	<b>508,301</b>	<b>682,121</b>
Airline rates and charges:										
Signatory landing fee rate (per 1,000 lbs.)	\$ 0.81662	0.28666	0.28687	0.74770	0.76270	0.95130	0.95130	—	0.49730	1.39330
Enplaned passengers	49,056,316	51,807,372	52,097,740	52,562,196	54,531,948	39,747,596	24,928,472	44,860,920	49,693,702	53,681,363
Cost per enplaned passenger	2.86	2.38	2.50	2.61	2.81	3.33	5.71	1.04	2.27	3.93

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Note: Enplaned passengers for 2021 and 2023 were revised in 2022 and 2024, respectively.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Debt Capacity



Debt Capacity

**Exhibit 4**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Revenues:</b>										
Operating revenues – receipts from customers and tenants	\$ 498,580	482,647	497,939	533,809	602,270	410,654	377,879	383,547	502,497	685,318
Investment income	14,372	17,145	14,787	15,311	17,189	17,218	9,386	9,501	25,248	45,809
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>512,952</b>	<b>499,792</b>	<b>512,726</b>	<b>549,120</b>	<b>619,459</b>	<b>427,872</b>	<b>387,265</b>	<b>393,048</b>	<b>527,745</b>	<b>731,127</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>										
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	175,378	194,491	213,715	184,925	236,658	232,581	215,791	230,379	243,000	259,351
Payments to or on behalf of employees	86,274	91,513	94,262	96,797	101,425	103,530	111,425	115,306	135,367	147,050
Other payments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Additions from CIP reconciliations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>261,652</b>	<b>286,004</b>	<b>307,977</b>	<b>281,722</b>	<b>338,083</b>	<b>336,111</b>	<b>327,216</b>	<b>345,685</b>	<b>378,367</b>	<b>406,401</b>
Adjustment: Major Maintenance Expenditures – Planning and Development	36,463	45,572	43,852	32,868	21,664	27,404	25,642	26,785	22,459	16,782
Adjustment: Expenses paid from COVID-19 Relief Grant Funds	—	—	—	—	—	34,836	10,561	93,237	256,609	—
<b>Net revenues</b>	<b>\$ 287,763</b>	<b>259,360</b>	<b>248,601</b>	<b>300,266</b>	<b>303,040</b>	<b>154,001</b>	<b>96,252</b>	<b>167,385</b>	<b>428,446</b>	<b>341,508</b>
General revenue bond debt service requirements	\$ 153,298	168,552	167,951	167,964	168,449	171,957	136,262	91,535	116,683	157,111
General revenue bond debt service paid from PFC revenues	—	42,675	28,318	25,310	26,480	25,583	8,342	8,600	6,618	24,803
General revenue bond debt paid from COVID-19 Relief Grant Funds	—	—	—	—	—	46,045	101,890	82,935	110,065	—
General revenue bond debt paid from net revenues	\$ 153,298	125,877	139,633	142,654	141,969	100,329	26,030	—	—	132,308
Debt service coverage on general revenue bond debt service paid from net revenues	1.88	2.06	1.78	2.10	2.13	1.53	3.70	N/A	N/A	2.58

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total Debt Service paid from net revenues (GARB only)	\$ 153,298	125,877	139,757	142,654	141,969	100,329	26,030	—	—	132,308
Total Operating Expenses net of										
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 268,479	290,609	312,260	303,506	316,189	323,202	318,622	308,865	371,155	403,203
Debt Service per Enplaned Passenger:										
Enplaned Passenger	49,056	51,807	52,098	52,562	54,532	39,748	24,928	44,861	49,694	53,681
Debt Service per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 3.12	2.43	2.68	2.71	2.60	2.52	1.04	—	—	2.46
Outstanding Debt per Enplaned Passenger:										
Outstanding Debt (GARB, PFC and CFC)	\$ 2,978,917	3,145,561	3,007,984	2,865,383	2,417,047	3,060,046	2,867,238	3,354,036	3,234,294	3,680,548
Enplaned Passengers	49,056	51,807	52,098	52,562	54,532	39,748	24,928	44,861	49,694	53,681
Outstanding Debt per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 60.72	60.72	57.74	54.51	44.32	76.99	115.02	74.77	65.08	68.56

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Note: Enplaned passengers for 2021 and 2023 were revised in 2022 and 2024, respectively.



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Demographic and Economic Information



Demographic and Economic Information

Calendar year	Population (2)	Personal income (in thousands) (3)	Per capita personal income (4)	Annual average unemployment rate (5)
2014	5,615,364	\$ 244,065,812	\$ 43,464	6.7 %
2015	5,710,795	257,509,958	45,092	5.6
2016	5,789,700	274,129,130	47,348	4.8
2017	5,884,736	292,220,800	49,657	4.0
2018	5,949,951	312,213,493	52,473	3.8
2019	6,020,364	328,450,133	54,557	3.2
2020	6,087,762	357,795,984	58,773	6.9
2021	6,144,050	388,423,431	63,219	3.9
2022	6,222,106	398,880,945	64,107	2.9
2023	6,307,261	422,016,040	66,910	3.1

## Source:

1. The Atlanta metropolitan area or metro Atlanta, officially designated by the Office of Management and Budget as the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell Metropolitan Statistical Area, spans 29 counties in north Georgia. [<https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/metro-micro>]
2. Population figures for 2014-2023 are annual estimates by the U.S. Census Bureau. All population figures are based on the 29 county Atlanta MSA delineation. [<http://www.census.gov/>]
3. 2014 through 2022 data from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis last updated in November 2023. Note: 2023 is an estimate based on compound annual growth rate between 2012 and 2022. [<http://www.bea.gov/regional/bearfacts/>]
4. Per capita personal income is calculated by dividing personal income by population multiplied by 1000.
5. Unemployment Rate data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) [<http://www.bls.gov/>]

**Exhibit 7**

	Product/Service	2023 (1)		Percentage of Total MSA Employment	2010 (2)		Percentage of Total MSA Employment
		Number of Employees	Rank		Number of Employees	Rank	
Delta Air Lines	Transportation	42,300	1	1.36 %	27,000	1	1.19 %
Piedmont Healthcare	Healthcare	26,981	2	0.87	6,113	9	0.27
Northside Hospital	Healthcare	25,052	3	0.81	5,540	10	0.24
Publix Super Markets Inc.	Grocery	22,785	4	0.73	9,453	3	0.42
The Home Depot (3)	Retail	21,310	5	0.69	9,000	4	0.40
Walmart (4)	Retail	20,532	6	0.66	26,000	2	1.15
AT&T Services, Inc (3)	Telecommunication	11,000	7	0.35	N/A	N/A	N/A
United Parcel Service Inc.	Transportation	10,900	8	0.35	6,285	8	0.28
Children's Healthcare of Atlanta	Healthcare	8,734	9	0.28	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cox Enterprises	Media/Entertainment	8,146	10	0.26	6,746	6	0.30
Truist Bank (5)	Banking	7,594	11	0.24	N/A	N/A	N/A
Northeast Georgia Health System	Healthcare	7,404	12	0.24	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Farm	Insurance	7,262	13	0.23	N/A	N/A	N/A
WellStar Health System Inc.(3)	Healthcare	7,200	14	0.23	8,583	5	0.38
Grady Health System	Healthcare	6,836	15	0.22	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bank of America (3)	Banking	5,100	16	0.16	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lockheed Martin Aeronautics, Co.	Manufacturing	5,000	17	0.16	N/A	N/A	N/A
Warner Bros. Discovery (6)	Media/Entertainment	4,947	18	0.16	6,702	7	0.30
Argenbright Holdings LLC	Aviation and Security	4,474	19	0.14	N/A	N/A	N/A
Deloitte	Financial Services	4,134	20	0.13	N/A	N/A	N/A
		257,691		8.29	111,422		4.91
Other Employees (7)		2,850,827		91.71	2,156,478		95.09
		<u>3,108,518</u>		<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>2,267,900</u>		<u>100.00 %</u>

Source:

1. 2023 Largest Employers, Atlanta Business Chronicle, Book of Lists, 2023-2024; pg 159
2. 2010 Largest Employers, Atlanta Business Chronicle, Book of Lists, 2011-2012.
3. The Home Depot, AT&T, Wellstar and Bank of America are from the Metro Atlanta Chamber Top Employers (2022-2023) list.
4. Walmart's employee total is from the company's latest response to the Metro Atlanta Chamber's employer survey for 2014.
5. Truist Bank employee totals are from the 2019-2020 Atlanta Business Chronicle, Book of Lists.
6. Warner Bros. Discovery's employee totals are from the 2022-2023 Atlanta Business Chronicle, Book of Lists.
7. [www.bls.gov/data/Tools/Unemployment/Local Area Unemployment Statistics/Top picks/Georgia/Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell](http://www.bls.gov/data/Tools/Unemployment/Local Area Unemployment Statistics/Top picks/Georgia/Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell).



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Operating Information



Operating Information

**Exhibit 8**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Aircraft operations:</b>										
<b>Domestic:</b>										
Air carrier	683,105	722,372	710,856	713,731	731,138	593,836	537,926	619,372	649,443	698,304
Air taxi	103,858	91,128	93,542	84,492	84,223	69,268	42,842	46,920	27,877	8,651
General aviation	7,555	7,612	7,978	7,462	7,495	5,524	3,903	6,286	6,523	6,605
Military	528	345	178	166	178	241	265	294	203	266
<b>Sub total</b>	<b>795,046</b>	<b>821,457</b>	<b>812,554</b>	<b>805,851</b>	<b>823,034</b>	<b>668,869</b>	<b>584,936</b>	<b>672,872</b>	<b>684,046</b>	<b>713,826</b>
<b>International:</b>										
Air carrier	75,335	76,026	76,651	78,434	78,249	54,448	31,419	52,636	64,275	76,820
<b>Total</b>	<b>870,381</b>	<b>897,483</b>	<b>889,205</b>	<b>884,285</b>	<b>901,283</b>	<b>723,317</b>	<b>616,355</b>	<b>725,508</b>	<b>748,321</b>	<b>790,646</b>
<b>Passengers:</b>										
<b>Domestic:</b>										
Enplaned	43,630,709	46,091,894	46,226,593	46,424,605	48,225,191	35,599,784	23,407,815	40,759,329	43,948,476	46,665,571
Deplaned	43,721,712	46,120,783	46,245,107	46,471,637	48,286,137	35,613,456	23,421,962	40,855,311	44,044,835	46,827,789
<b>Sub total</b>	<b>87,352,421</b>	<b>92,212,677</b>	<b>92,471,700</b>	<b>92,896,242</b>	<b>96,511,328</b>	<b>71,213,240</b>	<b>46,829,777</b>	<b>81,614,640</b>	<b>87,993,311</b>	<b>93,493,360</b>
<b>International:</b>										
Enplaned	5,425,607	5,715,478	5,871,147	6,137,591	6,306,757	4,147,812	1,520,657	4,101,591	5,745,226	7,015,792
Deplaned	5,489,021	5,761,333	5,915,765	6,174,267	6,310,209	4,382,461	1,460,794	4,075,085	5,757,312	7,006,785
<b>Sub total</b>	<b>10,914,628</b>	<b>11,476,811</b>	<b>11,786,912</b>	<b>12,311,858</b>	<b>12,616,966</b>	<b>8,530,273</b>	<b>2,981,451</b>	<b>8,176,676</b>	<b>11,502,538</b>	<b>14,022,577</b>
<b>Total enplaned</b>	<b>49,056,316</b>	<b>51,807,372</b>	<b>52,097,740</b>	<b>52,562,196</b>	<b>54,531,948</b>	<b>39,747,596</b>	<b>24,928,472</b>	<b>44,860,920</b>	<b>49,693,702</b>	<b>53,681,363</b>
<b>Total passengers</b>	<b>98,267,049</b>	<b>103,689,488</b>	<b>104,258,612</b>	<b>105,208,100</b>	<b>109,128,294</b>	<b>79,743,513</b>	<b>49,811,228</b>	<b>89,791,316</b>	<b>99,495,849</b>	<b>107,515,937</b>

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Note: Passenger data for 2021 and 2023 were revised in 2022 and 2024 respectively.

**Exhibit 9**

<b>Year end</b>	<b>Signatory Airlines</b>	<b>Nonsignatory Airlines</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Annual percent change</b>
2015	58,201,000	179,000	58,380,000	1.8 %
2016	59,951,000	133,000	60,084,000	2.9
2017	59,848,000	166,000	60,014,000	(0.1)
2018	59,992,000	149,000	60,141,000	0.2
2019	61,735,000	219,000	61,954,000	3
2020	51,874,000	280,000	52,154,000	(15.8)
2021	42,605,000	511,000	43,116,000	(17.3)
2022	54,537,000	603,000	55,140,000	27.9
2023	57,444,000	567,000	58,011,000	5.2
2024	61,690,000	483,000	62,173,000	7.2

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

<b>Year end</b>	<b>Cargo</b>	<b>Mail</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Annual percent change</b>
2015	576,326	48,001	624,327	3.8 %
2016	584,903	41,179	626,082	0.3
2017	631,730	41,480	673,210	7.5
2018	663,859	40,717	704,576	4.7
2019	638,490	38,288	676,778	(3.9)
2020	561,364	31,770	593,134	(12.4)
2021	638,396	47,688	686,084	15.7
2022	693,277	36,769	730,046	6.4
2023	582,937	29,333	612,270	(16.1)
2024	593,836	8,445	602,281	(1.6)

Source: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Note: Cargo data for 2021 was revised in 2022.

Mainline Airlines	Regional Airlines	Foreign Flag Airlines	All Cargo Airlines
Alaska Airlines	Endeavor Air	Aeromexico	ABX
American Airlines	Envoy Air	Air Canada	Air Transport International
Avelo Airlines	Republic Airlines	Air France	Asiana Cargo
Delta Air Lines	SkyWest Airlines	British Airways	Atlas Air
Frontier Airlines	Southern Airways	Copa Airlines	Cargolux Airlines
JetBlue Airways	Sun Country Airlines	Ethiopian Airlines	Cathay Pacific Airways
Southwest Airlines		KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	Challenge Airlines
Spirit Airlines		Korean Air	China Airlines
United Airlines		LATAM Airlines	China Cargo Airlines
		Lufthansa German Airlines	DHL Worldwide Express
		Qatar Airways	EVA Air Cargo
		Scandinavian Airlines	FedEx
		Turkish Airlines	Kalitta Air
		Virgin Atlantic Airways	Korean Air Cargo
		WestJet Airlines	Lufthansa Cargo
			Qatar Airways
			Turkish Airlines
			UPS Air Cargo

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

## Exhibit 12

Department	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Airport Maintenance	186	186	183	183	183	183	185	205	202	219
Airport Operations	71	75	76	89	88	88	88	90	61	71
Commercial Properties	7	7	6	9	8	9	8	14	43	15
Concessions	15	15	22	23	23	22	24	24	24	40
Customer Service	8	9	9	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Executive Administration	24	48	39	45	49	50	58	36	37	38
Finance	35	41	40	41	40	40	41	39	39	37
Human Resources	1	1	3	4	4	4	1	1	—	—
Information Technology	43	46	47	50	51	48	51	51	52	63
Internal Audit	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Marketing	17	12	11	12	15	15	24	16	14	14
Planning and Development	111	111	114	102	102	99	84	72	92	83
Public Safety	541	547	549	622	638	636	640	649	674	689
Purchasing	9	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other City of Atlanta Depts	71	73	84	89	93	86	79	82	87	88
Total	1,143	1,184	1,187	1,280	1,305	1,291	1,294	1,290	1,336	1,368

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation

Official name	Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport
Airport code	ATL
Ownership/operator	City of Atlanta/Department of Aviation
Distance from downtown Atlanta	10 miles (16.2 kilometers)
Elevation above sea level	1,026 feet (316 meters)
Total airport area	4,700 acres (1,902 hectares)
Terminal complex	The terminal complex measures approximately 7.7 million square feet, or 176 acres. The complex includes the terminal building and concourses T, A, B, C, and D; and the international terminal building and concourses E and F. Within these concourses, there are 156 domestic and 40 international gates. The Airport is free of any architectural barriers to people with disabilities.
Runways	<p>There are five parallel runways in an east-west configuration:</p> <p>8R-26L is 9,999 feet long (3,048 meters)</p> <p>8L-26R is 9,000 feet long (2,743 meters)</p> <p>9R-27L is 9,000 feet long (2,743 meters)</p> <p>9L-27R is 12,390 feet long (3,776 meters)</p> <p>10-28 is 9,000 feet long (2,743 meters)</p>
Parking capacity	There are 30,918 public parking spaces which includes 14,616 walkable Domestic and International parking deck spaces in close proximity of the terminals, 1582 Walkable Economy spaces, 5,772 parking deck spaces with access to the terminal by train, and 8,948 Domestic and International Terminal Park-Ride shuttle spaces. Special parking spaces are provided for ADA customers in each facility within close proximity.
Ground transportation	The Ground Transportation Center (GTC) is located at the west end of the terminal building, and outside of the north and south baggage claim areas. Within the GTC are local and regional shared-ride shuttles that offer door-to-door reservation and on-demand service to hotels, convention centers, businesses, and residences from the 5 Atlanta metropolitan counties of Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Fulton, and Gwinnett and to bordering states. The taxi staging area is located along the west curb in the GTC. Rideshare or Transportation Network Company (TNC) service is also available and accessible from the north and south lower level curbside of the airport's terminal building.
	The Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority (MARTA) station is located at the west end of the terminal between the north and south baggage claims areas.
Rental car center	The Rental Car Center (RCC) is a convenient, state-of-the-art, 67.5-acre facility that houses all rental car company operations and vehicles. The RCC includes two four-story parking decks, more than 8,700 parking spaces and a 137,000 square-foot customer service center. The rental car center features 12 rental car brands – ACE, Alamo, Avis, Budget, Dollar, Enterprise, Europcar, Hertz, National, Payless, SIXT, and Thrifty.
ATL SkyTrain	The ATL SkyTrain is the Airport's elevated automated people mover system that provides transportation between the main terminal, Georgia International Convention Center (GICC), Gateway Center hotels, ATL West Parking Deck and the Rental Car Center (RCC). The SkyTrain system operates 24 hours each day, and consists of 6 two car vehicles, nearly 3 miles of guideway, 6 stations, and a maintenance facility. Each two-car train carries 100 passengers and their baggage.
The Plane Train®	The Plane Train® is the Airport's underground automated people mover system that carries passengers and their baggage, provides transportation between the domestic terminal, international terminal and seven concourses. The Plane Train® operates 20 hours a day with a four-hour/daily maintenance period, and consists of 59 vehicles, a 4.0 mile loop track, 16 stations, and two maintenance facilities. Each train consists of four cars and carries approximately 300 passengers and their baggage.

**Exhibit 13**

Concessions	There are more than 395 concession outlets throughout the Airport, including 159 for food and beverage, 143 for retail and convenience, 2 duty-free stores, and 91 service outlets, including a Common Use Lounge, Banking Center, Georgia Lottery location, shoeshine, ATMs, currency exchange, vending machines, spas, sleep units and biometric screening locations.
Cargo and airfield assets	There are three main airfield complexes: North, South, and Midfield, occupying 7.6 million square feet spread over 198 acres. This includes cargo facilities, airline support and maintenance facilities, fixed base operations, and fuel farms. Cargo facility assets include cargo operations in all three complexes, including ATL cargo warehouse facilities in the North and South complex, a USDA propagated plant inspection station, and 28 parking positions for cargo aircraft, 20 at the North complex and 14 at the South complex.
Employment	The Airport is considered to be the largest employment center in the State of Georgia. Collectively, there are approximately 63,000 airline, ground transportation, concessionaire, security, federal government, City of Atlanta, and airport tenant employees at the Airport.
Economic impact	The total airport payroll is estimated to be \$4.5 billion annually, resulting in direct and indirect economic impact of approximately \$6.7 billion on the local and regional economy.
	The direct regional economic impact of the airport in total business revenue is estimated to be more than \$46.9 billion annually, with an indirect and induced impact of \$35.5 billion annually. Including these indirect and induced effects, the total economic impact of the airport is \$82.4 billion annually.

Sources: City of Atlanta, Department of Aviation





An enterprise fund of the City of Atlanta, Georgia  
6000 North Terminal Parkway . Suite 4000 . Atlanta, GA 30320



**EXHIBIT C**

**LIST OF AFFECTED DEBT**

**\$206,565,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**  
**SERIES 2023B-1 (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M F95  
04780M G29  
04780M G37  
04780M G45  
04780M G52  
04780M G60  
04780M G78  
04780M G86  
04780M G94  
04780M H28  
04780M H36  
04780M H44  
04780M H51  
04780M H69  
04780M H77  
04780M H85  
04780M H93  
04780M J26  
04780M J34  
04780M J42  
04780M J59  
04780M J67  
04780M J75

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<sup>†</sup> Initial CUSIP® numbers were assigned to the Affected Debt by an organization not affiliated with the City or its agents or counsel and are included for the convenience of the owners of the Affected Debt only at the time of original issuance of the Affected Debt. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. Neither the City or its agents or counsel is responsible for the selection, use or accuracy of the CUSIP® numbers nor is any representation made as to their correctness with respect to the Affected Debt as included herein or at any time in the future. The CUSIP® number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Affected Debt as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Affected Debt.

**\$27,365,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**  
**SERIES 2023B-2 (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M J91  
04780M K24  
04780M K32  
04780M K40  
04780M K57  
04780M K65  
04780M K73  
04780M K81  
04780M K99  
04780M L23  
04780M L31  
04780M L49  
04780M L56  
04780M L64  
04780M L72  
04780M L80  
04780M L98  
04780M M22  
04780M M30  
04780M M48  
04780M M55  
04780M M63  
04780M M71

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<sup>†</sup> Initial CUSIP® numbers were assigned to the Affected Debt by an organization not affiliated with the City or its agents or counsel and are included for the convenience of the owners of the Affected Debt only at the time of original issuance of the Affected Debt. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. Neither the City or its agents or counsel is responsible for the selection, use or accuracy of the CUSIP® numbers nor is any representation made as to their correctness with respect to the Affected Debt as included herein or at any time in the future. The CUSIP® number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Affected Debt as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Affected Debt.

**\$30,080,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**  
**SERIES 2023C (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M M97  
04780M N21  
04780M N39  
04780M N47  
04780M N54  
04780M N62  
04780M N70  
04780M N88  
04780M N96  
04780M P29  
04780M P37  
04780M P45  
04780M P52  
04780M P60  
04780M P78  
04780M P86  
04780M P94  
04780M Q28  
04780M Q36  
04780M Q44  
04780M Q51

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**\$88,500,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS**  
**SERIES 2023F (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M Q69  
04780M Q77  
04780M Q85  
04780M Q93  
04780M R27  
04780M R35  
04780M R43  
04780M R50  
04780M R68

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**\$59,160,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS**  
**SERIES 2023G (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M R76  
04780M R84  
04780M R92  
04780M S26  
04780M S34  
04780M S42

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**\$177,560,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**  
**SERIES 2022A (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M A66  
04780M A74  
04780M A82  
04780M A90  
04780M B24  
04780M B32  
04780M B40  
04780M B57  
04780M B65  
04780M B73  
04780M B81  
04780M B99  
04780M C23  
04780M C31  
04780M C49  
04780M C56  
04780M C64  
04780M C72  
04780M C80  
04780M C98

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**\$204,810,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS**  
**SERIES 2022B (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M D48  
04780M D55  
04780M D63  
04780M D71  
04780M D89  
04780M D97  
04780M E21  
04780M E39  
04780M E47  
04780M E54  
04780M E62  
04780M E70  
04780M E88  
04780M E96  
04780M F20  
04780M F38  
04780M F46  
04780M F53  
04780M F61  
04780M F79

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**\$44,305,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2021A (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M XQ7  
04780M XR5  
04780M XS3  
04780M XT1  
04780M XU8  
04780M XV6  
04780M XW4  
04780M XX2  
04780M XY0  
04780M XZ7  
04780M YA1  
04780M YB9  
04780M YC7  
04780M YD5  
04780M YE3  
04780M YF0  
04780M YG8  
04780M YH6

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**\$129,985,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2021B (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M YM5  
04780M YN3  
04780M YP8  
04780M YQ6  
04780M YR4  
04780M YS2  
04780M YT0  
04780M YU7  
04780M YV5  
04780M YW3  
04780M YX1  
04780M YY9  
04780M YZ6  
04780M ZA0  
04780M ZB8  
04780M ZC6  
04780M ZD4  
04780M ZE2

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**\$161,580,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2021C (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M ZJ1  
04780M ZK8  
04780M ZL6  
04780M ZM4  
04780M ZN2  
04780M ZP7  
04780M ZQ5  
04780M ZR3  
04780M ZS1  
04780M ZT9  
04780M ZU6  
04780M ZV4  
04780M ZW2  
04780M ZX0  
04780M ZY8  
04780M ZZ5  
04780M A25  
04780M A33

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**\$238,530,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2020A (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M WX3  
04780M WY1  
04780M WZ8  
04780M XA2  
04780M XB0  
04780M XC8

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**\$126,070,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2020B (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M XE4  
04780M XF1  
04780M XG9  
04780M XH7  
04780M XJ3  
04780M XL8  
04780M XK0

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**\$47,150,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2019A (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M UJ6  
04780M UK3  
04780M UL1  
04780M UM9  
04780M UN7  
04780M UP2  
04780M UQ0  
04780M UR8  
04780M US6  
04780M UT4  
04780M UU1  
04780M UV9  
04780M UW7  
04780M UX5  
04780M UY3  
04780M UZ0  
04780M VA4

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**\$254,215,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2019B (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M VF3  
04780M VG1  
04780M VH9  
04780M VJ5  
04780M VK2  
04780M VL0  
04780M VM8  
04780M VN6  
04780M VP1  
04780M VQ9  
04780M VR7  
04780M VS5  
04780M VT3  
04780M VU0  
04780M VV8  
04780M VW6  
04780M VX4

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**\$100,585,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS,**  
**SERIES 2019E (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M WD7  
04780M WE5  
04780M WF2  
04780M WG0  
04780M WH8  
04780M WJ4  
04780M WK1  
04780M WL9  
04780M WM7  
04780M WN5  
04780M WP0  
04780M WQ8  
04780M WR6  
04780M WS4  
04780M WT2  
04780M WU9  
04780M WV7

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**\$141,005,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS**  
**SERIES 2014B (NON-AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M TD1  
04780M TE9  
04780M TF6  
04780M TG4  
04780M TH2  
04780M TJ8  
04780M TK5  
04780M TL3  
04780M TM1

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**\$181,175,000**  
**CITY OF ATLANTA**  
**AIRPORT GENERAL REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS**  
**SERIES 2014C (AMT)**

**Initial**  
**CUSIP Numbers<sup>†</sup>**

04780M TY5  
04780M TZ2  
04780M UA5  
04780M UB3  
04780M UC1  
04780M UD9

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